Everybody Takes His Hat Off to the Bee,

And acknowledges the fact that its columns always contains: The first news, The best news, The most news. Ten cents a week will keep you posted.

The Bee.

David B. Hill has Taken the Stump.

He makes a rousing address and declares for Cleveland and Stevenson and tariff reform. The campaign in New York is now on. Read the Bee and keep posted. Ten cents a week.

VOL XVII. NO. 131. TOLEDO, OHIO, TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 20, 1892. LAST EDITION. TWO CENTS.

IN THE BEE TO-DAY

WEATHER INDICATIONS.

U. S. Department of Agriculture, Weather Bureau, Toledo, O., September 20, 1892.

An area of high barometric pressure dominates the lake region and the Atlantic coast, causing fair and cool weather throughout this territory with very little rain east of the Mississippi river, with only one exception, Charleston, where over two inches of rain fell in the past 24 hours. West of the Mississippi the weather is also generally fair and no rain has fallen in the past 24 hours, but the temperature is in marked contrast to the eastern portion of the country, being high for this time of the year, and is caused by an area of low barometric pressure central in Montana and North Dakota. This low has caused east and southeast winds to prevail as far east as the lower lake region. As yet the low has developed no rain, but as it advances eastward rain is probable in the upper lake region, with possible high winds.

In this vicinity fair and warmer weather will favor us to-day, and it depends on the development of the low in the west during the next 24 hours whether it rains here to-morrow. W. E. DONALDSON, Assistant Observer.

Forecast for Ohio—Showers in southern portions; fair, followed by showers in northern portions Wednesday or Wednesday night; easterly winds, warmer by Wednesday night or Thursday.

For Indiana and Illinois—Showers Wednesday; warmer in northern portions; east to south winds.

For upper Michigan—Fair, followed by showers Wednesday or eWdnesday night; warmer east to south winds.

For lower Michigan—Fair, followed by showers Wednesday or Wednesday night; warmer; brisk southeasterly winds.

For Wisconsin—Showers; warmer; brisk southeasterly winds.

LOCAL.

Burnett house closes.
Matters in labor circles.
Gas trustees receive bids.
Court docket for next week.
Aldermanic session last night.
Doings at police headquarters.
Movement to quash indictment.
To talk quarantine regulations.
What is going on at the theaters.
Semi-annual statement of taxes.
Central Ohio M. E. conference program.
Hon. C. A. Flickinger called to New York.

TELEGRAPHIC.

Cholera news.
Sporting gossip.
Grand Army boys.
Trade in England.
Garfield park troubles.
Telegraphers to strike.
Powder train explodes.
Wisconsin gerrymander.
Senator Hill's opening speech.

Tie-Ups

Are taking place on many of the railroads. Here's one that is not only profitable, but eminently right. Tie your Patronage to Reputation. We have been in business so long we know our statements are credited.

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WALL PAPER IS

Cheaper than Dirt,

Cushing to the contrary, notwithstanding.

ALLEN & PARKHURST.

GRAND PARADE

Of the Boys in Blue at Washington.

Thousands in Line at the Capital.

The Days of '65 Brought Back to Mind.

Mention of the Men Who Were Famous.

Pennsylvania Avenue 120 Feet Wide, Filled From Curb to Curb by Men Who Fought to Save Their Flag.

Washington, D. C., Sept. 20.—There are now something over half a million of names on the roll of the Grand Army of the republic, and nearly one-fifth of that number were in line when the grand parade passed through the streets of Washington to-day. It was the biggest event of the season in point of numbers and enthusiasm, and in the latter respect especially it surpassed the several gatherings of secret and fraternal orders that have been held during the summer.

From the start to the finish the veterans passed between two solid walls of humanity, and the constant roar of the thousands of voices that cheered them to the echo as they marched along must have been a favorable reminder to them of the din of the many battles through which they have passed. Even the broad streets of Washington were crowded to such an extent that the police had all they could do to keep a clear way for the procession, and this afternoon many a sorrowing resident will look with rueful eyes upon the bare expanse of turf extending from his house to the curb line.

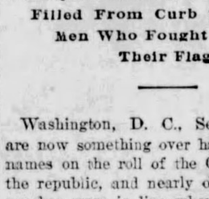
General Palmer was at the head of the line, escorted by the Sixth Massachusetts regiment. This honor was accorded to the Bay state boys in recognition of the fact that they were the first to make an armed defense of the national capital when secession was rampant and grave fears were entertained for the safety of the president and that of the seat of government.

It was 31 years ago last April that the Sixth Massachusetts arrived in Washington, footsore and weary, from the Baltimore riot; and with less than a score of exceptions every surviving member of the regiment was at the head of the line to-day. The procession was arranged on the much-discussed double column formation, and to Gen. Palmer is due a great deal of credit for having devised a scheme that saved the veterans several hours of marching. Marching on the old plan with a column of 12 men in front it would have taken eight hours or over for the line to have passed a given point, and in view of the age of many of the veterans it is evident that thousands of them would have been compelled to drop out beofre the order to march was given.

Pennsylvania avenue is 120 feet wide, and there was not only ample room for the double formation, but a much better effect was created than would have been possible with the men strung out in a line twice as long.

The enthusiasm reached its height in the neighborhood of the grand stand where the procession was reviewed, and the effect was heightened, at least to the veterans themselves, by the fact that the location was the same and the circumstances in many respects similar to those upon the occasion of the reviewing of these same men by President Andrew Johnson when they were mustered out of service in 1865.

No formal entertainments have been arranged for this evening, as it is thought few of the veterans will be inclined to exert themselves after the fatigue of the parade.



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IN THE DISTANT PAST.

The Days of 1865 Brought Back to Mind.

Washington, Sept. 20.—The Grand Army of the Republic made its second triumphant march along Pennsylvania avenue to-day. Time's ravages in its ranks made it possible to attempt in one day what it required two long days to accomplish in 1865. To the survivors of the 160,000 men of the armies of the Potomac and the west, who on the memorable 23d and 24th of May, 1865, passed in review before the president and his cabinet (including Secretary Seward, just recovering from the assassin's knife) the foreign ministers, the military attaches of all the great powers of Europe, and their own beloved and illustrious generals, Grant, Sherman, and Sheridan, the contrasts and reminiscences called out were necessarily striking.

It tooks seven hours—from 9 to 4—each day for the armies of 1865 to pass the reviewing stand and the estimated length of the two days' procession was 30 miles.

Washington was a very different city then. The capitol, in 1865, was walled in and surrounded by heavy timber. Neither of the present stately marble wings, now occupied by senate and house, was then completed.

The cobblestone pavement of Pennsylvania avenue was worn into alternate ravines and hillocks by the passage of heavy commissarial wagons and artillery. Tiber sewer rolled its filthy waters uncovered.

Not one handsome building was seen from the capitol to the treasury department. The leading features of that great review live in memory and have passed into history. First the resonant hoof beats and clattering sabres of Sheridan's 8,000 cavalry, Custer's magnificent horsemanship and his theatrical dash up to the reviewing stand. Next in line the battle worn Ninth corps, with its bullet torn flags and the shattered remnants of what once had been a thousand strong, now reduced to barely more than a full company—the One Hundred and ninth and Fifty-first New York, the Fiftieth Pennsylvania, the Thirtieth and Thirty-fifth Massachusetts and the Second Michigan.

Then the Fifth corps, with its trophies of Yorktown, Chickahominy, Antietam, Fredericksburg, Gettysburg, and the Wilderness. The grim earnestness and steady marching of Meade's magnificent army of the East left nothing to be desired as a spectacular military display the first day.

But the enthusiasm of the second day, when Sherman's bummers—the first and only original wild west show—marched past with all their picturesque lot of coons and chickens and goats and cooking utensils and mules and contrabands of war all irregularly mixed up, as in the actual march through Georgia, with the swarthy veterans themselves, with their long swinging stride that told of forced marches and hard fighting, some of them barefooted, but with musket and cartridge box bright and ready—all of them bearing the marks of gallant service done—all this no one who witnessed it will ever forget.

And many of those in the march to-day were there in 1865 and not a few of the spectators to-day saw that other historic scene of 27 years past.

The arrangements for the movement of the armies on the second day were admirable. The right wing, composed of the army of the Tennessee, including the fifteenth and eighteenth corps, Maj. Gen. Logan commanding, and the left wing, composed of the army of Georgia, including the fourteenth and twentieth corps, Maj. Gen. Slocum commanding, had bivouacked on the night previous, without knapsacks, and with two days' cooked rations in their haversacks, on the Virginia shore of the long bridge and taken their position upon the streets and grounds east of the capitol.

By 8 o'clock both armies were in position awaiting, with stacked arms, the signal for marching. Their marching was irregular and with frequent gaps, but the cheering which Sherman and his army received from first to last of that long day knew no cessation. In the third division of the twentieth army corps at the head of the First brigade marched Brevet Brigadier General Harrison, of Indiana.

The parade of 1865 was the first great national review the country had ever seen. The nation had had its wars, but no pageant had marked their successful termination. The flag had been planted upon the heights of Mexico and then the army had gone home separately like folks from church.

When our boundaries were saved from British grasp, it was thought useless to do any congratulatory parading, and after redeeming our independence our forefather's melted steadily away with only a little sunburst of Washington's farewell address to his officers. Fortunately however, at the close of the war there were two armies in and near this city.

The fortitude of the men and the struggles in which they had borne so brave a part deserved commemoration, and out of this sentiment grew the march which was repeated to-day. In many respects it will probably stand out as equally remarkable in the country's history.

THE PROCESSION.

The Veterans Enjoy the March Up the Avenue.

Washington, Sept. 20.—(Special)—There was a suspicion of rain in the early morning. The clouds and bracing northeast wind were grateful moderators of the temperature and made it an ideal day for marching.

The hour for the moving of the parade was 9:30, but it was long after that ere the body started. For two hours previous to the hour designated the streets leading to the avenue were thronged with hurrying people eager to secure an advantageous view point for the day's event. All along the broad thoroughfare tiers of seats had been erected, commanding good views of the procession. These were crowded, as were the cross streets abutting on the avenue, the windows of houses fronting thereon, and the sidewalks from the capitol to Washington circle, two miles away, which formed the limits of the parade. Nearly half as many old soldiers were in line as passed up the avenue on the historic days of 1865 trod in their feeble steps.

The conditions of the two occasions were widely different, and although age had somewhat weakened the physical powers of the survivors to-day, they were enabled to cover the distance with not much more fatigue than then, not being encumbered with arms and accoutrements and having a smooth, firm roadway for their feet, instead of a dusty, rough highway.

The surroundings, too, were inspiriting. Never did Pennsylvania avenue look so transcendently beautiful—with its clouds of bunting floating in the bright sunshine, masses of color bunched on stands and along the sidewalk, relieved by the borders of green foliage of the tree rows on the sidewalks. It was a scene which the most graphic pen wd fail adequately to picture.

The procession mov under the orders of the commander-in-ief in double column, rows of 12, one either side of the car tracks, platoons hg 12 paces apart, and between departms 24 paces.

This procession wass far as possible, strictly a G. A. R. oanization, the first and last divisions ctaining the only non-soldiers.

Heading the procesn was the citizens committee on parade. They were mounted, and with the aid appointed by the chairman, numbered hundred or more.

Following them cai the escort to the commander-in-chief—e old guard of Washington, and thAlbany, N. Y., Grand Army batton. General Palmer's determination teave the procession march in double colun was the means of avoiding a possible ntroversy between these two organizatiotover the right of the head of the line As it was, they marched side by sid and the amour propre was fully pressed.

General Palmer, ommander-in-chief, Henry M. Duffield, troit, senior vice commander, and T. SClarkson, Omaha, junior vice commandi accompanied by the official staff of thecommander-in-chief and his aides, follow. The staff comprised the following:

Surgeon General—hjamin F. Stevenson, Visalia, Ky.

Chaplain-in-Chief—ev. S. B. Paine, Ocean Grove, N. J.

Adjutant General—fred Phisterer, Albany, N. Y.

Quartermaster Geral—John Taylor, Philadelphia, Pa.

Inspector General—ohn F. Pratt, East Orange, N. J.

Judge Advocate eneral—Joseph W. O'Neall, Lebanon, Oo.

Assistant Adjuta General—D. U. Quick, Brooklyn, NY.

The Grand Army ort, a post of honor, was accorded to p survivors of the famous Sixth Massnusetts regiment and the first defenders o Washington.

The United Statesignal corps, veteran association, which holding its 17th annual reunion in conection with the G. A. R. encampment, cloed the first part of the procession. Its offirs are:

President—Louis R. Fortescue, Philadelphia.

Vice Presidents—ames R. Dunlap, Covington, Ind.; Rober A. Campbell, Hutchinson, Kas.; Frederck J. Amsden, Scranton, Pa.

Historian, J. Willrd Brown, East Boston, Mass.

Secretary and tresurer, Charles DeW. Marcy, Boston.

Quartermaster, Abert D. Judd, Columbus, O.

The members of tis corps wear a handsome badge on wich are represented a flag and torch, the mblems of their duty in the destruct ve cor of the caps—yellow.

Then came the G. A. R. posts, by departments. The old soldier was apparent in every step and th proudly martial bearing of the veteran was strengthened by the plaudits of themultitude which rang continuously in thei ears as they passed. The posts marched in the order of their seniority, beginning with Illinois, where the G. A. R. was organized.

The rear of the procession was brought up by the Naval Veterans association.

OHIO IN THE PARADE.

Cheers for the Fine Appearance of the Buckeye Boys and Girls.

Washington, Sept. 20.—Without doubt the best displays made by Ohio posts were by the veterans from Cincinnati, Cleveland, Toledo and Columbus, and, in the parade yesterday preparitory to the dedication of Grand Army Place, the Mary Logan cadets carried off the honors.

The cadets were accorded the place of honor at the right of the line of the fourth division. Their appearance was the signal for hearty applause along the entire route of the parade.

The cadets were organized two years ago by Capt. Chapman and through his efforts they have been trained in the tactics and fancy movements until they have reached a remarkable degree of proficiency.

The girls, for they are all under 17 years of age, are uniformed and carry light muskets. The uniform consists of a loose blue blouse waist, full skirt reaching to the shoe tops, trimmed tastily with white braid. They were a red fatigue cap, which nearly all, it was noticed, wore in the regular feminine fashion—secured with a long black pin. They presented a very natty appearance and soldierly withal.

While waiting for the parade to form, the girl soldiers entertained a large crowd by going through a number of intricate maneuvers. Their soldierly bearing, precision of step, and the grace with which they handled their miniature muskets brought forth rounds of applause. Their exhibition consists of the regulation tactics and a number of fancy movements, marches and counter-marches. As they swung out from Third street on the avenue to take their places at the right of the fourth division, the Rifles, who were at parade rest on the other side of the street, gave them a rousing cheer.

STOLE A LOAD OF WHEAT

Daring Theft on the Eastern Coast.

The Boat Captured But the Crew Made Good Its Escape.

New Haven, Conn., Sept. 20.—The schooner which has gained considerable notoriety in shipping circles on account of its thieving operations in making away with a cargo of wheat valued at $2,800, has been seized and is now tied up at Long wharf in charge of a federal officer.

She proves to be the W. J. Simpson, of Wilmington, Capt. Brown.

When the vessel was boarded by United States Marshal Loveridge yesterday he found that Capt. Brown, Mate Jones and a crew of 13 men had fled, leaving the boat in charge of a small boy. All papers and personal baggage had been removed.

HILL IN BUFFALO.

The Senator to Whoop It Up From Now On.

The Campaign in the Empire State Will Not Lag for the Want of Speakers.

Buffalo, N. Y., Sept. 20.—State committeeman Augustus F. Scheu yesterday received a dispatch from Lieutenant Governor Sheehan stating that Senator Hill would speak in Buffalo next Saturday.

He will address a mass meeting in the evening.

MRS. HARRISON.

The Journey to Washington Commenced.

The President's Wife Much Better This Morning and in a Cheerful Frame of Mind.

Loon Lake House, N. Y., Sept. 20.—Everything is in preparation for the departure of Mrs. Harrison. The patient passed a comfortable night and became bright and cheerful on learning from the president that she was to be taken away this morning. The special train started from the station shortly after noon.

PECK OF TROUBLE

That's What the Commissioner Is In.

He Still Remains in New York City

While the Grand Jury is in Session.

Damaging Evidence Has Been Introduced.

The Partly Burned Documents Taken From the Furnace of the Building and An Indictment Asked For.

Albany, N. Y., Sept. 20.—All of the employes of the labor commissioner's bureau were subpoenaed to appear before the grand jury this morning in view of beginning criminal proceedings in the indictment of Charles F. Peck on the charge of destroying public documents.

Affidavits were also presented by E. Ellery Anderson and other members of the commission appointed by the democratic committee to investigate Mr. Peck's report.

The employes were examined as to the sending out of blanks to manufacturers, the reception of them, and the present whereabouts of the originals.

On behalf of the prosecution, evidence was presented to show that Mr. Peck had destroyed at least a portion of the returns.

To prove this there was presented in evidence the half destroyed remnants of a large number of blanks printed on paper of a bluish tint and containing the written names and addresses of manufacturers in the state.

These charred remnants also show that they were issued under the seal of the labor bureau and that the questions asked were answered.

Commissioner Peck himself has not yet come back to the city and so could not be subpoenaed. It is intimated, however, that he will be brought before the jury tomorrow morning.

Mr. Peck says: 'The papers were not destroyed and I have no intention of destroying them, but I have no intention either of giving them to Mr. Anderson or any of his mugwump gang. They were obtained under personal pledges of secrecy and they shall not be made public."

NEWS OF THE CHOLERA

A Death Reported At Camp Low.

The Doctors Telling How It Occurred.

Another Suspected Case Found in New York City—Bulletins From Foreign Lands.

New York, Sept. 20.—The board of health's 10 o'clock bulletin says that no cases of cholera have been reported since the last announcement. Louis Weinfagen, of No. 14 First street, has been removed to the reception hospital as a suspected case.

Quarantine, Sept. 20.—The presence of another large fleet of twenty vessels this morning produces little interest in official circles at upper quarantine, as compared with the two deaths at Camp Low, reported in the morning papers as cholera fatalities.

The charge that patients have been sent to Sandy Hook without proper detention at Hoffman Island after having been transferred from Swinburne "suspect wards" as safely past the incubation period, is indignantly denied.

When Dr. Jenkins could get communication with Camp Low he wired to Dr. Hamilton for the cause of the deaths. The reply was that one woman died of cholera and one from female troubles.

When Dr. Jenkins was asked by a representative of the United Press what action he had taken in the matter he said that Dr. Byron had been ordered to proceed to Sandy Hook at once and make an autopsy and secure "cultures" in order that if cholera bacilli were present they might be obtained with all possible speed. Dr. Byron is accompanied by Dr. Judson Dalland, of Philadelphia, a bacteriological specialist, who has been assigned to duty as deputy, the health officer being determined that every possible effort shall be made to avoid missing proof of any case of true Asiatic cholera. The report will probably not be received until late to-day.

As the two deaths at the hook were among the steerage people of the Normannia who had so long been on Hoffman's island, Dr. Jenkins asked his chief inspector at lower quarantine, Dr. Walser, to explain to your representative the facts in the case as noted by him.

The veteran physician whose reputation for thoroughness is conceded by all, made the following statement:

"The transfer of the Normannia and Rugia People from Hoffman island required three trips of the steamer Fletcher—two on Sunday and the third on Monday morning. The last load would have gone late Sunday afternoon, but Dr. Hamilton asked that they be not transferred until Monday and that he would have breakfast for them on arrival.

"All these people were inspected by me prior to transfer and both boat loads on Sunday were again gone over by me before being landed. When the matter of the remaining load came up I told Dr. Hamilton about both these cases of sickness (neither cholera) and asked if they should be transferred with the others. To this he answered 'yes, by all means bring them; we have just the place for them in the hospital here.'

"One of the cases was liver trouble, 'acute icterus,' with no signs of diarrhoea, the discharges being of a grayish color, entirely foreign to cholera symptoms. The other case was that of a disease entirely foreign to cholera. This was attended with very slight hemorrhage, and the patient wanted to be up against my advice. This was not permitted, and she was transferred on a cot bed to the boat by four men.

The third load, on Monday morning, was given final inspection on leaving Hoffman island by Dr. O'Hare, as arranged with Dr. Hamilton, and was sent early without breakfast. On arriving at the hook they were kept along without breakfast and Dr. Hamilton is said to have been greatly incensed because they were brought down without their morning meal, though such action was at his suggestion. There was no serious reason in either case why these patients should not have recovered, and I greatly fear death must have been due to neglect."

The Hamburg steamer Herrman and the White Star steamer Adriatic, the former with 800 and the latter with 850 steerage, which arrived this morning, come under the 20 day rule and will, after examination, be released only upon the permission from Washington through Collector Hendricks.

Havana, Sept. 20.—A dispatch from Porto Rico states that vessels from New York are prohibited from entering San Juan del Porto Rico, the principal city and seaport of that colony. Vessels arriving from ports not infected are subject to a three days' quirantine.

Havre, Sept. 20.—Cholera caused six deaths yesterday and there were six new cases.

New York, Sept. 20.—Arrived—Tauric, from Liverpool; Richmond Hill, from London; Hermann, from Bremen; Norwegian, from Glasgow; Adriatic, from Liverpool.

BENJAMIN S. CORNING DEAD.

Elyria, Sept. 20.—Benjamin S. Corning, an old and respected resident of Lorain county, died last Friday morning at the home of his son, Howard, in Girard, Kansas, of paralysis. He was 80 years of age, and was one of the pioneers of this county, settling in Grafton in 1834, where he has ever since resided. His remains were brought here and buried in the cemetery at Grafton on Sunday. La Grange lodge, F. & A. M., of which he was a member, conducting the services. He was highly esteemed for his many good qualities as a friend and neighbor. The family seem to be unusually afflicted. Mr. Corning's grandson, Henry R. Corning, having died about two weeks ago, of typhoid fever.

THE TRAIN WAS "LOADED."

A Frightful Explosion of Powder.

Two Trainmen Injured and Twelve Cars Piled Up in a Wreck.

Hartford, Conn., Sept. 20.—At 12:26 this morning as a freight train was running between New Hartford and Winstead on the New England division of the Philadelphia & Reading railroad, a car filled with powder, exploded with terrific force, injuring two brakemen and piling up 12 cars in a wreck.

So far as known no one was killed. The explosion was plainly felt in this city and vicinity.

SANDUSKY U. B. CONFERENCE.

Findlay, Sept. 20.—The Sandusky conference of the United Brethren church, closed its sessions at North Baltimore today. Its appointments are as follows:

Findlay district—I. P. Lea, presiding elder. Findlay, J. H. Arnold; North Baltimore, J. A. Swinehart; Salem, A. Powell; Vanlue, W. S. Sage; Rawson, A. Sargent; West Findlay, J. W. Esterbrook; Otawa, W. P. Bender; Columbus Grove, N. S. Long; Oakwood, P. W. Tussing; Continental, A. F. Light; McComb, R. French; Bowling Green, H. Doty; Portage, M. B. Lanker; West Independence, J. E. Hill; Van Buren, H. L. Snyder.

Sandusky district—G. L. Bender, presiding elder. Shiloh, A. Z. Frybarger; Chicago Junction, S. K. Wine; Tiro, A. Felton; Honey Creek, R. Trask; Clyde, G. F. Wonder; Oceola, F. E. Fitswater; La Carne, J. Osborn; Port Clinton, J. Kirk; Bascom, W. A. Keesey; North Robinson, H. J. Litzenbarger; Shelby, H. G. Seddinger; Attica, E. Loose; Nevada, E. S. Wells; Green Springs, A. H. White; Bucyrus, C. F. Hill.

Fostoria district—J. W. Hicks, presiding elder. Fostoria, W. C. Fries; Helena, J. A. Fellers; Carey, I. E. Engle; Rangoon, I. E. Barnes; Elmore, L. Moore; Syeamore, W. R. Arnold; Leipsic, L. Sharp; Defiance, M. Snook; Napoleon, I. D. Ingel; McClure, J. Sheller; Custar, G. R. Fisher; Hoytsville, W. W. McCurdy; Dowling, C. B. Fletcher; Rising Sun, C. T. Doane; Marten, A. J. Teems.

GERMAN CONSERVATIVES.

London, Sept. 20.—A dispatch to the Times from Berlin, says "the Reichsbote, an extreme conservative organ, declares that the conservative party is bound by all the principles and traditions of the old Emperor William, as well as those by Count Von Moltke and General Von Roon, to resist any bill reducing the term of service in the army.

WISCONSIN.

The Gerrymander Case Again in Court.

Republicans and Democrats Having Warm Arguments in the West.

Madison Wis., Sept. 20.—Another chapter was to-day added to the long story of the Wisconsin gerrymander suits.

In accordance with the ruling of the supreme court two weeks ago, when it was decided to hear arguments on the motion to set aside ex-Senator Vilas' demurrer as frivolous, and also to permit the whole matter to be argued on its merits, the case came up in court to-day.

Mr. Vilas has exhausted every legal technicality in his effort to stave off a hearing, but Mr. Bird, who is at the head of the republicans, urged upon the court the importance of time in obtaining a decision before election, and the judges decided in his favor.

The demurrer submitted by the attorneys for the democratic committee is said by lawyers who have kept posted on the case to be a rather weak document.

It is based upon the following points: 1. That the court has no jurisdiction of the subject of the actions. 2. That the plaintiff has no legal capacity to sue, in this, that the relator has not the right to sue in the name of the state upon the alleged cause of action. 3. That there is a defect of parties, in that the attorney-general is the party required by law to prosecute the action.

GARFIELD PARK.

It Is Still Causing Trouble in Chicago.

The Names of Two More Judges Dragged Into the Mire.

Chicago, Sept. 20.—The names of Superior Court Judges Lorin C. Collins and Frank Baker have been dragged into the Garfield park controversy.

Justice Woodman, who made the sensational charges of attempted bribery against M. C. McDonald, now says that McDonald told him he had arranged with Judge Collins and Judge Baker to secure an injunction that would tie the hands of the city administration so far as interfering with racing at the track was concerned, provided that he (Woodman) would discharge the prisoners arrested in the raid.

Justice Woodman asserts that he will have no difficulty in proving his charges against McDonald, as the controversy between McDonald and himself was overheard by members of his family.

Judges Baker and Collins pronounce the charge ridiculous and Judge Baker calls attention to the fact that he has twice denied such an injunction to the Garfield park club. McDonald also pronounces the charge false.

THE TELEGRAPHERS.

Are They Preparing for a Strike?

Important Meeting Being Held in Chicago.

Commercial and Railroad Men Trying to Get Together on Minor Details.

Chicago, Sept. 20.—Delegates representing the commercial telegraphers of the Western Union and Postal Telegraph companies are holding a secret meeting at the Grand Pacific hotel to-day.

The railway men are also represented, and although the strictest secrecy is being observed, it is generally believed that the object of the meeting is to arrange the details of a strike.

The time is especially propitious for such a move, as the political campaign and the dedication of the world's fair buildings will flood the companies with business to such an extent that they will be practically at the mercy of the operators.

The object of the gathering in Kansas City was to prepare for the anticipated struggle, and had there not been a hitch in the proceedings a strike would have been declared before this.

The stumbling block was the proposition for an amalgamation of the railroad and commercil operators, the particular point in dispute being the demand by the railway operators that all disagreements between the commercial men and their employers should be referred to a grievance committee of the former organization.

At to-day's gathering the delegates will endeavor to bring about harmony between the two bodies and decide upon the terms upon which the commercial men will continue to work.

If these terms are not accepted the commercial men will walk out in every office in the country and will have the suoport of the railway telegraphers. The grievances complained of are that the salary is not sufficient, and that the chiefs have too much power in the matter of peremptory dismissals.

ON THE GOULD LINES.

Fourteen Hundred Operators present Their Grievances.

St. Louis, Sept. 20.—Yesterday afternoon a committee representing the telegraph operators of the Missouri Pacific system made a demand upon the officials of that road for an adjustment of grievances.

The difficulty, which is authoritively stated to mean a higher scale of wages, will affect over 1,400 operators on the immense series of Gould lines and the outcome will be watched with interest by telegraphers generally, following so soon after the Kansas City telegraphers' convention.

The recognition of the order of Railway Telegraphers too, is involved and incidentally the recent secret conferences of Grand Chief Ramsey assume an added interest. Mr. Ramsey has been in consultation for weeks with the most influential members of the order and has also learned what sympathy and how much of it may be expected from the allied roads.

Mr. Charles W. Hammond, superintendent of telegraph of the Missouri Pacific in reply to a query about the visit of the grievance committee said: "A committee of ten, styling themselves the grievance committee of the order of Railway Telegraphers, called on me yesterday and placed a number of grievances before me.

"Their first grievance was the unjust discharge of five members of their union. In the case of two of the men I said I would take the matter under my advisement. In the other three cases, however, I refused to interfere, stating that I would stand by my chief operators as they had good cause to discharge the men.

"As for the rules and schedules of the union I informed them as soon as they had them ready I would consider the same when presented and named another meeting next week."

NEW CORPORATIONS.

Columbus, Sept. 20.—The following articles of incorporation were filed in the office of the secretary of state to-day. The Gilman & Wilson company, Youngstown, capital stock $20,000. The Tiffin Printing and Publishing company, Tiffin, capital stock $5,000; the National Fence company, Delphos, capital stock $50,000; the Bellefontaine Outing Club company, Bellefontaine, capital stock $2,500; the Canfield Manufacturing company, Canfield, increase of capital stock from $12,000 to $20,000; Norwalk Division, No. 111, of Ohio Uniform Rank, Knights of Pythias, Norwalk; the Oberlin Cycle club, Oberlin; the First Unitarian Parish of Youngstown, O.; the Diamond F. Manufacturing company, Cleveland, capital stock $10,000.

TRADE IN ENGLAND.

Tin Plate Exports Greater Than Ever.

The World's Fair Display to Prove An Object Lesson to Americans.

London, Sept. 20.—A special meeting of the chamber of commerce of the United Kingdom was opened this morning in the town hall, Newport, Monmouthshire.

President Rollin said in his opening address that he lamented existing depression of trade and especially the fact that there were no signs of improvement. He attributed the lack of confidence partly to the suspension of the Barings and partly also to hostile tariffs. He pointed out that while wages in the United States had only increased one per cent. the cost of cereals and of produce and of the necessaries of life generally had increased from 18 to 33 per cent., while the indications did not show that either the high tariff or McKinley was popularly appreciated. Prices on foreign goods sent to the Chicago exhibition should prove an object lesson to Americans as to what they were paying for the enrichment of a comparatively few men at the expense of the many.

One encouraging circumstance was that British trade was apparently surmounting some of the chief obstacles placed in its way by the tariff. The export of tin plate from Wales to America was six times greater now than in July, 1891. Taking the years ending 31 August, the plates exported from Wales to America in 1892 had only once been exceeded.

The speaker quoted the arguments used in America by the advocates of free trade on the one hand and protection on the other. He dwelt upon the recovery of export trade with America in linen and worsted machinery and earthenware. He spoke fervently of the necessity of fostering the growth of arbitration and trusted, he said, that it would never be the lot of Britons to see civilization disgraced by the military shielding the millionaire as they had seen in the United States.

DEAD MEN'S FUNDS.

New York, Sept. 20.—A dispatch from London says: Attention has lately been attracted to the subject of the unclaimed funds which have been accumulating in the national exchequer for the past two or three centuries by the fact, recently developed, that the new courts of justice have been built out of the surplus interest on these funds. In 1891 the funds in chancery amounted to nearly $350,000,000 and some years since Mr. Gladstone found it convenient to borrow $200,000,000 of the suitors' money as a national loan.

D. B. HILL: "I AM A DEMOCRAT"

DOUBT REMOVED.

Rousing Speech Delivered in Brooklyn.

The Party in the Empire State is United,

And All Signs Point to a Sweeping Victory.

Cleveland and Stevenson Are Heartily Endorsed.

New York's Junior Senator Takes the Stump and Makes An Address Full to Overflowing With Sound Democracy.

Brooklyn, Sept. 20.—The democratic campaign in New York state was opened Monday night in a manner which left no doubt as to the existence of a united party. Senator Hill's first sentence, when he said that he was a democrat before the Chicago convention, and was still a democrat, set the audience wild with enthusiasm.

The Academy of Music could not accommodate the crowd that tried to get into it. Soon after the doors of the big theater were opened every seat was occupied, and in five minutes from the time the doors were opened every bit of space was taken. Several hundred ladies were in the throng that had forced itself or had been pushed into the academy.

Senator Hill, Congressman W. C. Breckenridge, of Kentucky, and other speakers were not expected until 8 o'clock, and in the meantime the assemblage killed time listening to the music. When Senator Hill and the other speakers entered the theater they were greeted most enthusiastically, the applause lasting until the party had mounted the stage and taken their seats.

Chairman Thomas E. Pearsall, of the campaign committee, called the assemblage to order in a short speech. Congressman W. J. Coombs was then introduced as chairman of the evening. Mr. Coombs, after a few remarks, presented Senator David B. Hill, with the words: "He is a democrat."

Cries of "Hill, Hill," here greeted him, and he sat down while New York's junior senator arose and stood with smiling features while the audience showered applause upon him. The senator's voice was low and calm as he began, but gradually he warmed up and before a minute had passed he had uttered a phrase that carried wild applause with it. This was when he said that before the democratic national convention at Chicago he was a democrat and was a democrat still.

Senator Hill's speech was listened to with marked attention and every reference to Cleveland's tariff message was heartily cheered.

The excitement increased as the senator stated that the old guard would do its duty and a perfect hurricane of applause, yells, and cheers broke forth when after one grand phrase of deepest meaning, he closed with the names Cleveland and Stevenson.

The senator's ingenious way of bringing such a climax to his address was fully recognized and the audience rose en masse and cheered him to the echo.

Senator Hill spoke substantially as follows:

I am reminded of the fact that it was in this edifice upon a memorable occasion in 1885 that I had the honor of expressing to the intrepid democracy of Kings county the sentiment, "I am a democrat," and under the existing political situation I know of no more appropriate place or presence than here to declare that I was a democrat before the Chicago convention and I am a democrat still.

The national democratic convention of 1892 has passed into history with its record, its triumphs and its disappointments. The wisdom of its action is not now to be questioned. Its decision will be accepted with loyal acquiescence by every true and patriotic democrat. From this time forward imperative rules are imposed upon us. Factional appeals should now cease; the spirit of resentment should be abandoned; state pride should be subordinated to the general good; real or fancied grievances should be dismissed, personal ambitions should be sacrificed, and individual disappointments should be forgotten in this great emergency which demands from us all the exhibition of a widespread and lofty party patriotism.

Permit me to repeat what I had the honor of expressing to the Tammany society on the Fourth of July last, before the echoes of our national convention had scarcely died away, as follows: "Our course at the present time is plain. In the approaching struggle the democracy of New York should present a solid front to the common enemy. Loyalty to the cardinal democratic principles and to regularly nominated candidates is the supreme duty of the hour." I reiterate those sentiments now.

We are entering upon the twenty-seventh presidential election since the organization of our government. The good citizen desirous of discharging his full duty in this crisis, according to his conscience and his judgment, uninfluenced by selfish considerations, will discover two great parties arrayed against each other, struggling for the control of the government, and appealing to the people for their suffrages.

If I were asked to define the one fundamental difference between the two parties I should state that one believes in a strict construction of the federal constitution, and the other in a loose one. One party believes that the general government's powers should be confined to those which are specifically granted, and that nothing can be done under the "general welfare" clause except the exercise of those functions which are incidental and necessary to the carrying out of the expressed powers; while the other believes that under that clause the powers of congress are substantially unrestricted and limited only by its wise discretion. This radical diversity of views cannot be well reconciled, it cannot be wholly decided by the courts, as it involves the spirit more than the letter of the constitution, and in the end it must be determined largely as a matter of policy by the people themselves in their sovereign capacity. Starting out with different views of the constitution, the two parties naturally have enunciated different theories of government, especially upon the all-important subject of federal taxation. A division upon the tariff question was inevitable.

The Tariff Question.

Concisely stated, what is the position of the two parties upon this question? I desire to state it fairly. The republican party advocates the doctrine that the government has a constitutional as well as a moral right to impose tariff duties for the purpose of encouraging the building up of private industries, by the imposition of duties sufficiently large to prevent foreign competition irrespective of the needs of the treasury; while the democratic party believes that the government has only a constitutional and a moral right to impose such duties as may be necessary to raise sufficient revenue to support the government economically administered. This is the precise issue squarely stated. Both positions cannot be right; one or the other must be wrong.

The consideration of this subject leads to the analysis of the true functions of government. There are some things which must be considered because they are too plain for argument, and one of them is that the government has no constitutional power to enter into private business directly, and what it cannot or ought not to do indirectly. This is the correct theory of government, and it includes the idea that one citizen may be burdened to foster another citizen's private schemes. A protective tariff is unconstitutional.

The democratic national platform gives forth no uncertain sound upon this subject and correctly states the true position of the party. It denies the constitutional power of the government to impose taxes for other than public purposes. I am aware that a concerted effort is being made by our opponents to make it appear that a new departure has been entered upon, and that our party has abandoned its former conservative position upon the tariff question and assumed another and bolder attitude leading absolutely toward free trade. I do not so regard it. Some of us might have preferred a little different phraseology, but as a whole it sufficiently expresses our position with reasonable clearness and accuracy.

I realize the difficulty of presenting the question of the constitutionality of a protective tariff law to the courts, and in that view it might have been unnecessary or not desirable to have challenged its legality. We need not have placed our objection upon that ground while so many fatal objections existed to the system itself, but that course was a mere matter of discretion. The fact remains that we have always insisted and now insist that no warrant can be found in the constitution for the imposition of tariff duties to aid private industries, but whether such a tariff is constitutional or not, or whether it is practicable to have the question properly raised or decided, the system itself is vicious in the extreme, unjust to the people, and contrary to the spirit of our free institutions.

Let us examine the point a moment. Whence comes the power to protect private industries? What clause of the constitution can be invoked for such a purpose? There is none. It must be conceded by every intelligent citizen that the constitution does not grant any such express power. There is not an elementary law writer anywhere whose treatise on the constitution is regarded as standard authority, who ventures to affirm the constitutional right of congress to levy duties for any other direct purpose than for the support of the government.

Republican protection, therefore, does not constitutionally exist, but is imposed upon the people by fraud, false pretense, evasion, and gross abuse of the taxing power. All the so-called protection for which our opponents have clamored and which they have obtained in recent years has been secured, not by constitutional sanction, but by the abuse of the conceded taxing power of the government. It is a dangerous exercise of authority. It is a perversion of the powers of government. It furnishes a hazardous precedent which will surely return to plague us.

Let us see where it will lead us. If the general government under the pretense of raising revenue, can impose prohibitory duties and thereby protect domestic industries from the competition which the laws of trade would otherwise provide, then, under the same pretense—the raising of revenue—it can by taxation essentially usurp most of the functions of the state governments, and virtually regulate marriage and divorce, the rate of interest on money, the purchases of property, the formation of corporations, the making of leases and contracts of every description, all of which are matters heretofore properly considered under the jurisdiction and regulation of the states.

Incidental protection, on the other hand, is unobjectional. Tariffs should be imposed for the express purpose of revenue, and not for any private purpose. We believe in revenue with incidental protection, and not in protection with incidental revenue. In so far as the tariff is necessary to meet the necessities of the government, it may be imposed, and any other benefit which may be legitimately derived from its imposition may and does necessarily accompany it.

The Democratic Position

is a safe, logical, conservative, and just position. No tariff, except "for the purpose of revenue only," and then limited to the necessities of the government honestly and economically administered, is a doctrine which appeals to the good sense and sound judgment of every honest and thoughtful man. With the constantly increasing expenses of government and the enormous amount of money annually augmenting, required by the growing pension list, these tariffs which must necessarily be exacted to meet these expenditures, will be for many years to come amply sufficient to afford, incidentally, all the protection which the most ardent advocate of the system can reasonably ask. More than this ought not to be conceded to anybody.

In the imposition of necessary tariffs there should be exercised a wise discrimination in the amounts exacted and in the articles taxed. What should be placed upon the free list and what should be the most heavily burdened, are questions not free from difficulty and require the most careful consideration.

The Mills bill of 1888 and the separate tariff bills passed by the present democratic house of representatives, indicate in a general way the democratic position. They show: First, that the necessaries of life should be absolutely free; second, that the luxuries should bear the heaviest burdens; third, that there should be free raw materials for the benefit of our manufacturers; fourth, that the tariff upon manufactured articles should, as a general rule, be larger where similar articles are manufactured in this country than where they are not; fifth, that the tariff imposed upon all manufactured articles (other than those which for good reasons are placed on the free list) should equal the difference between the rate of wages paid in this and foreign countries so far as labor enters into the cost of their production.

President Harrison, in his letter of acceptance, endeavors to place our party in a false attitude by calling attention to the fact that while our platform in 1884, readopted in 1888, contained an express plank upon this question of the equalization of wages, yet it was omitted in 1892, and asserts that we have changed our position. I beg to differ with him. There has been no change. There was no necessity for the repitition of that plank as the party's position upon it had been evidenced by the Mills bill which had not been passed before the national conventions of 1884 and 1888 were held. Parties are to be judged as much by their records as their platforms. We stand not only upon our platform of 1892, but upon the Mills bill, which was the latest general democratic legislation upon the tariff subject. That bill was as good an exposition of our principles as any elaborate platform could be.

Now, what did the Mills bill disclose upon the question of the equalization of wages? I made the statement and challenge a contradiction of its truth, that there was not a single manufactured article mentioned in that bill upon which the duty was reduced, upon which there was not still left a duty sufficient to represent the difference in wages paid in this and foreign countries for the labor involved in its production. I can safely go further, and say that in many instances the duty permitted to remain exceeded this difference in wages three, four and five times. Therefore our position upon this question is as clear as the noon day sun, and it required no special plank in the platform to emphasize it.

If I were asked to define as concisely as possible the whole democratic policy, I should state it substantially as follows: "We favor a tariff for revenue only, limited to the necessities of the government economically administered, and so adjusted in its application, as far as practicable, as to prevent unequal burdens, encourage productive industries at home, and afford just compensation to labor, but not to create or foster monopolies."

These are the cardinal principles upon which the details of all tariff legislation should be based. Our opponents profess to be much disturbed because we have in our platform denounced "republican protection" as a fraud. What else is it? It is a fraud for these conclusive reasons: first, it is secured by a palpable abuse of the taxing power of the government; second, it inures to the benefit of the few at the expense of the many; third, it is based upon favoritism of the worst species: fourth, it tends to create fictitious prosperity to be followed by subsequent business depression; fifth, it is deceptive in its promises and unsatisfactory in it reults; sixth, its principal beneficiaries constitute a privileged class, and their importunities for governmental aid lead to public scandal and demoralization.

President Harrison

and all the other great and small advocates of this vicious system diligently seek to create the impression that the democratic party has assumed a bolder attitude than formerly and become an advocate of absolute free trade. They will not succeed in their strenuous efforts to place us in a false position. It does not follow that because we are opposed to an unreasonable tariff that we favor free trade and the abolition of all custom houses. We are opposed to a prohibitory tariff. We are opposed to placing a Chinese wall around the country to hamper and restrict the natural laws of trade. We favor a masses and not for the classes. We present exist. We are opposed to any governmental partnership with private interests such as the McKinley bill establishes. We favor legislation for the masses and not for the classes. We favor the protection of labor and not the creation of monopolies. We would encourage and foster labor by relieving it of all unnecessary burdens.

Tariff reform does not mean free trade. Our opponents misrepresent our position now as they have done ever since the famous tariff message of 1887. In that historic message our candidate expressly repudiated the suggestion that he was entering upon any crusade of free trade.

The disastrous defeat of 1888 brought a republican president and a republican congress into power, and two years later, as a reward to those beneficiaries who had so largely contributed to their success, our opponents passed what is known world-wide as the

McKinley Tariff Bill.

The McKinley bill has not ruined the country, nor has it benefited it. It has increased the burdens of the taxpayers and aided many of the monopolies of the land. There is no satisfactory evidence that it has increased our prosperity in any degree or advanced the wages of a single workingman. Skilled statisticians, capable of juggling with figures, may assume to have more information than we possess, and may figure out a different result, but I can safely assert that it is the general understanding of the people that the McKinley bill has not increased wages either in New York or elsewhere. It is undoubtedly true that in this state the aggregate amount of all wages paid the year after its passage may have been greater than the aggregate amount paid the year preceding, but that does not prove any increase in the rate of wages paid and only shows that some new industries have been established or additional men employed in others. And it does not appear that such increase has been any more than the natural increase occasioned by the steady growth of the state. It may possibly also be true that there have been a few less strikes during the past two years than during the preceding two years, but this may be attributed to the moderation and good judgment of our labor organizations rather than to the effect of any tariff law.

I know this much, that the democratic party will be entirely content to permit every workingman whose wages have been increased since the passage of the McKinley bill to vote the republican ticket, if our opponents will consent that all those whose wages have not been increased shall vote the democratic ticket, and upon that basis

We Will Carry the Country

by a million majority. We should not, however, permit our position to be misunderstood. We are not seeking power upon the "calamity" issue, but with all good citizens we rejoice in the prosperity of the country, and trust that it may continue, but we insist that the country has been prosperous, not because of the McKinley bill, but in spite of it.

The people cannot be longer deceived on this question by the opposition. Public sentiment has made rapid strides during the past few years and greatly cleared the political atmosphere, as well as brushed aside many plausible but untenable cobwebs which have heretofore obscured the discussion. No one need now enter into an argument to establish the fact that the tariff is a tax, as the people have learned the fact to their sorrow from the operations of the McKinley bill. Five years ago the cry that "the tariff is a tax" was received by derision and laughter by our republican friends, but now they are endeavoring to convince us how much they have relieved us from taxation by the abolition of the sugar duty. Pray tell us also what has become of the republican claim so industriously persisted in that "the foreigner pays the tax." The claim has been most thoroughly and effectively exploded, and it is therefore evident that the campaign of education has borne its fruits. The plain truth is that this policy of protection cannot much longer stand against the tremendous pressure of public sentiment for its abandonment. The cause of industrial emancipation is marching on.

There is Another Issue

in this campaign of equal if not greater importance than the tariff, which affects the rights and liberties of every citizen. The republican party seems to be irrevocably committed to the passage of the federal elections bill, generally known as the "force bill," and although it must be evident to the most patriotic and thoughtful members of that organization that it is a piece of political foolishness, only equaled by its mendacity, there has appeared for them no escape from its advocacy. It is an impeachment of the good sense of the republican leaders that they should press the consideration of so offensive and unwise a measure at this or any other time, especially in view of the fact, now apparent to every one, that it absolutely prevents their party receiving a single electoral vote in a third of the states of the Union, and although as partisans we may rejoice at their folly, yet as citizens we deplore their threatened attack upon the free institutions of our country, never before so imperilled.

The bill has been well described as a "menace to liberty"—the liberty of the north as well as the south, the liberty of the black as well as the white, the liberty of every citizen, no matter to what party he may happen to belong.

Whence comes this objectionable scheme for federal interference in our elections and who are its originators and sponsors? Until recently the author of the measure was supposed to be the eminently respectable Henry Cabot Lodge, of Massachusetts, who introduced the bill. But not long ago a gentleman

Not Unknown to Fame,

Mr. John I. Davenport, of New York, the chief federal supervisor of elections and also a United States commissioner, a diminutive, polite and able person—"as mild a mannered man as ever scuttled a ship or cut a throat"—came to Washington and appeared before the committee on immigration on behalf of another project dear to his heart, to promote "the purity of elections," and I had the honor of examining him, and he stated in answer to my question, to the great surprise of the public, that he was the bold and sole author of the notorious force bill. The borrowed plumage was immediately stripped from the proud person of Mr. Henry Cabot Lodge and the bill has since been properly styled "the Davenport force bill." Permit me in this connection to further state that Mr. Davenport on this same occasion, with brutal frankness, avowed his purpose to have his bill introduced again whenever "a favorable opportunity" should occur, and when asked what he meant by "a favorable opportunity," he unblushingly replied: "When the republicans shall again have a majority in both houses of congress"—an event not likely to occur, I trust, for many years to come. In the open and public expression of his intention to press the measure again it must be assumed that he spoke in behalf of his party and reflected its sentiments.

The people of the several states will hesitate long before they consent to the adoption of the "Davenport" election methods in their respective localities.

I have not the time to-night to enter into any elaborate presentation of the details of this bill. It is sufficient for us to know that the only purpose of the measure is

To Control for Partisan Advantage

of elections, state and federal. The bill is a desperate attempt to prop up the failing fortunes of a once great political party; it was conceived in political animosity, is urged from the narrowest and worst of motives, and is unworthy a place among the statutes of the American republic.

The democratic party desires free, honest and fair elections everywhere. It desires them not merely because they would inure to its benefit, but upon the unselfish and high ground that they are essential to the preservation of our free institutions. There has been no such condition of affairs at the south as to justify the enactment of the Davenport measure. It is true that the colored people in large numbers are there voting the democratic ticket, but this affords no sufficient reason for taking away from them, or from us, the control of their or our elections. The colored people were not freed from slavery to become the slaves of the republican party. The south is loyal, honest and capable, and if permitted, as it should be, it will work out its social and other problems in its own way without injury to the colored race, in justice to the north or the republican party, or danger to the elective franchise. In any event the majority of the American people will never approve of a measure which threatens their liberties, legalizes unfairness, and absolutely guarantees partisan victories to the unscrupulous party that dares to enact it. After a brief

Discussion of State Issues,

Senator Hill concluded as follows: I believe that a large majority of the people of this country are convinced of the rightfulness of democratic principles and want them to prevail. But the election will not win itself and there must be complete organization. I repeat the injunction I uttered before the democratic state convention at Albany in February last: "It is our duty to organize, organize, organize."

With this motto inscribed upon your banner, "Public office is a public trust," supplemented by the other sentiments which I have endeavored to present to you to-night, 'No public taxation for private purposes," and "No force bill," let us close up our ranks and buckle on our armor for the fight, with the determination to do all in our power for the triumph of our party and the election of our honored standard-bearers, Cleveland and Stevenson.

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A DREADFUL SCOURGE.

The Case of Mr. Palmer—Pneumonia Carried Him Off Suddenly—Everyone Should Know the Symptoms and be on Guard.

Mr. Wilton R. Palmer, of New York City, left a circle of friends one afternoon recently, and received their congratulations upon his bright and vigorous appearance. That evening he felt a tickling in the throat, a slight pain across the chest, a chilly sensation, and he coughed once or twice. The next day his nostrils were inflamed, his throat sore, his chest pained him, his bones ached and he felt sore all over. The day following he was in bed, with physicians shaking their heads, and the third day he was dead from pneumonia, which he failed to take in time.

There are ten thousand men and women in America to-day in the same condition as Mr. Palmer when leaving his friends, but they do not know it. The slightest appearance of the symptoms above named should strike terror to any man or woman. A sudden chill means the beginning of pneumonia; aches and pains throughout the body are the first symptoms. It is necessary to bring about a reaction at once. How, then, is the best way of bringing about a reaction? Ask any physician, and he will tell you to use pure whiskey. No matter how prejudiced any one may be, pure whiskey at such a time is a necessity, but unfortunately there are few pure whiskies in the world, and in fact there is but one that has received the unqualified endorsement of physicians, chemists and the highest authorities, and that is Duffy's Pure Malt. This remarkable whiskey which is sold by all first-class druggists and grocers, will absolutely check the first approach of pneumonia, while at the same time it is certain to build up the wasted system. It deserves to be kept in every household, not only to be used in cases of emergency, but to assist in prolonging life and bringing health and happiness.

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GREENY—Say p'liceman, does anyone ever ask you to show them where the Hyman Co.'s store is?

THE COP—Do they? Well, if you run this beat and had to answer the question as often as I do, you'd get rattled. Why, there isn't a stranger comes to town but makes a bee line for Hyman's, and it's a caution to see the bundles they carry away.

GREENY—Well, you just steer me there an' I'll be much obliged b'gosh. You see I was kind onvertin' like about whether it's what they crack it up to be, and I wanted to know how other folks took to the place, don't you see.

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FURNITURE, CARPETS, STOVES AND HOUSEHOLD GOODS!

Our Fall stock is now complete and ready for inspection. Delay buying anything in our line until you have called on the largest general credit house in Toledo.

PEOPLE'S OUTFITTING COMPANY, 129-131 SUMMIT STREET-RETAIL SIDE.

CASH OR CREDIT. NO SECURITY ASKED.

Steadman COLLEGE
Corner Summit and Adams Sts.
TOLEDO, OHIO.
PHONE 1246

That $135.00 Type Writer has arrived. It will be presented to our best Student. Would you like to be the lucky one?

Call at the office and see this Machine, the most handsome ever brought to the city.

Night School opens Monday Sept. 26th.

A. H. STEADMAN, Prin.

THE UNION SAVINGS BANK

Interest paid on Savings Deposits. Safe Deposit Boxes for rent. Sells Foreign Exchange, Letters of Credit. Municipal Bonds bought and sold. Money Loaned on First Mortgage.

James Secor, Pres. Leander Burdick, Cashier

OPEN AN ACCOUNT WITH

The Merchants' & Clerks' Savings Bank, 338 Summit St.

NEAR THE CORNER OF ADAMS.

Interest paid on Savings and Time Deposits. Money loaned on approved security. Drafts issued in all parts of Europe.

OLIVER S. BOND, President. JOHN E. BAILEY, Vice President.
E. LOUIS SCHOMBURG, Cashier.

New Goods! New Goods!

OUR NEW FALL STOCK IS NOW COMPLETE.

Double-Breasted Suits for men, boys and children in all the newest shades and styles. Double-Breasted Overcoats of every shade and quality, and the largest assortment to select from.

OUR $2 STIFF HAT
IS THE BEST IN THE STATE.

We also have a complete line of White Shirts, Underwear, Neckwear, Hosiery, Gloves, Rubber Goods, Etc., which can't be beat.

Call and See Them Before Buying.

"The Model" Clothing House
NELLIS & HATTENBACH,
201-203-205 Summit Street, Corner Jefferson.

THE NEXT MORNING I FEEL BRIGHT AND NEW AND MY COMPLEXION IS BETTER.

My doctor says it acts gently on the stomach, liver and kidneys, and is a pleasant laxative. This drink is made from herbs, and is prepared for use as easily as tea. It is called

LANE'S MEDICINE

All druggists sell it at 50c. and $1.00 per package. Buy one to-day. Lane's Family Medicine moves the bowels each day. In order to be healthy, this is necessary.

GOOD COOKING

Is one of the chief blessings of every home. To always insure good custards, puddings, sauces, etc., use Gail Borden's "Eagle" Brand Condensed Milk. Directions on label. Sold by your grocer and druggist.

GOTTLIEB CONVICTED.

New York, Sept. 19.—Lawyer Henry Gottlieb was to-day convicted of forgery in the second degree and remanded for sentence. Gottlieb was accused of having swindled a number of persons out of thousands of dollars by means of worthless checks.

DR. JEKYLL AND MR. HYDE.

Not Only a Moral But a Physical Existence in Our Bodies.

The morally good or bad within us has been ably set forth in the story of Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde, but did it ever occur to you that there was a physical application of this remarkable story, more real and terrible than the contrasts of moral attributes?

The moral perfection of Dr. Jekyll is represented in our physical systems by sound, strong and vigorous health—the skulking, murderous immorality of Mr. Hyde has its prototype in the weakness or disease of our vital organs, which often exist within us, and which may, at any moment rise, overcome our strong health, and hold us in its deadly grasp.

How many diseases there are which thus grapple us before we are aware of our peril! We often neglect a little weakness or exhaustion, nervousness, tired brain, sleepless nights, from which we awake tired and unrefreshed, weary, languid feeling, headache, confusion of mind, dullness, loss of memory, strange sensations—which mean insanity. Cold feet and limbs, numbness, trembling, prickling sensation, extreme weariness of limbs—mean paralysis. Poor blood, low vitality, pale complexion and great weakness—mean consumption. We often disregard the weakness of nervous debility, malaria, the disorder of the stomach, liver or kidneys, until fatal disease fastens upon us.

You neglect these symptoms at your peril, for they may run into incurable disease.

You should use immediately that wonderful remedy, Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy, the pure vegetable medicine, which restores vigor to the tired brain, strength to the weak and shattered nerves, vitality and health to the exhausted body, and thus prevent fatal results. Druggists, $1.00.

"I had poor health for several years. Have been under the treatment of many doctors, but they did me no good. The more medicine I took, the weaker I grew; was so bad at last I could not eat or sleep, and had a cough that almost racked me to pieces. I had pains in my chest which made breathing very difficult. As my father, brother and sister had died with consumption, I thought my time had come. With much pleasure and gratitude I can now say that I have been entirely cured of my troubles by Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy. My appetite is excellent, food digests easily, sleep is refreshing, and altogether I feel restored to health once more. I most earnestly recommend Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy to all who are afflicted with obstinate chronic, nervous or painful diseases. I have recommended it to many sufferers, and am pleased to say that it has given general satisfaction.

"Mrs. ADDIE I. CRAGG,
"101 North Portland Av., Brooklyn, N.Y."

Dr. Greene, the most successful specialist in curing all forms of nervous and chronic diseases, 35 W. 14th street, New York, can be consulted free, personally or by letter. Call or write him about your case or send for symptom blank to fill out, and a letter fully explaining your disease, giving advice, etc., will be returned free.

GEN. ULLMAN DEAD.

Nyack, N. Y., Sept. 20.—Maj.-Gen. Daniel Ullman, who first organized colored troops in the late rebellion and took the first colored brigade south, died in this city this morning of old age. The general was of an honored French lineage. He was born in Wilmington, Del., on April 20, 1810.

Misses' School Jackets.

Another invoice received Monday morning.

Sanborn & Company,
403 Adams street.

GREAT FUR GARMENT DISPLAY COMMENCING WEDNESDAY

Wednesday we will display and put on sale and continue through the week the entire assortment of Seal and Fur Garments from one of the largest manufactories in the east. All garments guaranteed the best in quality and workmanship. Seal Coats a specialty.
LASALLE & KOCH.

Kidney affections of years' standing cured by Simmons Liver Regulator.—J. W. Poynts.

BILL WILL HUNT.

Berlin, Sept. 20.—Kaiser William will reach Vienna on October 8th and will afterwards go hunting in Styria.

We did not save a piece of goods from the fire. Every piece of goods on our shelves is the latest of this year's production. It will pay you to examine.
NEUHAUSEL BROS.

The government of the United States has saved $2,000,000 on money orders that have been lost or for some reason remain unpaid.

Come to us for Cloaks. Remember, not a single old garment in stock—all of last year's goods were consumed in the fire.
NEUHAUSEL BROS.

See Our Large Corner Window.

Linens

What should be of more interest to us? We wear linen all day, sleep between linen at night, linen covers the tables from which we eat, we can never get away from it. It is the constant companion of life. But many are deceived; think they have all linen when it is half cotton. Many buyers can hardly tell the difference between pure linen and linen and cotton. They are not up in their line. If you can't tell yourself can you not trust us? When we speak of linen we mean all linen. This is our linen week. Think of the linen articles you use in everyday life and you have a beginning of what we are offering this week.

LASALLE & KOCH.

ALL OVER THE CITY.

Minor Notes of Interest in the Local News Line,

Gathered by the Bee's Corps of Hustlers,

And Put in Shape for Perusal by People Who Are Pressed for Time—Happenings of the Day in a Nutshell.

Hoofland's Bitters give strength.

L. A. 1042 held the weekly meeting last night.

The St. Cecelia society meets at Friendship hall to-night.

Master House Painters' association meets Friday evening.

The Carpenters and Builders' association hold a meeting to-night.

All the late styles of type can be found at the Bee Job Rooms.

The records in the gas case were filed in supreme court to-day.

Toledo's lodge of Elks expects soon to occupy more commodious quarters.

A meeting of the Toledo Republican club will be held to-morrow night.

The Bible class meeting will be held at the Y. W. C. A. parlors this evening.

Col. S. C. Reynolds is in New York attending a meeting of the Wabash directors.

The Beginners' class in physical culture met in Miss Phelp's gymnasium last night.

The next meeting of the Emerson class will be held next Monday evening, September 26.

Police board to-morrow night. The council committee on health will be present to consult.

Chas. Kinney, jr., was fined $15 and costs this morning by Judge Sala for assault and battery.

Findlay sent down a couple of hands yesterday to smash stone at the workhouse for a while.

Try Folger's Rose Brand Hams.

In common pleas court to-day William Santschi applied for a divorce from his wife, Della Santschi.

Night school, Davis' Toledo Business college, 516 Summit, near Steedman monument, opens September 26.

A social meeting of the Isabella circle is being held at the home of Mrs. Rosa L. Segur on Broadway this afternoon.

To-morrow afternoon, at the residence of Mrs. D. A. Collins, 2649 Cherry street, will be held a joint meeting of the Ladies'

The Lowell Pleasure club will give its second annual masquerade party at Eversman's hall Thursday evening, October 20.

Mrs. J. C. Stone lectures on temperance to-night at the Ironville chapel, and Wednesday evening at the Monroe street M. E. church.

The case of Michael Toot, who went on a toot once too often, was settled in police court this morning by the payment of $5 and costs.

Kohler's spring '78 whisky is the best.

Yesterday Judge Ricks confirmed the sale of the DeShay property to the Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance company, Consideration $5,350.

The twin cases of A. J. Fish and Arthur Langg, who are charged with neglecting their children, were continued in police court this morning until Thursday.

New millinery—new millinery—at Bailey & Dwight's, corner Adams and Superior.

The call for the judicial convention, to nominate a candidate for common pleas judge, appears elsewhere. It will be held at Fremont, Thursday, September 29.

Stern, Block & Co. have rented a section of the Hall block, next to the First Congregational church on St. Clair street, and will move in the first of the month.

The Home Aid association holds the semi-monthly meeting this afternoon, at which reports of the entertainment committee for the anniversary celebration will be received.

The committees on judiciary and claims and accounts have been called to meet to-morrow night. Quite a number of important matters are expected to come for adjudication.

An adjourned committee meeting will be held Friday afternoon at the home of Mrs. J. S. Eck, 1212 Madison street. Every member of this committee is especially requested to be present.

C. A. Koeppe, a draughtsman in the city civil engineer's office, who was arrested yesterday for assault and battery, had his case marked off the police court docket this morning by paying the costs.

Mr. A. W. Francisco, formerly connected with the Toledo Commercial, has been nominated by the republicans of Los Angeles county, California, for Supervisor of the Second Supervisional district.

Building permits were issued to-day and yesterday as follows: C. A. Henry, $500 frame dwelling on Craig street; R. A. Hinchine, $800 frame dwelling on Dorr street; Geo. Wortz, $350 frame barn on Grand avenue.

New millinery—new millinery—at Bailey & Dwight's, corner Adams and Superior.

The members of the democratic congressional committee met in Toledo yesterday, and agreed upon the call as printed in last evening's Bee. The convention will be held at Bowling Green, Tuesday, Oct. 4, two weeks from to-day.

Foreign Missionary society and the Auxiliary Home Mission society, of the First Congregational church, the occasion being a thank offering meeting. Roll call will be responded to by some scripture selection or suitable verse or sentiment.

Bartholemew Garrity, mention of whose death was made in the Bee last evening, was employed on the Clover Leaf docks instead of the Lake Shore yards. Several persons who saw the deceased before his disappearance state that he was not under the influence of liquor.

Toledo Coal Dealers' exchange met last night and completed the consideration of the constitution. Regular meetings will be held the last Monday evening in each month. Expulsion from the exchange is the penalty for selling coal at prices below the schedule adopted.

The case of P. S. Curtis, an ex-railroad switchman, came up in police court this morning. Curtis was charged with stealing $8.05 from one John Kelley, who runs a saloon at No. 19 St. Clair street, and by whom he was employed. Judge Sala said he thought the evidence insufficient to warrant a conviction, and therefore discharged the defendant.

Called Meeting.

There will be a called meeting of the Union of Unions on the afternoon of October 1, at 3 o'clock, in the Central Congregational church, corner of Adams and Tenth streets, to consider the change of the state constitution of the W. C. T. U.

Delegates to the state convention and throughout the country, as well as all people interested in temperance work, are cordially invited to be present.

The Jewish New Year.

The Jewish New Year, "Rosh Hashona," begins to-morrow eve. This is one of the most important and solemn holidays in the Jewish calendar. Rev. Dr. I. Mecheler, of Meridian, Miss., will officiate at the Tenth Street temple. Services will begin at 7:30 p. m on Wednesday evening and 10 o'clock Thursday morning following. Seats can be secured of the secretary, J. Stelnem, 424 Summit street.

Next Door to Health Headquarters.

The alley running from Monroe street to the police station between Superior and St. Clair streets is in a bad sanitary condition and should be cleared up immediately. The stench arising therefrom is simply horrible, and will certainly breed disease if it is not done away with very soon. It is strange that such a condition of affairs should exst within a stone's throw of the health office.

Costs Something to Beg.

Fred W. Church, who had a wooden leg and no tobacco, was arraigned in police court this morning on the charge of begging. He denied it, but the facts were against him and he was sentenced to pay the costs, a fine of $15 and serve 20 days in Toledo's bichloride of labor institute.

The operation of the sentence was suspended, however, for one hour in order to give the Church time to shake the dust of Toledo off of his good foot.

An Intellectual Treat.

On Wednesday evening, Dr. Mary Wood Allen, the national lecturer of the W. C. T. U., and with whose lecture, on the "Bequests We Leave Our Children," a large audience was charmed Sunday evening, will address the young ladies in the parlors of the Young Woman's Christian association building, at 8 o'clock.

Every young woman in Toledo, and every old one, too, is cordially invited to be present.

Mrs. Allen is a woman whom it is a delight to listen to. Those who have heard her will need no urging, and those who have not should avail themselves of this opportunity.

Wife Abuser Goes to the Works.

Judge Sala this morning sentenced August Albrecht, a Missouri street carpenter, to pay the costs of prosecution and serve twenty days in the workhouse for abusing his wife and neglecting to properly provide for his children. Albrecht was in the habit of getting drunk and applying foul epithets to his better and more conservative half, spitting in her face and extending divers other courtesies of a familiar nature. Mrs. Albrecht is a weak-looking woman, but forbearance had ceased to be a virtue and she finally made a complaint.

Judge Sala's Daily Grind.

Judge Sala read the riot act to the following drunks this morning and imposed the appended sentences: Wm. Ramsay, costs; Thos. O'Harron, costs; William Davis, $5 and costs; J. D. Johnson, costs; D. H. Barnes, costs; Joseph English, costs. Joseph Varback and John Kelley, charged with a like offense, forfeited their bail. The case of John H. Preston, charged with disturbance, was marked off the docket, and the case of Richard Dodge, who was arrested for abusing his family, was continued until to-morrow.

To Consider Quarantine Regulations.

The board of health will meet to-morrow night for the purpose of deciding whether or not the existing quarantine regulations in reference to immigrants coming to or passing through Toledo on railroad trains shall be continued indefinitely.

Dr. Fisher said this morning that the only source from which Toledo had anything to fear was Detroit and the Michigan Central road. He said he was in favor of perpetuating indefinitely the present precautionary measures. There have been no new developments since yesterday. The scare, if there ever was one, has subsided, but the general cleaning up is going on the same as before.

Arrested on a Charge of Burglary.

A few minutes before 12 o'clock last night Officers Dwyer and Owens discovered three men in the store on St. Clair street adjoining the Wheeler opera house on the Jefferson street side. An auction sale of clothing and divers other articles is being carried on in this place, and when the men were discovered by the officers the burglars were calmly looking over the stock and selecting whatever pleased their fancy.

The officers effected an entrance, but when they got inside two of the would-be burglars had made their escape and the only one caught was a lad named Gunn, who had formerly been employed in the store. He was searched at the police headquarters and evidences of his guilt discovered. The names of his companions are known, and they will be arrested as soon as the officers can locate them.

Detectives Carew, O'Brien, Nichter and Hall this afternoon arrested two young men in East Toledo on suspicion of being implicated in the robbery. They were discovered on Oak street by Detective Carew shortly after dinner. When they found out that they were being watched they made an attempt to escape, but did not succeed in doing so. Their names are James Quigley and Alfred T. Benster. They will be detained at headquarters on the general charge of suspicion until the matter has been thoroughly investigated.

THE GAS TRUSTEES

Will Probably Buy Pumps at This Afternoon's Meeting.

The gas trustees went to the field yesterday and succeeded in locating a number of desirable wells that will probably be secured for the city. One well with an output of 500,000 feet was purchased. This afternoon the contract for the gas pumps will probably be let.

There were eight bids, some covering all and others only part of the contract entered. The result will not be known until later.

The following are some of the bids:

Hall Steam Pump company, Pittsburg, three pumps, $11,000; seven boilers, electric light plant, iron buildings, $15,000; or will erect entire plant for $27,500. This includes two artesian wells and guarantees 15,000,000 feet of gas per day.

A second offer from the same firm places the price at $22,500, but provides for two pumps and five boilers.

Gordon Steam Pump company, Hamilton, O., two pumps, $6,000; each pump capacity 4,000,000 feet a day. Second proposition, two pumps, $9,000.

Arbuckle, Ryan & Co., Toledo, six boilers with connections, $10,000; boiler houses, $11,003.

S. D. Greene, Lima, O., proposition to drill water wells to supply pumping station, $1.56 a foot.

J. W. Balleux, Toledo, drill wells, $1.50 a foot.

Titusville Iron Co., boilers- 800-horse power, $850 each.

Excelsior Machine & Boiler woks, Chicago, six 100-horse power boilers, $7,500.

IN LABOR CIRCLES.

Dates of Future Meetings and Other Items of Interest.

There is a very little of importance to record in labor circles. The unions are holding smeetings for routine business mostly, and little that is of interest to the public, takes place. Some interest is manifested in the coming meeting of the Central Labor union, as it is expected the recent trouble of the printers will come up for discussion and some action either endorsing, or condemning, will probably be taken.

The Building Trades council, the Tailors' union, Iron Moulders' union, metal polishers, willow workers, and cigarmakers all held meeting last night, with good attendance.

As the evenings become longer and cooler the members take more interest, and turn out in larger numbers.

This evening Painters' union, No. 7, the Salesmen's association, Barbers' union, No. 5, and the Bricklayers' union hold their regular meetings.

To-morrow night Carpenters' union, No. 25, the Stonemasons, and the International association of Machinists have their weekly meetings.

Thursday evening, the Central Labor union holds the fortnightly meeting, and on Friday night Machine Woodworkers' union, No. 19, Lathers' union, No. 5366, the Lakesemen's Benevolent association and the plasterers hold meetings.

Saturday night is the regular meeting night of the German carpenters and Stationary engineers.

Sunday afternoon, September 25, Carpenter's union will hold a special meeting to vote on the amendments to the constitution, as submitted by the St. Louis convention.

CENTRAL OHIO CONFERENCE

Program Arranged for the Meeting at Van Wert.

The Central Ohio M. E. Conference will convene in annual session at Van Wert next week, Bishop Ninde presiding. The program arranged for the daily meetings is as follows:

Tuesday.

9 a. m.—Examination of undergraduates. 7:30 p. m.—Evangelistic services, conducted by Dr. S. A. Kean.

Wednesday.

9 a.m.—Itinerant club, lecture on "Sacred Oratory," Dr. George K. Morris, St. Paul's M. E. church, Cincinnati, O.

9 a. m.—First session of conference.

2:30 p. m.—Missionary sermon by Rev. J. L. Hillman.

4 p. m.—Pentecostal meetings, Dr. S. A. Kean.

7:40 p. m.— Church extension anniversary, address by Rev. W. A. Spencer, D. D., corresponding secretary.

Thursday.

8 a. m.—Itinerant Club, lecture on "Sacred Oratory," Dr. Geo. K. Morris, D. D.

9 a. m.—Conference session.

2:30 p. m.—W. F. M. S. Anniversary in charge of Mrs. A. S. Clason. There will be some missionaries from foreign fields who will address the meeting.

4 p. m.—Pentecostal meetings, Dr. A. S. Kean.

7:30 p. m.—Freedman's Aid anniversary, address by Rev. J. W. Hamilton, D. D., corresponding secretary.

Friday.

8 a. m.—Itinerant Club, lecture on "Sacred Oratory," by Dr. Geo. K. Morris.

9 a. m.—Conference session.

2:30 p. m.—W. H. M. S. Anniversary in charge of Mrs. W. G. Williams. This meeting will be addressed by some missionaries of our home field.

4 p. m.—Pentecostal meeting, Dr. S. A. Kean.

7:30 p. m.—Missionary anniversary, address by Rev. A. B. Leonard, D. D., corresponding secretary.

Saturday.

8:00 a. m.—Itinerant club, lecture on "Sacred Oratory," Dr. George K. Morris.

9:00 a. m.—Conference session.

2:30 p. m.—Epworth league anniversary. Time from 1 to 4 p. m. Order of service, 1 to 2 p. m. Cabinet meeting of all presidents and secretaries of the district together with the annual conference cabinet. The anniversary address will be delivered by Mr. R. B. Bane, of Columbus, O., president of fifth general conference district and others. Time of anniversary, 2 to 4 p. m.

4:00 p. m.—Pentecostal meeting, Dr. S. A. Kean.

7:30 p. m.—Educational anniversary, address by Dr. J. W. Bashford, D. D., president of Ohio Wesleyan university and Dr. Gray, secretary of American university, of Washington, D. C.

Sunday.

9:00 a. m.—Conference love feast.

10:30 a. m.—Sermon by Bishop W. X. Ninde, D. D., L. L. D., with ordination of deacons.

2:30 p. m.—Pentecostal sermon by Dr. S. A. Kean, and ordination of elders.

7:30 p. m.—Evangelistic service conducted by Dr. S. A. Kean.

Monday.

8:00 p. m.—Itinerant club, lecture on "Sacred Oratory," Dr. Geo. K. Morris.

9:00 a. m.—Conference session.

2:00 p. m.—Memorial service.

4:00 p. m.—Pentecostal service, Dr. S. A. Kean.

7:30 p. m.—Possibility of adjournment. General business, etc.

OPENING! Fall and winter Millinery, Thursday, Friday and Saturday, Sept. 22, 23 and 24.
MRS. E. J. ADELSPERGER,
1318 Adams street.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

Fine Crawford Peaches, both early and late; 50 bushels in bushel baskets, received to-day at E. A. ROOD'S.

You will find the largest assortment of Pears in the city at
E. A. ROOD'S,
625 St. Clair street.

Choice Concord Grapes, 3 1-2c lb. by the basket, at E. A. ROOD'S.

M'ALLISTER'S TROUBLES.

His Son and His Wife Disagree.

New York, Sept. 20.—A special to the Herald from Newport, R. I., is to the effect that Hayward Hall McAllister, son of Ward McAllister, who recently secretly married Miss Jenny Garmany, of Savannah, was, according to report, visited by the wife a few days ago and threatened with arrest on the ground of desertion and non-support.

Mr. Ward McAllister late last night confirmed the report only so far as to admit that there was a conference of lawyers a few days ago but that there were not and would not be any sensational developments.

He referred the reporter to his son's attorney, Commissioner Albert Gallup, for any information. Hayward McAllister confirmed all his father had said, adding that his wife has been badly advised and had taken the initiative. For further information he also referred to his attorneys, Messrs. Gallup and Peckham, who declined to discuss the matter.

A RARE AND NOTABLE PRIZE CONTEST.

Who first placed his signature on the Declaration of Independence?

The Home Jewel will give an elegant Chickering puro-toned, upright piano to the first person answering the above question correctly; two first-class round-trip railroad tickets to Chicago and return and admission tickets for two to World's Fair grounds to witness dedication of buildings October 21, 1892, for each of next two correct answers; a gold decorated China dinner set for the fourth correct answer.

An additional special prize, a beautiful pair of gold and pearl opera glasses, will be given for the first correct answer from each state. Each person answering must send fifteen two-cent stamps for 6 mos. subscription to *The Home Jewel*, the illustrated family paper containing particulars of our prize competition for a free trip to California or Florida. The object of offering these prizes is to increase the circulation of this excellent family paper. Send to-day and you may secure a costly prize. Names of all prize-winners in October number. Write plainly name, post-office, express office, county and state. Address *The Home Jewel*, Suite 601, Manhattan Bldg., Chicago, Ill.

Save Money!

. . . BY PATRONIZING US . . .

We can save you money and give you the best work ever offered. Don't fail to make appointments now and avoid the rush, as everybody must have a dozen of our $3 Cabinets.

Van Loo & Trost,
328 Summit St.

P. & P.
KID GLOVES

If you cannot get these gloves from your dealer, notify the manufacturer, Pings & Pinner, 384 and 386 Broadway, N. Y., and they will see that you get them.

Heiskell's Ointment

Is a positive cure for all forms of
SKIN DISEASE.

We base this assertion on our observation of over thirty years, in which time a very large number and variety of *Skin Diseases* have been reported to us as cured, by the simple use of Heiskell's Ointment, without the aid of internal remedies. Many of these were cases of long duration, that had resisted the treatment of the most eminent medical talent in this and other countries. Heiskell's Ointment seems never to have failed in a single instance.

Sold by Druggists, or sent by mail.

Price 50 Cents per box.

Send for "Hints for Kitchen and Sick Room," Free.
JOHNSTON, HOLLOWAY & CO.,
531 Commerce Street, Philadelphia.

DIED.

RAPP—Chas. Rapp, at 4:15 p. m. Monday, Sept. 19th, 1892, aged 38 years, 10 months.

Funeral services at residence on Prairie avenue, Creek Side addition, Wednesday, at 2 p. m. p

BOYD—At St. Vincent's Hospital, Toledo, O., Sept. 19th, Robert B. Boyd, son of H. A. and Mary A. Boyd, aged 28 years, 2 months and 15 days.

Funeral at 2 o'clock Thursday afternoon, Sept. 22d, at residence of Mrs. O. N. Stebbins, corner of Broadway and Mulberry.

LATE ADVERTISEMENTS.

WANTED—TWO OR THREE MEN OF good address to sell our goods in the city; a new article to work on. Metropolitan Mf'g. Co., 703 Jefferson street. 20sep3p

WANTED—A COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework; must have good reference; good wages paid. 1014 Superior st. 20sep3

FOR RENT—SINGLE ROOM JUST NEWly furnished, between Madison and Adams street at 326 Huron street. p

WANTED—TO TRADE HOUSE AND LOT on Western avenue for 40 acres improved land; lot has fruit trees and grapes; street cars run past the door. Address H. Clarke, 1309 Western avenue, Toledo, O. 20sep6p

WANTED—BAND SAWYER — FIRST-class man can secure work with Strauss Mf'g. Co., W. Washington street. 20sep3

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; one who can cook. Apply to Mrs. E. S. Platt, Room 79, Hotel Madison. 20sep3

WANTED—BY MIDDLE-AGED, SOBER and steady man, a position as companion with aged gentleman, or to nurse an invalid. Address J. 56 Bee office. 20sep3

FOR SALE—BABY CAB, VERY CHEAP. Address J. 53, Bee office.

HAVE YOU SEEN THE STEADMAN College prize machine? It is the finest typewriter ever made and is a Yost. As usual, it won over all competitors. C. W. Dalley, Agent, 108 Summit street. p

WHO EVER HEARD OF SUCH A chance! We teach you typewriting without it costing you a cent and allow you to use the Yost typewriter. C. W. Dalley, Agent, 108 Summit street. p

GIRL WANTED FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork; German-American preferred, to go to Chicago; wages $4.50 per week; small family. Apply 620 Erie street, at once. 20sept2

WANTED—A BRIGHT, HONEST BOY about 16 years old to work in Dental office. Apply at Dr. Kuebler's office, 409 Summit street.

WANTED—AGENTS—LADIES OR GENtlemen, for three of the fastest selling articles in the market. 615 Jefferson st. p

WANTED — DRESSMAKER. FIRST-class, to take charge of dress cutting school. Call at once; $10 to $15 per day; no experience in cutting is necessary. 615 Jefferson street. p

WILL THE GIRL WHO CALLED AT 547 and 620 Bartlett street Monday noon, Sept. 19th, please call again? 20sept2p

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM WITH board. 710 Oliver street. 20sept2p

WANTED—A COMPETENT DRESSMAKer wishes sewing by the day. Address J. 54, Bee office. p

LOST—PUG DOG NAMED FITZGERALD, with nickle collar, black lining; two names on collar, Fitzgerald and W. E. Armstrong. Finder will be liberally rewarded by returning same to 746 East Broadway, corner Navarre avenue. 20sept2p

FOR RENT—CENTRAL 8 ROOM DWELling, $35 per month; 7 room modern flat, $25 per month. J. P. Delphey & Co., 7 Adams Block, corner St. Clair and Adams streets. 20sep6p

FOR RENT—TWO CENTRALLY LOcated rooms, suitable for light housekeeping or offices. Address J. 53, Bee office. 20sept3

AGENTS WANTED—AGENTS TO SELL clocks, wringers, lace curtains, etc.; city references required; men of good habits and character only, wanted. C. F. Adams Company, W. F. Adams, Manager. 424 Adams street. 20sep6p

WANTED—A COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework; one that wishes to move to Chicago; family of three; wages $4.50 per week; references required. Apply mornings, 2003 Jefferson street. 3sept3

WANTED—COTTAGE ELIGIBLY LOcated for immediate occupancy. Mrs. Louise Marksscheffel, Sunday Journal. 20sept2p

A. T. KLINE
DENTIST,
35 Superior Street, over Allen & Parkhurst's.

BRIDGE AND CROWN WORK A SPECIALTY

PHONE 448

"14 YEARS Suffering of Nervousness Cured by two Bottles of DR. MILES RESTORATIVE NERVINE,"

Says A. F. Stark Penn Yan, N. Y. "10 yrs. of Sick Headache cured by two Bottles," Emeline Flint, Ottawa, Ohio. Nervine is the quick remedy for Sleeplessness, Nervous Prostration, Epilepsy, St. Vitus' Dance, Opium Habit, Nervous Dyspepsia, Hysteria, Convulsions, Neuralgia, Paralysis, etc. Thousands testify. Trial Bottle, elegant Book Free at druggists. Miles Medical Co. Elkhart, Ind.

For Sale by all Druggists

"WORTH A GUINEA A BOX."
BEECHAM'S PILLS
COVERED WITH A TASTELESS AND SOLUBLE COATING.
For SICK HEADACHE,
Dizziness, or Swimming in the Head, Wind, Pain, and Spasms at the Stomach, Pains in the Back, Gravel, and flying Pains in the Body, Rheumatism, etc.
Take four, five or even six of Beecham's Pill, and in nine cases out of ten, they will give relief in twenty minutes; for the pill will go direct to and remove the cause, the cause being no more nor less than wind, together with poisonous and noxious vapours, and sometimes unwholesome food.
Of all druggists. Price 25 cents a box.
New York Depot, 365 Canal St.

Read Important Read

Dr. C. G. Clark, the Botanic Specialist, will not advertise much, but puts his money into fine medicines, and cures hundreds that are flocking to his parlors that have failed to get help elsewhere. He discards their injurious poisons, and cures with the Botanic Remedies.

Dr. Clark has cured many of the worst cases of female diseases without the knife, even Cancers and Uterine Tumors. Dr. Clark cures chronic diseases of the brain, ear, eye, nose, throat, lungs, liver, stomach, bowels, kidneys, rectum, blood and skin. Dr. Clark is the only specialist in the city for syphilis, gonorrhea, loss of manhood and female complaints. If you mean business call at room 6, 419 Madison street, Toledo, O. Consultation free.
MRS. M. PATCH. 8ea.

CAMPAIGN DRUMS
Big Variety! Big Stock! Low Prices! at
Ignaz Fischer's Music House
229 SUMMIT STREET.

HARCOURT PLACE SEMINARY.
Gambier, O. For young ladies & girls. Founded 1857 to provide, west of the Alleghanies, a school of the highest grade. Pupils from 21 States. Rev. Ada I. Ayer, B.A., Prin.

KENYON MILITARY ACADEMY.
Gambier, O. This old & remarkably successful school provides thorough preparation for college or business, & supervision of health, habits & manners. L. Hunt, U. S. Instr.

Mantels Draperies Art Glass Fret Work Screens
Mantels Draperies Art Glass Grille Work Easels
Mantels Draperies Art Glass Fret Work Lamps
Mantels Draperies Art Glass Grille Work Tables
Mantels Draperies Art Glass Fret Work Baskets
— — — — —
BRIGGS & LEIBIUS BRIGGS & LEIBIUS BRIGGS & LEIBIUS BRIGGS & LEIBIUS BRIGGS & LEIBIUS

As We Said Before—

You don't want your little girl to wear coarse, clumsy, ill-fitting shoes.

There's been a demand for

STYLISH MISSES' SHOES.

If your little daughter is going to

Dancing School,

you should clothe her feet in

BRONZE SHOES.

They're correct style.

REINHART & MURPHY
443 Summit Street, Near Oak.

STEINWAY, CHICKERING, PIANOS Gildemeister & Kroeger Kurtzmann, Stuyvesant,
311 SUPERIOR ST. C. J. WOOLLEY & CO

341---STRASBURGER'S---341
MID-SUMMER
CLEARANCE SALE!
OF
SHOES AND SLIPPERS!

In order to dispose of all Summer Footwear we will sell same at and below cost. Below we quote a few closing out prices:

LADIES'	Ladies' Oxford Ties	MEN'S.
FORMER PRICE	FORMER PRICE	FORMER PRICE
$6 50 now $4 35	$5 00 now $3 50	$6 50 now $4 35
$5 00 now $3 35	$4 00 now $2 75	$5 00 now $3 35
$4 00 now $2 75	$3 50 now $2 35	$4 00 now $2 75
$3 50 now $2 35	$3 00 now 2 00	$3 50 now $2 35
$2 50 now $1 65	$2 00 now $1 35	$2 00 now $1 37
In fact, we will close out all our Ladies' Shoes without reserve	The above must be closed out in a few days.	Gentlemen, these are for a few days only.

MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S SHOES AT EQUALLY LOW PRICES

L. STRASBURGER,
341 SUMMIT STREET.

A GUARANTEE!

The man who knows no more about the principle of heating than you do will give you a written guarantee to heat your house. But does he heat the house when the weather is at zero? As a rule he absolutely fails, and you have no remedy until spring. Is not the best guarantee you can get the reputation of a furnace man that he has never failed to heat a house he undertook to heat?

E. A. EVERSMAN,
CORNER
Broadway and Logan Sts.
Phone 572.

TOLEDO Business AND Shorthand School.
516 Summit St.
PHONE 1021.

NIGHT SCHOOL!
Opens Monday, Sept. 26.
Eleven Years under the Management of M. H. Davis.
Mr. Davis will teach the arithmetic and instruct in bookkeeping. Mr. Brown, three years' experience in office work, shorthand and typewriting. Mr. C. C. Lester, penmanship, spelling and correspondence. Twelve weeks—Cash, $8; in payments, $10.

LAMPS
Crockery, China, Glassware,
And Fancy Goods.
H. Schaefer & Co.
204 Summit St., 2d door from Jefferson.

Cork is a Non-Conductor
Sole of Dampness,
For Hand Cold and Heat.
Comfort, Turned
Health Shoes!
and Style.
Ladies' Shoe Parlors,
333 Superior Street.
HILL BROTHERS, Props

The Toledo Bee

BY THE TOLEDO BEE CO

ELMER WHITE, Editor and Publisher.

THE DAILY BEE, Five Dollars a year, ten cents a week. Eight pages every day.

THE WEEKLY BEE, One Dollar a year, eight pages, eight columns each.

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DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

For President,
GROVER CLEVELAND.
For Vice-President,
ADLAI E. STEVENSON.

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

For Secretary of State,
W. A. TAYLOR, of Franklin.
For Judge of Supreme Court (long term),
JOHN J. DRIGGS, of Monroe.
For Judge of Supreme Court (short term),
THOMAS BEER, of Crawford.
For Clerk of Supreme Court,
WILLIAM H. WOLFE, of Fairfield.
For Member State Board of Public Works,
J. N. MYERS, of Hamilton.

For Circuit Judge,
CHARLES H. SCRIBNER

COUNTY TICKET.

Recorder—Jacob Kohn.
Commissioner—Luther C. Gibbs.
Infirmary Director—Joseph Gates.
Surveyor—William G. Root.

DEMOCRATIC Congressional Convention

The Democrats of the Ninth Congressional District of Ohio, comprising the counties of Fulton, Lucas, Ottawa and Wood, are hereby notified to meet in convention in Bowling Green, Wood County, at 10 o'clock a. m.,

ON TUESDAY, OCTOBER 4, 1892,

for the purpose of placing in nomination a candidate for congress to be supported at the November election.

The basis of representation in this convention will be one vote for every one hundred votes, and one for every fraction of 50 and over, cast for James E. Campbell for Governor in 1891. Upon this basis the several counties are entitled to the following vote in convention:

Fulton	17
Lucas	85
Ottawa	29
Wood	46

L. C. COLE, Secretary. W. J. COLBURN, Chairman.

Democratic Judicial Convention

The Democratic Judicial Convention for the nomination of a Common Pleas Judge of the First Sub-division of the Fourth Judicial District will be held at Fremont, Ohio, on the 20th day of September, 1892, at 10:30 o'clock a. m. The delegates to said convention are apportioned as follows:

Lucas County	85
Ottawa County	29
Sandusky County	35
Huron County	31
Erie County	38

GEO. B. LOONE, Chairman.
J. M'CRYSTAL, Sec'y.

The proportion of profit-sharing can best be figured by Br'er Ashley after election.

Five thousand furniture workmen in Cincinnati threaten to go on a strike. The grievance is one of hours. They demand a reduction of time from ten to nine hours without a corresponding reduction of pay.

Jerusalem is having a boom. The new railroad from Jaffa has opened the way to speculation and the everlasting hills are being laid out in suburban additions. Of course the American real estate agent is in the boom.

This choice harmony sentence is from Col. Frank Hatton, the stalwart Hawkeye, now of the Washington Post:

'Mr. Harrison is the only man who ever held Blaine up by the coat collar and after he had shaken him and taught him a few lessons kicked him out of office."

The best notice from a friendly partisan standpoint that Gov. Ashley has received is printed in the Chicago Inter-Ocean and if from the pen of Mr. Wm. H. Maher. Ashley, of Ohio, will need many such good friends to help him to election in even this strong republican district.

Pillsbury, the millionaire wheat king, of Minneapolis, denies the "Great Conspiracy" and says his skirts are immaculately pure and white. If he only could make the farmers of the northwest wheat belt believe as much. The evidence is too strong to be met with newspaper denial.

There is sound argument and good democracy in the speech of Senator Hill, which the Bee publishes to-day. The distinguished leader of New York democrats presents the issues in forceful manner and calls upon the democrats to close ranks and carry the state for Cleveland. That's the talk. That means victory.

In administration circles where every man's loyalty to party is coldly tested by his work, the Maine slump has been investigated and blame is credited to Blaine and Reed. This accusation at a critical time in the campaign will hardly improve Br'er Harrison's already slim chance of carrying many states which he must have to retain his salary in Washington.

Crop reports from Kansas are better, and the estimate now is that the corn crop will be from 70 to 75 per cent. of an average yield. The weather is favorable, and farmers are putting in their winter-wheat. The average sown will be fully ten per cent. more than last year. Kansans are doing their level best to remove mortgages and the republican majority from their borders.

Chairman Eppstein, of the county central committee, issues an appeal to the democrats of the county to thoroughly organize the wards and townships. This is timely. While the republicans have a nominal majority, Lucas county is not reliably republican. Thorough, intelligent and systematic organization of the democrats will make the county doubtful, and possibly democratic. Organize, brethren, organize for victory.

There is trouble again out at Pine Ridge Agency, in South Dakota. Old Chief Moccasintop is on a rampage and will not come into the stockade. He wants a row and seems disposed to have it. As he puts it himself, "I want to die and take some one with me." If he continues in the going mood some crack shot of Uncle Sam's scouts will probably assist him in getting a move to the happy hunting grounds before another moon.

The nominal republican majority in this district is 1,700. In Lucas county, about 1,200. Mr. Ashley, the republican candidate for congress, can not carry this county. He will lose it by more than 500, no matter whom the democrats nominate. The railroad men, the workingmen generally, and the foreign born citizens will not support Jim Ashley and he knows it. That is why he will use so much money to offset his personal unpopularity. He cannot overcome the loss in Lucas county in the other counties. The democrats will carry this district. This assertion will prove prophecy in November.

Mr. Carlisle is quoted in the New York Telegram as saying, "Mr. Cleveland feels sure of New York city but has some doubts of the state." The Telegram is silly to put such words into the mouth of John G. Carlisle. Any democrat of prominence could carry New York city, and if they believed it neither Carlisle nor Cleveland would concede the doubt of the state. They are too good politicians for that.

Our friends the enemy are beginning to get scared in Iowa. Guess they have progressed beyond the beginning. They are scared already, and are making overtures to the populists to help them defeat Cleveland and Stevenson. Iowa is Weaver's state. He is popular at home. The great majority of the new party followers come from the republican ranks. The stampede away from Harrison is so great that Clarkson and other Iowa republican leaders greatly fear disaster in November. There is good prospect at present of Iowa casting its electoral vote against Benjamin Harrison.

COL. FRANK J. CHENEY FOR CONGRESS.

Considerable speculation is rife as to who will be the democratic candidate for congress—the democrat who can the most certainly defeat J. M. Ashley. Several names in the four counties comprising the district have been mentioned, all excellent gentlemen and democrats possessing elements of leadership. One name is suggested which in general opinion is the best of all, without disparagement to the others. Col. Frank J. Cheney is a leader around whom the party would rally to a man. He would run ahead of his ticket in every county. He would carry Lucas county and have 1,800 majority in Ottawa. He would easily defeat the republican candidate. He is popular with everybody. He enjoys deserved popularity. He is the man for this campaign. He is the man for the democrats to nominate. He is a sure winner.

PUT CRAPE ON THE DOOR.

Please do, and do it quickly. A dear little sweetling is gone to its eternal rest and must be mourned.

It was the darlingest infant of the whole family, the one of a thousand around which fond hopes clung in revolvement. It was the bright and particular star, the shinest of all..

It was a tin infant in life. It is worse than an old oyster can in the back yard in death, yet it was a hopeful baby and deserves all the fuss and tears and crape and funereal appearance its relatives can scrape together. Indeed, it does, the poor thing.

And to think the little child, hardly out of swaddling clothes, yet such a robust squawler, should turn up its little toes at this particular time when its life is most needed.

Its name was Temescal; its cradle was in California; it was rocked by Pa McKinley and its lullaby was hummed by Uncle Harrison. The precious thing was a sort of prop for the whole family, but it couldn't stand it any longer and quit. Yes, it just quit. Got tired. Kicked. Wouldn't play any longer. Didn't like to be called a little tin God. Knew its nurses were all tin plate liars.

Even protection couldn't save it, the poor thing. Put more crape on the door. Get a whole piece and cover the door, for the mourners are many and refuse to be comforted. Temescal is dead.

A LOST ART.

From Quebec comes the story that a French Canadian blacksmith named Alard, at Levis, has discovered the art lost since the Ancients, of hardening copper to the fineness of steel. The attention of Major General Herbert was attracted to the discovery, and by his direction Alard made a plate an inch thick, which was sent to England for testing in the ship yards. The test was successful in every particular and the discovery of the long lost art will be utilized in ship building by the English navy. Alard, like thousands of discoverers and inventors, may not reap pecuniary reward from this great discovery, but his posterity will hear his name thunder down the ages. That is something.

"WEALTH ACCUMULATES AND MEN DECAY."

One of the most favored of all protected industries is the manufacture of glass. And like many of the specially protected classes, wages are high and the interested owners have little difficulty in making employes believe the tariff is to be credited with the high wage. This may not be true in all branches. In the finer departments of glass making, skill and ingenuity are combined and the product goes upon the market upon merit, and wins its way to use and fortune. In such establishments the wage is one of the processes of profit sharing which the employe enjoys. But four-fifths of the business of glass making is confined to the common grades and in these branches the protection is the greatest, the profit the greatest, and the large wage the most grudgingly paid. If it were not for the strength of the glass makers' union's wages would not be nearly so high. Every intelligent glass worker knows this. He is sometimes fooled by political jawsmiths into believing the protective tariff helps him, but if for actual dependence he were obliged to give up the tax (which his employers get) or the union which helps him, he would fling protection to the dogs.

The National Glass Budget, which is the official organ of the glass workers' union takes this common sense view of the situation: It believes in protection to a certain extent, but blames protection for the lack of improvements in American glass factories, which keeps the grades low and inferior to foreign manufacture.

The Budget says the manufacturers get their profit from the tariff and they neither experiment nor improve methods or grades. It blames protection for the low ebb of glass making and arraigns the whole scheme in the following cutting language:

With the best raw materials in the world, the best and cheapest coal in the world, the best markets in the world, we see to-day with shame that we only do second rate work in all but a few of the minor branches of the business.

When natural gas came as a pure windfall did it do any permanent good? Did it as it should have done, give us the greatest markets of the world—as it might easily have done—against Germany and Belgium with coal at $4 per ton and England at $3, while ocean freights were only $ 2 per ton? No, it did not even give us the markets of Mexico or Canada or the South American republics—our natural markets. It was like the prize won in a lottery. It turned ten men into gamblers where it found one able to use it intelligently. As long as it lasted it stopped all furnace improvement, even made it retrograde. Glass factories now go about like traveling circuses. Glass manufacturers live in hotels with their grips already packed to move on. Glass blowers have become tramps, calling no city their freehold and no house their home, and boom towns are bonding their corn fields for the money that brings with it no good thing. Natural gas has in a small way done for the morals and character of the glass business what the protective tariff has done for the whole country. "Wealth accumulates and men decay."

Continuing its arraignment of the whole system of protection and exposing the methods of the factory owners the Budget says:

What was the use of spending money for careful scientific experiments when by going into politics we could get a revision of the tariff and so assure a greater profit? It is much easier to invest a few thousands in a campaign fund than to go into the pit of a gas producer and work at improvements in melting methods.

Is it not a shame for us to allow that our window glass is inferior to the imported because our highly protected manufacturers have not taken the trouble to build the best furnace? The holloware branch is but little better.

It is seldom one finds such practical exposition of the evils of the protective idea. But here is an example from the inner circle of one of the most enormously protected industries and the argument is unanswerable. Here is the conclusion of the whole matter, the summing up of the protection substitute for honest and fair trade, and in its way it is a jewel of expression and conviction:

It is well to nourish an infant industry through its early perils. A baby whose mother's breasts have failed to supply enough food may very properly help out with a bottle of cow's milk; that is protection, but it is a beastly substitute for a divinely ordained method. The man or woman who should advocate it as a desirable improvement on nature would neither make the world over again nor be elected governor of Ohio.

THE FIRST GUN

Fired in the Alleged Boodle Cases.

Councilman Daly Files a Motion to Quash the Indictment in Common Pleas Court.

The first gun was fired late yesterday afternoon in the so-called boodle cases now pending in common pleas court, in the form of a motion to quash the indictment filed by Stephen Brophy, attorney for John Daly.

The following is the language of the motion:

The said John Daly moves the court to quash the indictment by reason of a certain defect apparent upon the face of the record, in this, to-wit: the name of the prosecuting witness was not indorsed on said indictment, nor was there indorsed upon the bill that it was found upon testimony sworn and sent before the grand jury at the request of the prosecuting attorney, or of the foreman of the grand jury, and said offense is not defined in sections 6940 to 6948 inclusive of revised statutes.

TO THE DEMOCRATS

Of Lucas County—Organize in Every Ward and Precinct.

The democratic party throughout the land understands that this year more than other, success is a duty, having nominated a county ticket worthy of the support of every elector in the county, I call upon the democrats of this county to at once begin to organize, and ask that every ward and township, central and county committeeman take it upon themselves to call the democrats of their respective wards and townships together to form clubs, so as to be able to report after our congressional and judicial nominations are made, to the county executive committee.

Organize, fellow democrats. Every ward and township should have an organization which will aid us in the proper registration and to bring out our full vote. Nothing shall be left undone on the part of the county central committee to bring the election in November to a successful issue. M. M. EPPSTEIN,
Chairman Lucas County Central Com.

THE BURNETT HOUSE

Permanently Suspends Business This Morning.

The Popular Hostelry, After a Long and Prosperous Career, Gives Up the Ghost—Boarders Notified.

The Burnett house has given up the ghost.

The news will be heard with regret by hundreds, for the house was one of the best known and most popular in the state for about a quarter of a century.

Mr. Charles Freidman, of Detroit, purchased the Burnett from the heirs of the Burnett estate, and the institution for a time seemed to be flourishing under his management. He had a long and prosperous career as a hotel proprietor and manager, and every one predicted for him success in the Burnett.

He owns and manages the Franklin house in Detroit, and will probably remove there as soon as his affairs here are straightened out.

Mr. Freidman is a severe loser by the Burnett. The cause of his illness is said to be worry over the anticipated surrender.

There has been no seizure or assignment in the case. Mr. Freidman, through lack of financial backing, is simply unable to continue the business, and therefore restores it to Mrs. Mark Burnett, who holds a mortgage on the furniture. Yesterday the mortgages were reconveyed to Mrs. Burnett.

The house, it is understood, will not reopen. The owners of the building would like to re-lease it, but now that it has been closed its value has considerably lessened.

Last evening the guests and boarders were notified that breakfast this morning would be the last meal served.

It was a surprise to every one, as not the slightest intimation was given out that such a thing was probable.

The house was at one time the most popular and prosperous in Toledo, but the removal of the Union depot to Maumee, or practically there, killed the business in that part of the city south of Monroe street.

Mr. R. W. Smith, who is administrator of the Burnett estate, will take charge of the hotel.

Mr. Freidman is a sever loser by the suspension and he will practically lose all he has in it. He and his family have the sincere sympathy of many friends and acquaintances.

BRYAN NOTES.

Bryan, O., Sept. 20.—(Special)—Miss Georgia Dole left Monday for Oberlin college.

Walter Kitzmiller was up from Stryker Saturday.

L. D. Bentley was in Toledo Sunday.

Geo. Parcher and son were in Lewisburg Saturday.

M. M. Boothman was in Toledo Sunday.

Ed Garver was home over Sunday.

A. E. Snyder left for Pittsburg, Pa., Monday to enter the medical college there. He stopped in Cleveland on his way down.

CHOLERA MORBUS.

Paris, Sept. 20.—Two of the Paris newspapers state that they will cease to give special prominence to cholera reports. They assert that the number of fresh cases is not greater than usual at the fruit season and the deaths are largely those of old people who easily succumb to ordinary cholera morbus.

THE MAN FROM BOSTON.

Providence, R. I., Sept. 20.—A large audience welcomed John L. Sullivan in his new play, "The Man from Boston," here last night.

IN THE KEYSTONE STATE

The Democratic Clubs in Pennsylvania.

President Black Calls Them to Order.

An Enthusiastic Gathering of Delegates and a Splendid Speech.

Scranton, Pa., Sept. 20.—The convention of democratic clubs of Pennsylvania was slow to assemble to-day and it was almost half past 11 when the president of the society, Chauncey F. Black, called the assemblage in the academy of music to order. There was not the attendance of delegates anticipated, scarcely 1,000 being present at that hour, but these with the spectators wer enthusiastic.

President Black followed the call to order with an address congratulating the societies on their growth not only in the state, but throughout the nation. In the course of his address he said:

"The democratic society, purely Jeffersonian in principle, structure and history, is necessarily an aggressive agency of tariff reform and because it is so, I need hardly state that the nomination of that great disciple of Jefferson, Grover Cleveland, the man who in a single message recalled the democratic party and the American people to the consideration of the tariff question, has immensely stimulated the growth of distinctive democratic societies in all parts of the country.

"I do not hesitate that the election of Grover Cleveland, as to tariff taxes, would be a triumph for free constitutional government, not less important or less fruitful in valuable results than the first fruition of Thomas Jefferson himself, followed as it was, by the half century known as the "golden age of the republic."

The address was interrupted by frequent applause. It was responded to in behalf of the Lackawanna democracy by Judge Gunster, who welcomed the convention to the city.

The calling of the roll was then proceeded with.

TO SAVE NEW YORK.

Committeeman Hahn Calls Upon Our Own Flick,

And the Silver-Haired Orator Responds Promptly—After Saving New York He Will Save New Jersey and Connecticut.

The reign of democracy in New York state is threatened with disaster.

Bill Hahn, who has charge of the stump speaking for the republican national committee, has summoned the champion who will beard the Tammany Tiger in his lair.

Carl Andy Flickinger is the hero, and he will hie himself forth armed with a drove of his famous Irish bulls and a dictionary, and then woe to the democracy of the east.

In sober earnestness, however, Chairman Hahn has asked Mr. Flickinger to stump New York state and later the states of New Jersey and Connecticut.

These states will be "in a state of arnica," if Flick is allowed to run at large.

Flick needs no recommendation. He is the handsomest man in seventeen states, and will be a great attraction.

AN EDITOR SHOT.

He Had Denounced Lawlessness Very Strongly.

Somerset, Ky., Sept. 20.—Joseph B. Rucker, editor and proprietor of the Somerset Reporter, was shot and mortally wounded by an unknown assassin at 8 o'clock last night. He was on his way from his office to his home and was crossing the public square when three shots were fired. Two took effect. One landed in his shoulder and another passed through his body near the heart. Posses are out and if the assassin is caught nothing can prevent a lynching. Rucker had bitterly denounced lawlessness in Pulaski county.

A VAGRANT LORD.

Winnipeg, Man., Sept. 20.—Lord Haggin, who belongs to one of the first families in the peerage in Ireland, has been arrested for vagrancy and sent to jail for two months. He was at one time an inspector in the royal Irish constabulary and still draws a handsome pension for past services. Drink caused his downfall.

THE JUNE TAX COLLECTION

Has Been Apportioned to the Various Public Funds.

A Statement Showing the Balances to Their Credit After the Settlement.

County Auditor Jones has completed his semi-annual settlement with the county treasurer.

The following statement showe the net collection distributed to the various funds: State of Ohio, $60,219.13. County—General fund, $59,380.51; Children's home, $8,659.67; bridge, $9,896.76; building, $1,237 10; soldiers' relief, $4,948.36; debt and interest, $23,504.82; stone road building and repair, $22,267.68; dog tax, $468.34; township taxes, $3,256.06; school taxes, $128,447.56; corporation taxes, $294,513.25; special assessment, $202,338.15; total collection, $819,137.33.

Under the general levy $287,380.79 is the city's proportion of the collection.

The collection for special assessment in the city amounts to $189,253.73. The fireman pension fund receives $4,589.87; manual training school, $6,306.36.

The board of education receives from the regular levy $105,105.94 and from the state common school fund $21,109.50.

The delinquencies reported by the county treasurer amount to $294,401.40, as against $347,476.78, showing a decrease of $53,075.38.

On the June settlement of 1879 the treasurer reported $1,193,531.45 delinquencies, being as much as the state delinquency.

FREIGHT WRECK.

Amsterdam, N. Y., Sept. 20.—A westbound freight on the Central railroad was derailed near this city at midnight last night, and at 2 a. m. all four tracks were blocked. All the night express trains were held at different points along the line. Thirteen cars were crushed in one heap. No one was seriously injured.

SIX HOTELS BURNED.

Disastrous Blaze in Rockaway Beach.

Two Lives Lost and Much Valuable Property Destroyed.

New York Sept. 20.—A big fire is reported to be raging in the seaside museum, a large building situated in the center of a number of hotels at Rockaway Beach. Assistance has been sent from Far Rockaway. The wires to Rockaway are not in working order and little can be learned of the blaze.

Reports from Far Rockaway say that the fire at Rockaway Beach has destroyed six hotels and is still burning fiercely. Two lives are reported lost.

LAKE MARINE.

Vessel Passages Through the Straits—General Mention.

Lime Kilns, Sept. 20.—Down—Birckhead barges, 11:30 last night; Ford, 2:30; Turner barges, 6:10; Denver, 7:30; Cleveland barges, 8:20; Majestic, 9:30; Grover, Martin, 9:50; Drake, 10:20; Manota, 10:50.

Up—Stimson, 10:40 last night; Schuck, Sage, 12:30 a. m.; Chamberlain barges, 1; Parks Foster, Swain barges, 2:20; Avery, Hawgood, Fryer, 2:30; Samuel Mitchell, 4:30; Delaware, Grecian, 5:50; Tuttle, Foster, 6; Armenia consort, 6:30; Ganges, 7:20; Walker consort, 8:40; Cherokee, Chippewa, 8:50; Iroquois, 9; Van-Allen, Atwater, 9:30; Corsica, 10:30.

Passed Port Huron.

Port Huron, Sept. 20.—Down—Cumberland consort, 11:30 last night; Cleveland consort, Denver, 12:30 a. m.; Drake, 2; Majestic, 3; Lumberman barges, Havana, Gladstone, Manola, 4; Harlm, Vulcan, Elphicke, 5; Osthwaite, Wm. Chisholm, Juniata, Kaikaska, 8:30; Gogebic, 9; Fayette, Brown, 9:30.

Up—George Smith, Niagara, Schuylkill, Fitzmore, Grand Traverse, midnight; Eber Ward, Vanderbilt, Hope, Fitzpatrick, 2 a. m.; Schoolcraft consorts, Flower, 3; Henry Packer, Newaygo consort, Windsor, 4; Erin consort, 5; D. M. Wilson, Manitowac, 6; Sharke, Bissell, Allegheny, Sachem, Rudolph, 7; Inter Ocean, Vought, Parlow consort, Winslow, Geo. Chandler,

Through the Soo.

Sault Ste. Marie, Sept. 20.—Up—Nyanza, 10 last night; Duncan, 8 a. m.; Pasadena, Adriatic, 8:30; Pope, 9; Caledonia 10; Matoa, 10:30. Clear, calm.

Chicago.

Chicago, Sept. 20.—Small cargoes were not scarce to-day, but vessel agents had some difficulty in filling big boats. Rates are held at 2 1-2 cents for wheat to Buffalo, with no sign of change.

Duluth.

Duluth, Sept. 20.—Vessels are being chartered for wheat to-day at 3 1-4c to Buffalo.

Whaleback steamer James B. Colgate will be launched Saturday.

Buffalo.

Buffalo, Sept. 20.—Coal freights dropped to their normal condition of inactivity after yesterday's flurry, but rates are unchanged.

Charters—Parnell, Chicago, 55; George Williams, Duluth, 25.

Escanaba.

Cleveland, Sept. 20.—Escanaba ore shippers are fairly well provided with tonnage and it is not probable that the 75c rate will change this week.

On account of the demand from Duluth for grain carriers Ashland shippers are not as well provided for, however, and the rate is strong at $1.15.

Coal for Lake Superior is still very scarce at 40c.

Steamer Sold.

Chicago, Sept. 20.—The steambarge Maggie Duncan was sold by John Duncan to Frank B. Higgie, the Chicago vessel agent, to-day, for $30,000.

Milwaukee.

Milwaukee, Sept. 20.—More wheat is now in store at Milwaukee than for several years past. The stock aggregates fully 1,000,000 bushels. More than the usual amount of oats and barley will be shipped from their port this season, and it is likely that the grain trade will be unusually large until the close of navigation.

Through the Straits.

Mackinaw, Sept. 20.—Down—Buffalo, 10:15 last night; Duncan, 8 a. m.; Pasadena, Adriatic, 8:30; Pope, 9; Caledonia 10; Matoa, 10:30. Clear, calm.

Up—Boston, 9:30 last night; Pabst, 3:15 a. m.; Folsom consorts, 7; Hudson, A7:20; Clyde, 8. Wind east, fresh, clear.

IN A SOCIAL WAY.

Personal Gossip Relative to Toledoans

And Their Guests, Besides the Coming and Going of People in Whom Bee Readers Have an Interest.

Mrs. Melvin entertains Friday.

Mr. Robert Bell has returned from Chicago.

Mr. and Mrs. David Moe, of Wharton, O., are visiting Mrs. J. W. Wilson, Putnam street.

Genial Ben Wade, of Toledo, was in the city to-day. Ben is most sanguine of democratic success and asserts that the size of the democratic victory will surprise people next November.—Tiffin Advertiser.

Mr. Clinton Brooks, car accountant of the Minneapolis & St. Louis railroad, is in Toledo with his wife for a week's visit with Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Funk, after which they will go to Bellaire, Wheeling and Marietta.

Ed Marshall left for Cornell university this morning. Mr. Marshall is a recent graduate of the High school, and enters the law school there to finish his education. It is hoped there may be another Chief Justice Marshall.

Miss Ula Brown, of Fayetteville, Ark., is the guest of Miss Lorraine Melvin. Invitations to the number of 200 have been sent out by Miss Melvin for a reception in honor of Miss Brown on Friday evening, from 5 until 8.

Mr. Bert Repasz, of this city, will leave Thursday, Sept. 22, for Jackson, where he will wed one of Jackson's fair young ladies, Miss Florence Metz. Miss Metz is a prominent society lady and will be missed by her large circle of acquaintances. Mr. Repasz is one of Toledo's popular young business men. Eight hundred and twenty, Eleventh street, will be the home of Mr. Repasz and his bride upon their return.

THERE WAS NO MARRIAGE

Such Was the Decision of Probate Judge Millard.

In the Klipstein Administration Case—An Interesting Point in Law Passed Upon.

Judge Millard in probate court this afternoon rendered a decision in the case of Christopher Klipstein against Harvey Scribner, administrator of the estate of Christopher Klipstein, deceased

The case was submitted to the court some time ago, full particulars of which appeared in the Bee a day or two previous. When Klipstein died he left an estate valued at $5,000. Harvey Scribner was appointed administrator and filed a final account showing that he had turned over the estate to the deceased's widow. The trial developed, however, that he had received an indemnity bond for so doing.

The deceased's father, Christopher Klipstein, sr., and brother George, filed an exception to the administrator's accounting setting up that the beneficiary of the estate was not the widow of the deceased, that they had never been married and were not man and wife.

The widow in defense alleged that while no ceremony had ever taken place, they had lived together for four years, as man and wife, and claiming that under the old common law, cohabitation as man and wife constitutes a valid marriage.

The question involved for the court to decide was whether a marriage ever existed.

The court held that the laws of Ohio do not recognize a marriage not performed by some person authorized to solemnize such ceremony, and that no court in Ohio would sustain a marriage under the common law, unless a greater wrong was to be avoided by thus ignoring the state law.

The court held that in cases where a young and innocent girl had been induced to live with a man under promise of marriage, this would show an honest intention and the courts would enforce a marriage under the common law. The court, therefore, sustained the exception and refused to recognize the marriage.

When lips receive a rosy flush,
And teeth become a dazzling white
Beneath the efforts of the brush,
When SOZODONT is used aright;
The mouth becomes sweet, pure and warm
And the fresh breath an odorous charm.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

COMMON PLEAS COURT

Will Begin to Deal Out Justice Next Monday.

Prospects of a Most Interesting Term—The First Assignment of Cases.

The wheels of justice will be set in motion in common pleas court next week, beginning Monday morning at 9 o'clock.

This term promises to be the most interesting, both criminally and civilly, held in years.

There is an unusually large civil docket and the indicted councilmen will make the criminal docket interesting.

The following cases will be called for assignment next Monday morning:

By Judge Lemmon—Court Room No. 1.

20526—Adolph Brand e. al v John Lesson et al.

24012—F. Powell & Co. v Olin W. Benster.

24326—Kate Redding v Andrew Tuey et al.

24325—C. L. Luce Co. v L. S. & M. S. Ry. Co.

25208—Olin W. Benster v Frank Powell et al.

25263—George Fisher v Henry Miller et al.

27331—Rachel L. Heller v George H. Ketcham.

27693—John O'Farrell v Alexander Dawson.

27934—City of Toledo v T., St. L. & K. C. Ry. Co.

28255—Baker v Toledo Carriage & Variety Co.

28627—L. W. Wachenheimer v Richard Hoskins.

28694—Matter of dissolution of Matthews Gas & Oil Co.

29025—Shaw, Kendall & Co. v Matthews Gas & Oil Co.

29294—Chas. D. Yale v Simpson, Hall & Co.

29323—Sterling & Co. v John A. McLaughlin.

29364—Lawrence Burkhart v Martha A. Stebbins.

29399—John G. Isham v T., St. L. & K. C. Ry. Co.

29422—Edward Bowan v Emma E. Johnson.

29506—Lysander K. Parks v Benjamin Giskey.

29507—Same v same.

29538—John C. Blake et al v Wm. B. Elliott.

29593—Henry E. Rouse v John W. Harper.

29608—Same v Theodore Totten.

29678—Lettie J. Hawley v Joseph B. Hawley.

29747—Henry E. Rouse v A. Pullin.

29937—Leopold Franc v Philip Wahl.

29945—Lizzie V. Debeng v Horace J. Potter, treas.

29958—Henry E. Rouse v E. J. Totten.

29959—Henry E. Rouse v Presley E. Hay.

29988—Willett v Nelson.

30005—Chas. P. Hamilton v Christopher McLean.

30090—John Nixon v Chas. Rundell.

30127—Albert E. Rathburn v Jennie Rathburn.

30201—H. J. Potter, treas., v Jos. S. Hull, et al.

30291—John L. Burns v Edw. O. King.

30305—John S. Eck v John Judge.

By Judge Pugsley—Court Room No. 1.

28230—Chas. Fox v Pennsylvania Co.

30308—John B. Weis v George F. C. Kloepinger.

30330—H. J. Potter, treas., v A. Farquharson.

30331—Same v D. & M. Ry. Co.

30335—Same v T., St. L. & K. C. Ry. Co.

30364—Same v S. H. Keeler et al.

30384—Wm. Peter v Union Mfg. Co.

30532—Chas. Dodge v Erwin P. Raymond.

30557—S. C. Wynn v Wm. M. Bachelder.

30625—Upson Coal Co. v J. H. Hyland et al.

30644—M. J. Malone v The City of Toledo.

30647—Jas. F. McGlynn v Wm. Vetter et al.

30648—Gendron Iron Wheel Co. v John Brixner et al.

30663—H. J. Potter, treas., v Philip Becht et al.

30377—Anna Kaldo v Caroline Meyer.

30737—Emmit Drake v Oscar W. Ballou.

30759—H. T. Stock v M. I. Wilcox.

30793—John L. Delander v Martha A. Delander.

30797—John G. Isham v T., St. L. & K. C. Ry. Co.

30841—George C. Santschi v Gendron Iron Wheel Co.

30940—Edwin F. Austin v Christopher McLean.

31004—Edw. P. Gaylord v Huldah M. Eddy.

31025—Carrie M. Cummings v Mary B. Richards.

31048—Farrell Fdry & Mch. Co. v Union Mfg. Co.

31052—Vowles et al v Manahan et al.

31094—Chas. Raitz v L. S. & M. S. Ry. Co.

31113—A. A. Omo v Christian Budiz.

31125—Jos. Dickson v A. J. Doblinger.

31127—Ann Eagan v L. S. & M. S. Ry. Co.

31174—Goulet & Co. v Suchulski.

31179—H. C. Vordriede v Thos. Moran.

31190—Geo. C. Metzger v David Schwinghamer.

31207—H. S. Walbridge v Union Mfg. Co.

31289—Wm. Spengler v Ernst Hoke.

31290—J. C. Davis et al v Claflin Paving Co.

31291—M. T. Huntley v same.

SHOOTING SCRAPE

On the East Side This Afternoon.

Three Shots Fired, But Happily None Took Effect—The Shootist Under Arrest.

There was a deliberate attempt at willful murder on the East Side early this afternoon. The would-be murderer gives his name as George Benick, and says his home is in Wheeling, W. Va.

Benick is steward of the schooner Red, White and Blue, now lying at the Ohio Central dock. About noon to-day, or a short time thereafter, Benick had some words with the mate of the boat in regard to handling water.

The mate insisted that he was right, and the steward claimed that he wasn't. More words followed, and then Benick, without any warning whatever, drew a revolver from his hip pocket and fired three shots point blank at the mate. The latter dodged as best he could and none of the shots took effect. He then grappled with Benick and disarmed him.

Afterwards the mate procured a boat, rowed to this side of the river and made a complaint at police headquarters. An officer was despatched to the scene of the affair, and in a short time Benick was placed under arrest.

He took his arrest coolly and had nothing to say in reference to the matter when he was searched in the turnkey's room and offered no explanation or excuse. He is held under a charge of shooting with intent to kill.

DIED AT 77.

Marlboro, Mass., Sept. 20.—Samuel Boyd of the Boyd-Corry manufacturing company, died yesterday, aged 77 years.

LATE MARKETS.

The receipts of wheat to-day at Minneapolis and Duluth are 649,804 bushels and at five other western points 842,665 bu., aggregate 1,492,469 bushels. On the corresponding Tuesday in 1891, the receipts were 1,420,804 bushels, including 829,232 bushels of northwestern wheat, leaving 591,572 bushels as the movement from the five other points, compared with 842,665 bushels to-day.

The export clearances yesterday at four Atlantic ports were, wheat 250,906 bus. and flour to aggregate of 455,000 bus.

English markets about steady. London opened a shade better on wheat. Both markets steady on corn.

Receipts of wheat continue at an extraordinary rate. At Toledo the receipts to-ady are 260,780 bus, compared with 295,698 bus in previous Tuesday. But the movement, stated above, is 257,660 bus in excess of 1891, from five other points excluding Minneapolis and Duluth. Considering the price it is the most remarkable movement on record.

The markets for wheat on this side of the ocean have exhibited a little more strength to-day and prices advanced on December at Chicago 5-8c and closed with a small loss from that gain. But if there is any change in the foundation of prices we do not discover it with the naked eye. From all we can learn it seems likely the markets have become oversold under the late depressions and the shorts have been trying to get their wheat back. At 75c at Chicago for December wheat large orders for purchase are reported and we do not wonder as it looks cheap to us. That may be a good reason why it will decline.

It would seem to a blind man a good basis for purchase.

Foreign markets are reported as closing lower.

In New York October wheat closed at 78 7-8c, a gain of 3-8c; December at 82 1-8c, a gain of 1-2c. September corn at 53 1-4c, a loss of 3-4c. October at 53 3-8c, a loss of 5-8c. October oats at 37 1-4c, a loss of 3-8c.

In Chicago October wheat closed at 73 1-8c, and December at 75 1-2c, a gain on each of 3-8c; September corn at 45 1-2c, a loss of 3-4c; October at 46c, a loss of 5-8c; October oats at 32 7-8c, a loss of 1-8c.

In Toledo the business in wheat futures has been as high as usual. The outside orders to buy or sell are limited, and the fluctuations to-day in other markets are thought to be from local causes. Our prices are a little better and we close 1-4 up on September, 3-4 on December and 5-8 on May. On the call may wheat sold at 82 1-4. On the regular board September sold at 74 1-4 to 74 1-2; December at 77 1-2 and closed at 77 3-4; May at 82 3-8 and closed at 82 7-8. Cash wheat was in better request without much change in price. No. 2 soft sold and closed at 74 1-4c, a gain of 1-4c; No. 3 soft at 67 1-2c, and at 68c L. S.; No. 4 soft at 60c to 61c; No. 2 hard at 69c, No. 1 white at 74 1-2c.

Corn—Nothing doing. No. 2, 47 1-2c; No. 3, 47c.

Rye—No. 3 at 51c to 50 1-2c; rejected at 42c; no inspection at 36c.

Clover seed was firm. Nothing done in cash seed. September sold at $5.90 to $5.95; October at $5.90 to $5.95; November at $5.87 1-2 to $5.90; December at $5.92 1-2.

Close in New York.

New York, Sept. 20.—Money on call is easy, loaning at 3@4 per cent. Exchange quiet and steady; posted rates $4.86 1-2@4.88; actual rates $4.85 1-2@4.85 3-4 for 60 days and $4.86 3-4 @4.87 for demand.

Governments steady; currency, 6s, 107 bid; 4s coupon, 115 bid; extended 2s, registered, 100 bid.

Stocks were dull this morning, and outside of Northern Pacific preferred, Atchison, Whisky trust and Sugar trust there was little or nothing done. Prices at noon were very little changed from those of last evening. At this writing trading is about at a standstill.

Flour quiet with prices easy; city mill extra, $4.20@4.35 for West Indies; fine, $1.65@2.10; superfine, $1.70@2.20.

Wheat opened steady and unchanged, and advanced 1-8 by noon; No. 2 red winter 78 3-4 cash; 78 5-8 October; 80 1-4 b'd, November; 81 7-8 December; 86 1-2 March.

Corn opened steady at 1-8c advance, but subsequently weakened and declined 5-8c; No. 2 mixed, 54 cash; 53 3-8 October; 54 1-2 November; 55 1-4 December.

Oats opened weak and declined 5-8c by noon; No. 2 mixed cash and October 37 1-4; September, 36 7-8.

Rye dull at 64@68 in carlots.

Barley slow.

Molasses dull; New Orleans, 30@35

RUSTLING CORN.

When the long, bright day is done,
And the last rays of the sun
With a fading light the hill-tops fair adorn,
It is sweet to rest awhile,
And a moment to beguile,
In listening to the rustling of the corn.

Oh, that music soft and low,
When the summer breezes blow,
Bringing back the happy scenes of childhood's morn,
When through all the summer day
I have whiled the hours away
Playing hide and seek amid the rustling corn.

Through the dim, uncertain light,
I can see the phantom bright,
Of a loved one who, in childhood's rosy morn,
From our home was called away,
And her shout and laughter gay
Seems to echo faintly through the rustling corn.

Like a dream those pleasures flew,
With the years returned anew:
Little ones within my cottage home were born,
And once more I hear the shout,
See the running in and out,
Happy children hiding in the rustling corn.

Many years have passed away,
And my hair is turning gray,
Gone are all the loved ones of life's rosy morn,
But I feel their presence near,
Long-forgotten voices hear,
While I listen to the rustling of the corn.

—Hannah B. Strout.

AN UNBELIEVER.

When the Gravesend tender left the P. & O. steamer and went back to catch the train for town there were a good many people in it crying. But the one who wept most, and most openly, was Miss Agnes Laiter.

She had reason to cry, because the only man she ever loved or ever could love, so she said, was going out to India; and India, as everyone knows, is divided equally between jungles, tigers, cobras, cholera and Sepoys.

Phil Garron had been lying loose on his friends' hands, and as he had nothing to do he naturally fell in love.

He was strong in his views or opinions, and, though he never came to actual grief, his friends were thankful when he said good-bye and went out to this mysterious tea business near Darjiling.

Agnes Laiter went about her duties at home—her family objected to the engagement—with red eyes, while Phil was sailing to Darjiling.

In the course of time, as he settled more into the collar, and his work grew fixed before him, the face of Agnes Laiter went out of his mind, and only came when he was at leisure.

She did not forget Phil, because she was of the kind that never forgets.

Only another man, a very desirable young man, presented itself before Mrs. Laiter, and the chance of a marriage with Phil was as far off as ever, and his letters were so unsatisfactory, and there was a certain amount of domestic pressure brought to bear on the girl, and the young man really was an eligible person as incomes go, and the end of all things was that Agnes married him, and wrote a tempestuous whirlwind of a letter to Phil in the wilds of Darjiling, and said she should never know a happy moment all the rest of her life—which was a true prophecy.

Phil got that letter, and held himself ill-treated. This was two years after he had come out; but by dint of thinking fixedly of Agnes Laiter, and looking at her portrait, and patting himself on the back for being one of the most constant lovers in history, and warming to the work as he went on, he really fancied that he had been very hardly used.

He sat down and wrote one final letter—a really pathetic "world without end, amen," epistle; explaining how he would be true to eternity, and that all women were very much alike, and he would hide his broken heart, etc., etc., but if, at any future time, etc., he could afford to wait, etc., unchanged affections, etc., return to her old love, etc., for eight closely-written pages.

From an artistic point of view it was very neat work, but an ordinary Philistine who knew the state of Phil's real feelings—not the ones he rose to as he went on writing—would have called it the thoroughly mean and selfish work of a thoroughly mean and selfish, weak man. But this verdict would have been incorrect. Phil paid for the postage, and felt every word he had written for at least two days and a half. It was the last flicker before the light went out.

That letter made Agnes Laiter very unhappy and she cried and put it away in her desk, and became Mrs. Somebody Else for the good of her family. Which is the first duty of every Christian maid.

Phil did what many planters have done before him—he made up his mind to marry a Hill girl and settle down. So he married Dunmaya by the forms of the English church, and some fellow planters said he was a fool and some said he was a wise man.

Dunmaya was a thoroughly honest girl, and in spite of her reverence for an Englishman had a reasonable estimate for her husband's weaknesses. She managed him tenderly, and became in less than a year a very passable imitation of an English lady in dress and carriage.

Meantime the letter lay in Agnes' desk and now and then she would think of poor, resolute, hard-working Phil among the cobras and tigers of Darjiling, toiling in the vain hope that she might come back to him. Her husband was worth ten Phils, except that he had rheumatism of the heart.

Three years after he was married, and after he had tried Nice and Algeria for his complaint, he went to Bombay, where he died and set Agnes free. Being a devout woman, she looked on his death and the place of it as a direct interposition of Providence, and when she recovered from the shock she took out and read Phil's letter with the "etc., etc.," and the big dashes and the little dashes, and kissed it several times.

No one knew her in Bombay; she had her husband's income, which was a large one, and Phil was close at hand. It was wrong and improper, of course, but she decided, as heroines do in novels, to find her old lover, to offer him her hand and her gold, and with him spend the rest of her life in some spot far from unsympathetic souls.

She sat for two months in Watson's hotel elaborating this decision, and the picture was a pretty one. Then she set out in search of Phil Garron, assistant on a tea plantation with a more than usually unpronounceable name.

* * * *

She found him. She spent a month over it, for his plantation was not in the Darjiling district at all, but near Kangra. Phil was very little altered, and Dunmaya was very nice to her.

Now, the particular sin and shame of the whole business is that Phil, who really was not worth thinking of twice, was and is loved by Dunmaya and more than loved by Agnes, the whole of whose life he seems to have spoilt.

Worst of all, Dunmaya is making a decent man of him, and he will be ultimately saved from perdition through her training.

Which is manifestly unfair.

SPICY SEPTEMBER SPRINKLE.

Satan—I wonder how it is these joke writers know so much about me?

Imp—Most of them are probably ex-printers' devils.—Brooklyn Eagle.

"I'll follow them," screamed the wrathful women, "I'll follow them to the very ends of the earth!"

"You had better stay at home and apply for a divorce," suggested the cooler-headed friend. "A man who will run away with a housemaid is hardly worth so much emotion."

"Oh, bother the housemaid and him, too!" wailed the weeping victim. "They took my pug with them.—Indianapolis Journal.

They were not much to speak about
The lovers who before me sat;
Between the acts he hurled out,
She wore a seven storied hat.
—New York Press.

She Was All Right.

She could not darn his socks or sew
A button on his coat;
She could not make a decent shirt
To fit his manly throat.

But what cared he if she had not
A talent to unfold?
For when he married her she had
A hundred thousand cold.
—Spare Moments.

"Is marriage a failure? Indeed I don't see,
How people can justly declare it to be;"
The minister merrily murmured as he
Put away $20 just sent as a fee.
—Washington Star.

Miss Gasket (at 11:30 p. m.)—Do you know Mr. Sappy, I am sure you would make an excellent editor of a rural newspaper.

Sappy (pleased)—Weally, now, Miss Gasket.

Miss Gasket—Indeed I do. Your motto seems to be, "I have come to stay."—Detroit Free Press.

"The clove," said the exchange editor, "is probably the strongest thing of its size ——"

"Isn't the nutmeg grater?" broke in the financial editor.

"You think so," retorted the other, glaring at him, "because it bears the mace!"

"Such talk as that," thundered the railway editor, grabbing his cane, "I despice!"—Chicago Tribune.

ABOUT PEOPLE.

Miss Ada A. Brewster, the California artist, belongs to the line of Brewsters who proudly claim kinship with Elder Brewster, of Mayflower fame.

Amateur photography has an ardent disciple in Senator Kenud, of West Virginia. He believes that in developing nature and his fellow-men through its assistance a man develops himself.

Ex-Senator William McConnell, whom the Idaho republicans have nominated for governor, was one of the great caravan gold seekers who crossed the plains in the early days.

The first woman to obtain a first class in the Homer School of Literae Humaniores at Oxford since the examination was opened to women, four years ago, is Miss E. Penrose, a student of Somerville Hall.

David A. McKinley, from 1881 to 1885, United States consul to Honolulu and for the past seven years Hawaiian consul general at San Francisco, was prostrated by paralysis yesterday. He is a brother of governor McKinley, of Ohio.

Prof. Bergmann, who has been summoned from Switzerland to Berlin to consult with the physicians attending the American General Anderson, says that the general is suffering with cancer of the stomach, and that he cannot possibly recover.

Mrs. Henry White, wife of the secretary of the United States legation, who has been stopping at Braemar, England, for the benefit of her health, had the honor of dining with the queen on Tuesday last. Mrs. White has much improved in health lately.

The Rev. Thomas Ewing Sherman, the Catholic priest, who has lately been preaching in Kansas City, was there thought to resemble his late father, Gen. W. T. Sherman, very strongly in appearance, and to reveal the intellectuality that is so characteristic of the family.

HAIR TO HIS KNEES.

Spain Has a Wild Man of the Woods Clad in Skins, With a Love Romance.

Madrid, Sept. 24—The Imperial publishes a remarkable story concerning a wild man, who has been captured near the desert tract at Cape Degata, in Southwestern Spain. During the latter part of August this man was seen several times by hunters. He was tall, dressed in skins and his beard and the hair of his head hung to his knees. Efforts to speak to him were vain, as he always ran when approached. Last week a search party was organized to capture him, and after two days' work succeeded. The man is about 50 years old and has been in the desert about 25 years.

He told his captors that he was a native of Galicia, Spain, and at the age of 24 had worked in a large stocking factory in Lugo. He and the daughter of his employer loved each other, but the parents of the girl forbade the marriage. The young couple eloped. A few miles from home they were overtaken by the manufacturer and two friends, who beat the young man severely and carried off the daughter. The young man was locked up while recovering from his injuries, so he could not communicate with the girl.

When he regained his liberty she had married a Lugo banker. He started to leave the country on an immigrant steamship, but was shipwrecked off Cape Degata. All perished except himself, and he became convinced that Providence intended he should be a recluse. Consequently he had lived in the desert, avoiding the society of man ever since. Inquiries in Lugo proved the truth of the wild man's story.

A BIT OF NEWS.

Willie Sissybud—Ah, there! that you, Gussie, old fel?

Gustavus Lillypad—Ah, Willie, me boy, how goes it?

Willie—First class, Gussie, boy; heard the news?

"Naw."

"Naw?"

"Naw."

"About the newest thing in collahs?"

"Naw."

"Naw?"

"Naw."

"Weally, old fel?"

"Naw."

"Why, all the chappies at the club are wild over it."

"Naw!—well, let's have it."

"Well, deah boy; hanged if they don't say collahs are to be quatah of an inch higher than evah before!"

"Naw!"

"Yes, indeedy."

"Naw?"

"Weally and twuly."

"Naw?"

"Pon honah, old chapple."

"Naw?"

"Yes."

"Naw?"

"So long, old fel."

"By, by, deah boy."—Puck.

BEESWAX.

Dolls heads are of iron.
Artificial quinine is made.
Railroad building is light.
Coreans wear paper clothes.
A $1 bill costs 3 2-10 mills.
Pittsburg has a $35,000 saw.
Michigan has 115 salt firms.
Teeth are pulled by electricity.
A Finland stone is a barometer.
An electric machine counts coins.
Moscow has a 443,772 pound bell.
There are 20,000 kinds of butterflies.
Textile are made from pine leaves.
Switzerland has a 900-year old hotel.
We have 300,000 commercial travelers.
Spanish America has produced the most gold.

Chicago has a training-school for firemen.

Great Britain has 203,300 acres of orchards.

Glasgow underground railroad is about finished.

Uncle Sam employs 37,000 women telegraphers.

There are oak trees in existence 1,000 years old.

The cows in the United States number 16,000,000.

A Vergennes (Vt.) doctor has an aluminum nose.

New York makes 2,000,000,000 cigarettes a year.

Chicago has a society for the prevention of smoke.

China's foreign trade last year aggregated $250,000,000.

A lump shows the interior of boilers while under steam.

Benjamin Franklin was the earliest American china collector.

Parrots cost but 10 cents each to the dealers in South America.

Every fifth boy in India is at school, but only every fifteenth girl.

France is to establish commercial museums in each of its colonies.

France is to establish commercial museums in each of its colonies.

There have been patents granted to 646 New York women since 1809.

Two-fifths of the companies started annually in England are said to fail.

New Mexico is enjoying the first rainy season it has had for four years.

A Pennsylvania woman has a varied collection of teeth of her relatives.

No woman has been hanged for murder in Massachusetts within memory.

Russia's woolen industries employ 5,000. Carpet manufacturers employ 800.

Twenty words per minute is the average at which long hand is written.

The "Sketches by Boz" were printed by Dickens when he was 24 years old.

Platfrom scales were the invention of Thaddeus Fairbanks in the year 1831.

Faraday first practically used guttapercha as an insulator for wires in 1847.

According to ancient tradition Moses wrote the book of Job at the age of 70.

The tall hat worn by men first appeared in France nearly 500 years ago.

Plautus is said to have written the first of his comedies when he was 23 years old.

The offices and workrooms of the London Times were lighted by electricity in 1878.

In France 8,079 patents were granted for electrical improvements during the past year.

The Manufacturers' Building for the world's fair furnishes employment to over 1,000 men.

Washington state, it is reported, is to furnish all the flagstaffs for the world's fair buildings.

Many coffee planters in Mexico make a profit of 250 per cent. on the amount of money invested.

There are said to be 1,142 patent remedies for cholera in the list at the United States patent office.

Toledo and Damascus blades were popular in the Middle Ages, and sold for their weight in gold.

It is said that the Vanderbilts own 70,000 shares of Erie and the Mills party over 100,000 shares.

Fleet street, London, has been visited by a plague of tiny, but persistent and venomous mosquitoes.

The Krupp works, of Essen, contain 5,542 furnaces, which consume 1,666 tons of coal and coke daily.

Lady Jenne estimates that there are 1,803,406 domestic servants in England, of whom 1,350,000 are women.

London's six principal railway lines carry annually over 200,000,000 people and the tramways about 150,000,000.

It is calculated that within 90 years at the present rate of increase Australia will contain about 40,000,000 citizens.

There are nearly 10,000 steamships in the world, and their aggregate burden amounts to about 10,000,000 tons.

Guineas are so named from the fact that they were first coined with gold brought from the coast of Guinea.

Three of the four prizes offered to graduates of Boston high schools for historical essays were won by women.

Porto d'Anzio, in Italy, was recently overwhelmed by a waterspout, and the city and beach nearly swept away.

The number of juvenile criminals convicted in England in 1891 was less than half the number convicted in 1871.

Among the most recent uses to which electricity has been applied is that of transmitting photographs and drawings by wire.

It has been computed by competent authorities that in a single cubic foot of ether there are locked up 10,000 feet of energy.

Few lovers of Walter Scott recall the fact that he wrote five plays, none of which, however, have ever been put on the stage.

Experience planters in the south now raise the male cotton plant, being thus enabled to secure the seed without the lint or cotton.

A hundred years ago William Murdoch "illuminated his home with gas made in an iron kettle and burnt at the end of an open iron tube."

The fight over that $20,000,000 fortune of the late Father Mollinger has developed the interesting fact that the estate is really worth about $100,000.

A Rochester physican, who has been experimenting on the subject, avers that the mosquito can readily be exterminated by the use of petroleum.

Scientists say that a laboring man during a day's work consumes five ounces of muscular tissue. Corbett lost four pounds in his fight with Sullivan.

A herd of wild horses, consisting of about 300 head, were run down and roped in in Cheyenne county, Col., a short time ago by a band of cowboys.

Hot blast furnaces are now being constructed in such a manner as to use the heat derived from the furnace for heating the air blown into it to smelt the contents.

A recent test of brick made by the dry clay process at the Watertown Arsenal, according to Paving, showed an average compressive strength of 3,972 pounds per square inch.

The people of Rome get their supply of water, which is said to be remarkably pure, from the Apennines through an ancient aqueduct that was constructed by their forefathers.

Three broad patents on electric locomotives and electric railway systems, applications for which have been filed since June 3, 1880, have just been issued to Thomas A. Edison.

On the top of a church tower in Utica, N. Y., a mountain ash is growing. It is now about 15 years old and seven feet high. It has rooted in the cracks and crevices of the mason work.

So great is the respect Philadelphians have for their Sunday law that restaurant keepers refuse to serve their patrons with Welsh rabbits on the day of rest because of the ale used in them.

That monthly our grandmothers swore by, Godey's Lady Book, having removed from Philadelphia to New York, and been rejuvenated with new people and new capital, has appeared as "Godey's, America's first magazine, established 1830."

The Japanese papers, it appears, were not content with announcing that Gen. Von Caprivi, chancellor of Germany, had become count of Zanzibar. Another enterprising Japanese has written to a Tokio paper that Emperor William had made Prince Bismarck king of Switzerland.

KIRK'S DUSKY DIAMOND TAR SOAP

Healthful, Agreeable, Cleansing.

Cures Chapped Hands, Wounds, Burns, Etc. Removes and Prevents Dandruff.

AMERICAN FAMILY SOAP. Best for General Household Use.

Harvest Excursions

VIA

BIG FOUR ROUTE

To all Principal Points in the

West, Northwest, South and Southwest!

September 27th, October 25th,

AT

HALF RATES!

Tickets good returning 20 days from date of sale.

The Annual Opportunity for Visiting at Small Expense the Great

Farming, Stock, Lumber AND MINING REGIONS.

STOP OVERS

Allowed in Territory to which Excursion Tickets are sold.

For rates and full information, call on agents of the

BIG FOUR ROUTE,

Or address D. B. MARTIN, G. P. A., Cincinnati, O.

BARKER'S

Blood Tonic—The Best Spring Medicine in Use.

It will rebuild the run down system of the overworked business man. It will restore the appetite and the rosy hue of youth to the pale face over taxed school child.

It will give strength to mothers enabling them to care better for the nursing infant. It will cure boils and carbuncles.

Containing no harmful ingredients it may be given to children. Prepared only by

R. C. SPOHN

COX & BERDAN

RETAIL DEPARTMENT.

C. C. McKECKNIE, MANAGER,

317 SUPERIOR ST.

Bet. Madison and Adams.

Hard and Soft Coal

Delivered to any Part of City.

PHONE ORDERS TO 931

TAIT'S BREAD

ASK YOUR GROCER FOR IT

Toledo Truck & Storage Co

General Storage, Trucking and Hoisting of Machinery and Safes.

Office and Warehouse:

25 to 35 S. St. Clair St

EIGHT ($8) DOLLARS

For Eight Dollars we will make you the best set of teeth that can be made on rubber, no better made no matter how much you pay.

And remember we are the only dentists in the city that make our own Vitalized Air and Gas, which makes it purer and safer, and which is acknowledged by all to be the only true and genuine anaesthetic for the Painless Extraction of Teeth, and especially is this the case with children, and if once taken by them they will never have teeth out any other way. Crown and bridge work cheaper than ever.

TAFT'S DENTAL ROOMS.
237 Summit Street, Toledo, O.
Office open at all hours.

THREE DAYS.

In the future Dr. Bigelow will be in his city office, 305 Summit street, Toledo, Ohio, three days each week, viz: Monday, Wednesday and Friday, every other day. On the above days you get 50 per cent off on extracting, and the benefit of Dr. Bigelow's superior skill as an extractor. City office open until 11 p. m. every evening. Dr. Miller in charge. Dr. Morgan, Operator; D. Miller, Mechanical Dentist. Phone 1234. N. B.—Dr. Bigelow is proprietor of six first-class offices and will give half his time to outside interests.

ASPHALT
—AND—
PORTLAND CEMENT WORK

For basements, cellars, stables, laundries, &c., laid and warranted.

SCHILLINGER BROS'.
Works Lenk St. and Swan Creek.
Artistic and Architectural

REAL ESTATE.

A Few Homes

One on Oakwood avenue, near Waite.
A nice location, pleasant surroundings and a good house.

Another on Colfax street, near Shaw avenue. This is a smaller one.

Two new ones (cottages, just finished) on Clifton St., near Lincoln avenue.

One we are building and which will soon be finished, on Stickney avenue, between Summit and Superior.

FOR SALE.

H. S. WALBRIDGE & CO.,

9, 11 and 13 Nasby.

The New Belt Line

On Central Ave.,

A Great Thing for Jewel Place Purchasers.

Rapid transit brings these beautiful lots in Jewel Place, now selling for $250, $300, $350, $450 and $600, in direct competition with other property on the line selling at $25 to $75 per foot front.

In Jewel Place

$1,500 has just been spent in grading the lots to a desirable elevation above the street.
$1,000 has been invested in laying stone walk. Four very attractive residences are about completed that are selling at cost prices in starting the property. Is it a wonder that Jewel Place property is going off rapidly?

Jewel Place

Is now ready for market. We have already closed out a number of lots. During the past week four purchasers have decided to cast their lot with this property. PRICES HAVE NOT BEEN ADVANCED except for the east front of Glenwood avenue, which now sells at $11.66 per foot. Terms of payment $5 to $10 per month. For Jewel Place bargains come this week. We offer a very handsome bonus for all houses started this month.

Irving B. Hiett & Co.

243 St. Clair Street.

A. E. MACOMBER & CO.,

108 SUMMIT STREET.

FOR RENT—No. 802 Lagrange street; large dwelling 10 rooms, suitable for boarding house or two neighborly families, $18.
FOR RENT—No. 451 Hamilton street; large dwelling; 10 rooms; suitable for large family or boarding house, $17.
FOR RENT—No. 1811 North 14th street, dwelling 6 rooms, $1,300.
FOR RENT—No. 1007 Heston street, neat cottage 5 rooms, $10.
FOR RENT—Dwellings in all parts of the city.
FOR SALE—No. 425 Knower street, two-story dwelling 7 rooms, mantle, cellar, well, cistern, barn, etc.
FOR SALE—New cottage Ewing street, near Forrer, 5 rooms, ready October 1st; two cottages on Hoag street, near Washington street; two houses on Worthington street, East Side; two cottages on White street, East Side, ready October 1st; two cottages on Knower street, between Manmee avenue and Dix streets. Dwelling No. 1520 Collingwood avenue, and dwelling No. 130 21st street; all modern improvements.

We have for sale on terms that will suit, fine dwelling lots on the following streets: In the Ninth ward—On South street, on Knower street, on Crittenden ave., on Lee street, on Sumner street, on Hiett ave. In the Eighth ward—On Oakwood ave., on Bardleft street, on Washington street, on Hicks street, on Collingwood ave., on 22d street, on Wisconsin street, on Missouri st., on Illinois street, on Forrer street. In Auburndale—On Monroe street, on Milburn ave., on Macomber street, on Auburn ave. In the Seventh ward—On Vermont ave., on Franklin ave., on Lagrange street, Locust street, Austin street, Weber street and Marston ave. Lots on Lagrange street, Heston ave. and in Parkland addition. In East Toledo—On Mott ave., Worthington street, White street, Rayner street.
We have lots in many other parts of the city. Will take orders for the construction of cottages and dwellings with payments on terms of 5 to 10 years, with interest at 6 per cent.

House For Sale,

MONTHLY PAYMENTS.

Gordon street, near Miller street, $1,250.
Chestnut street, near Bronson avenue, $850.
Forrer street, near Hawley street, $900.
Lorle street, near Monroe street, $1,000.
Curtis street, near Western avenue, $900.
Platt street, near Nevada street, $900.
Elm street, near Central avenue, $700.
Yondota street, near Navarre ave., $900.
Page street, near Chestnut street, $1,200.
5 new cottages near Malleable Iron Works, $1,150 each.
Will sell you a lot and build house to suit you.

WRIGHT & RUSSELL,

235 ST. CLAIR ST

BOODY HOUSE BLOCK.

FOR SALE

Having sold all of the residences which we erected on Melrose street, in Walton Bros. Addition, and having commenced the erection of others, with modern conveniences, nine (9) rooms and bath room, with large attics and cellars, brick all laid in cement under entire houses, both gases, city water, sewers, stone sidewalks, with all improvements paid for, we would be pleased to have those looking for a house of moderate cost, with modern conveniences, to come and see the class of material and workmanship of the houses we are building.
25 Nice Residence Lots in the addition at $1,000 each.

IRA A. RICHARDSON & SON

3 PRODUCE EXCHANGE.

HOMESTEAD QUARRY

LIME CITY, OHIO.

Dimension Stone, Bridge, Store Building Stone, Rip Rap Stone, Preble Stone.

The finest Lime Stone in Northern Ohio. Stone of any dimensions cut to measure. Address the

Michigan Stone & Supply Co

AT LIME CITY, OHIO.

33 Congress St., West,

DETROIT, MICH.

CUS. F. SMITH,
President and General Manager

Alfred Ford

Manufacturer of and dealer in

Silk and Stiff

HATS!

208 Summit St.

Altering and repairing Silk, Stiff and Soft Hats a specialty.

MISFIT MISFIT MISFIT MISFIT MISFIT MISFIT MISFIT MISFIT MISFIT MISFIT MISFIT MISFIT MISFIT MISFIT MISFIT MISFIT MISFIT MISFIT

FALL & WINTER CLOTHING

Join the Masses! Follow the Crowd!

Trade where your dollars do double duty. Patronize the money-saving institution of Toledo,

THE MERCHANT TAILORS

Misfit Clothing Parlors

Cor. Madison and Superior Sts.

The finest fitted up store in the state. The only Misfit Parlor in Toledo. Every style, color and weave of fabric made up in only the latest fashions. Sacks, Frocks, Prince Alberts, Full Dress Suits, Overcoats, Silk Vests, Pantaloons, etc. We can fit you whether you are fat, lean or normal, in any size from a 15-year-old up to a size 50.

No garment allowed to leave our store unless it is a perfect fit. We employ a tailor by the year to make alterations.

This is the way we do business:

A $20.00	Custom-Made Suit or Overcoat we Sell at				$10.00
A $25.00	"	"	"	"	$12.00
A $30.00	"	"	"	"	$15.00
A $35.00	"	"	"	"	$18.00
A $40.00	"	"	"	"	$20.00
A $50.00	"	"	"	"	$25.00
A $60.00	"	"	"	"	$30.00
A $70.00	"	"	"	"	$35.00

A nobby and complete line of Pantaloons from $2.50 to $9.00, made for double the money. All other goods sold in like proportion.

Open Saturday Night until 11:00 o'clock.

Branch Store, 135 N. High St., Columbus, O.

All Alterations to Improve a fit made free of charge.

Goods kept in Repair One Year FREE of Charge

YOUNG MAN:

Get your TOP COAT or FALL SUIT now, before the stock is picked over. Our goods are ready for inspection.

JAMES MELVIN & CO.
225-227 Summit St.

..BUY.. THE GENDRON.

We are selling at about half the regular price at the factory.

Our Sales Rooms will be open every Saturday night until 9:30 to accommodate those that cannot call during the day.

518 Superior Street.

The Ketcham Furniture Co

TOLEDO, OHIO.

Artistic Designers and Manufacturers of

Modern Bank, Office and Public Building

FURNITURE!

ALL KINDS OF SPECIAL FURNITURE.

Correspondence Solicited.

AWNINGS
TENTS, FLAGS,
Binder and Stack Covers,
Horse, Wagon and Waterproof Covers.

BREYMAN BROS.,
16 AND 18 SUMMIT ST.

A STRIKING FEATURE

Of our Carpets is the phenomenal figures at which we are selling them. There isn't any other name for these figures—they are phenomenal. They are figures that make figures of speech superfluous. It is almost always the case that, as the temperature goes up, prices go down. We are not responsible for a fall in prices. If you know anything of values, if you know what is as good as two good things usually are, if you know an unparalleled opportunity when it comes your way, you won't make any mistake about seizing this one and seizing it in a hurry.

V. B. SNYDER & SON

225 and 227 Summit St.

The year 1892 has been an exceptionally prosperous one for all sections of the Great Southwest. Now is the time to get a home there. Write to G. T. Nicholson, G. P. & T. A., A., T. & S. F. R. R., Topeka, Kansas, or J. J. Byrne, Asst. Pass. Traffic Mgr., Monadnock bld., Chicago, for free pamphlets.

EXCURSIONS TO GREAT SOUTHWEST AUGUST 30 AND September 27, VIA SANTA FE ROUTE.

Low-Rate Home-Seekers Excursions will be run from the East to points in Kansas, Colorado, Utah, Oklahoma, Indian Ter., New Mexico and Texas, via Santa Fe Route, on Aug 30 and Sept 27. Address or call on G. E. GILMAN, Michigan Pass. Agt Detroit, Mich

Rheumatism and Neuralgia!

IS POSITIVELY CURED BY

RHEUMATOLE!

For sale by Druggists, or THE KAW MEDICINE CO., TOLEDO, O., U. S. A.

A BEAUTIFUL COMPLEXION CAN BE MADE.

HAZELTINE

IS a skin food, and NOT a cosmetic. It cures freckles, pimples, blackheads, etc., and makes the skin clear and fine.

Sold by Druggists. Price 50c.

MANUFACTURED BY

The Hazeltine Co., Toledo, O.

Sent by Mail. Write for Circulars.

ELEGANT ETCHINGS

(NEW SUBJECTS.)

CHOICE WATER COLORS!

(FROM BEST ARTISTS.)

FRAMES TO ORDER

E. P. LELAND,

327 Superior St.

NEW FALL GOODS!

We have a full stock of very choice designs for the Fall and Winter trade in

Parlor and Chamber Suits!

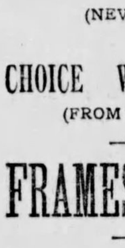
Dining and Library Goods!

Of the choicest patterns and makes. These special designs we control for this market. We solicit an inspection of our goods and prices at the

Palace Furniture Store

618 JEFFERSON ST.

M. BARTLETT.



B. A. STEVENS

Cor. Erie, Lafayette and Lucas Streets.
Phone, - - 400.

Manufacturer of the Celebrated

KEDZIE

WALTER FILTER

PRICES.

No. 1.	No. 2.	No. 3.	No. 4.	No. 5.
$5.50	$6.50	$7.75	$9.00	$10.00

Old Filters Repacked and Made as Good as New.

Monday, September 5,

SCHOOL BEGINS.

We have added to our stock a complete assortment of School Books, Slates, Tablets, School Bags, Pencil Boxes, and other School Supplies.

Ernest Reeves & Co.
Successors to Nicholas & Buchanan.
Phone 1271. 223 SUMMIT ST.

IN THE SPORTING WORLD

Dick Wiley is Bested by Joe Goddard,

Who Will Now Have a Go With Jim McVey.

Notes of Interest in Base Ball Circles —Standing of the Clubs— General Mention.

Philadelphia, Sept. 20.—Joe Goddard, the Australian, bested Dick Wiley, of Fairmount, in three rounds at the Ariel thletic club last night. The challenger of Corbett had his man "out" in the first round when time was called. The other rounds were lighter, but Wiley was very groggy at the end of the third.

On Wednesday night the Ariel club Goddard will meet Jim McVey, who helped to train Corbett.

—::—::—

Games in the National league resulted as follows:

Clubs.	Pitchers.	R.	H.	E.
Cleveland	Young	11	10	3
Pittsburg	Ehret	5	10	2
Chicago	Hutchinson	2	6	3
St. Louis	Hawley	0	4	1
Washington	Meekin	3	7	3
New York	King	4	7	4
Brooklyn	Kennedy	9	10	3
Philadelphia	eyhing	3	7	2
Baltimore	W.....Vickery	11	14	5
Boston	Nichols	14	16	4

—::—::—

Von der Ahe has released Glasscock, so report says.

—::—::—

Standing of the League clubs is as follows:

	W.	L.	Pr. c.
Cleveland	39	16	.709
Boston	34	21	.618
Pittsburg	31	25	.554
Brooklyn	30	26	.536
Cincinnati	28	26	.519
New York	28	27	.509
Philadelphia	28	28	.500
Chicago	27	28	.491
Louisville	24	30	.444
Baltimore	23	21	.426
Washington	19	35	.352
St. Louis	19	37	.339

—::—::—

Delphos, O., Sept. 20.—The Rodgers base ball club of Toledo played a very one-sided game with the Sunols of this place Sunday afternoon before a crowd of 400 people. They were outplayed from the start and barely escaped a shut-out. Score as follows:

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
Delphos ..	4	4	1	7	0	0	2	0	6	—24
Toledo ...	0	0	0	3	0	1	0	0	0	— 4

Batteries—Delphos, Owens, France and Rupert; Toledo, Ragan and Lerry, Kinney and Kahlo.

The features of the game was a double play by Eysenbach unassisted, Owens' and Rupert's battery work and Smith's, of Delphos, batting.

—::—::—

To whom it may concern: We, the Auburndale Athletic base ball club, hereby challenge the Rodgers base ball club for a series of games, best three out of five, same as all championship games are played, as the Rodgers claim they are the champions by defeating the Starrs two games. They have one more club to play before they can claim it. That is by defeating the Auburndales. We will play the Rodgers a series of games beginning Sunday, September 25, on the Auburndale grounds. All games are to be played on our grounds, as we are the only amateur club in the city that can draw a crowd of two and three thousand people to witness a game of ball. Ed Contine manager.

—::—::—

Providence, R. I., Sept. 20.—Tom Gillig lowered the best New England record for yearlings at the Rhode Island State fair, taking the 2:37 1-4 class race.

OHIO STATE NEWS.

J. B. Dicken was found dead in bed at Newark.

Cadiz is threatened with a scarlet fever epidemic.

David McConahay, aged 19, of Paulding, has been adjudged insane.

A German Lutheran church is in course of construction at Bucyrus.

Prof. D. A. Evans has been elected superintendent of the schools at Coalton.

John Wise, a wealthy farmer living near Uniontown, was found dead in bed.

A fund is being raised throughout the state to establish a home for infirm mutes.

A canvas hustler with a traveling show was bitten by a rattlesnake at Leetonia.

Columbus has a "Jack the Cow Killer," a freak who goes about killing people's cows.

Frank McMurray, clerk in a wholesale fruit house at Canton, was stung by a tarantula.

The Filer Coal company has been organized at Alliance with capital stock of $50,000.

Samuel Sutton was instantly killed at Piqua while switching in the Pan Handle yards.

M. E. Kuhn has resigned as secretary of the Columbus anniversary commission at Cincinnati.

Henry Woolweaver has been indicted at McArthur, charged with murder in the second degree.

William Pugh has been arrested at New Richland, charged with criminally assaulting his three daughters.

Jacob McCauslin, a young farmer living near Millersburg, fell from a mow on a pitchfork and will die.

The contents of the corner stone of the St. Peter Catholic church at Canton was exposed to view, and it contained newspapers dated 1845.

The Copeland Medical company of Chicago has purchased the Harlin Springs, a small summer resort near Carrolton, and will establish a sanitarium.

A man giving his name as Elmer Llenal was arrested at Wellston in the act of throwing a C. H. & D. switch for the purpose of wrecking an on-coming passenger train.

If you had taken two of Carter's Little Liver Pills before retiring you would not have had that coated tongue or bad taste in the mouth this morning. Keep a vial with you for occasional use.

MILAN MENTION.

Milan, O., Sept. 20.J(Special)—This place is not behind in taking precautions against the cholera. The health officer has visited all the back yards in town.

The new M. E. church is nearly completed. The work of frescoing is now going on.

Miss Birdie Roger'swedding cards are out.

Miss Louisa Kline, of Lexington, Ky., is visiting friends in Milan.

Miss E e Thompson, of Findlay, is visiting friends here.

Mrs. Geo. Curtis has returned from her Buffalo trip.

Miss Estella Curtis is visiting in Cleveland.

Bishop Leonard will visit St. Louk's Episcopal church next Sunday and confirm a large class.

Mr. W. D. Wentz, of Geneva, N. Y., was cured of the severest form of dyspepsia by Hood's Sarsaparilla. Full particulars sent if you write C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

The highest praise has been won by Hood's Pills for their easy, yet efficient action.

SENECA COUNTY.

List of Grand and Petit Jurors Selected.

Tffin, O., Sept. 20.—(Special)—The followin is the list of grand and petit jurors for the October term of common pleas court in Seneca county:

Grand Jury—Sampson Foster, Jackson township; David Fideman, Pleasant; W. H. Baker, Clinton; L. Q. Kiser, Fostoria; Andrew Emerine, Fostoria; John Neugh, Tiffin,; John Frick, Tiffin; Jacob Williams, Fostoria; John B. Mathias, Tiffin; Andrew Cory, Fostoria; Eli Kern, Thompson; Jacob Smith, Venice; Noah Rinehold, Jackson; James Love, Tiffin; J. J. Warman, Fostoria.

Petit Jury—Charles Baker, Tiffin; A. S. Owen, Bloom; S. L. Finch, Scipo; E. J. Turner, Bloom; John Rosenberger, Liberty; Ira Caldwallader, Fostoria; Jesse Saul, Eden; Amos Decker, Thompson; Joseph Bogner, Reed.

"CITIZEN" WANTS A PARK

Between Ontario and Michigan, and Madison and Adams.

To the Editor—The above heading will seem ridiculous to the reader who is familiar with the narrow strip of grass back of our Memorial hall, which is known by the title:—a strip which gives barely standing room for the music pavallion at the west end, and widens towards the hall into space for an artillery entrance. Flanking this narrow strip of "Memorial Hall Park," and fronting plump upon it, are all the stables, chicken coops and woodsheds of a dozen residences.

For a score of years all this block between the High school grounds on one side and the court house park on the other, has seemed by its very location to be predestined to park use. The location of the Memorial hall and Library building, has only further emphasized the propriety of converting this block into park; and the contemplated new front on Ontario street for the Hotel Madison would seem to make it unseemly for the city to keep things in their present shape there. It is not creditable for any town to conserve its deformities in the face of its beauties. Four principal public buildings, so nearly united by a central park, naturally set people to thinking "are not the park commissioners going to condemn this piece of a block that separates them all?"

The prices asked for this property have increased very greatly within a few years. Possibly the whole remnant of the block may now cost too much money for so little land. But if this be so, as to the whole of it, the park commissioners ought at least to make a beginning by proceeding to condemn a strip of uniform width so that the little park will have the same breadth on Madison street that it has at the rear of Memorial hall. Such a condemnation would cost but a fraction of what the entire block and improvements would cost; yet it would sweep away the whole line of stables and outbuildings that now disfigure the neighborhood and mock the park. No similar outbuildings could again be permitted there. The present owners of residences fronting on Michigan street would be forced in self respect to improve the park front of their premises, so that that portion of this block which the commissioners might not now feel authorized to condemn would at least cease to be a stain on the city's park ownership.

Sooner or later the whole block should be a park or city hall site; but it may do for the present for the park commissioners to condemn only so much as will abate nuisances and relieve the city from the ragged edge of the presnt Memorial park.

CITIZEN.

How Dr. Mary Wood Allen's Lecture Impressed a Correspondent.

To the Editor: Your reporter no doubt will give a favorable report of Dr. Allen's lecture last evening, but as an unofficial listener I would like to express my opinion. It is a rare gift to be able to popularize science, and when science enters a domain where great delicacy of thought and purity of expression is required, to fulfill these conditions calls for a peculiar talent. This talent, a gift, is one that is possessed in a remarkable degree by Dr. Allen. The subject of heredity in itself would seem to be dry and uninteresting, and in addition trenches on ground where prudery might fear to walk. The exposition of heredity to which we listened last evening was not only scientific but intensely interesting, and best of all was expressed in language so pure and lofty as to offend not even the most fastidious, but was calculated to awaken a deep sense of the personal obligation of each individual to the human race and an earnest desire to be personally purer and better, that the impress made upon future generations shall be for good. Dr. Allen is one of the most unassuming of women, but one needs to make no assumption of merit when one really possesses it, and one undoubted proof of the ability of the lecturer was the fact that in the greatness of her theme she made her hearers forget her and think only of the vital truths she was presenting. Can we pay her a greater compliment than this? It must be that her hearers are made more thoughtful in regard to their own individual responsibility for both the good and evil traits of those who shall take from them their dower of inheritance. X. X. X.

INDIANA RAILROADS.

They Must Be Taxed by the State and Not the County.

Indianapolis, Sept. 20.—The railroads of the state received their first signal defeat in the circuit court this morning in their fight against the new tax law.

The Big Four read some months ago brought suit to enjoin County Treasurer Backus from collecting taxes assessed against the road by the state board of tax commissioners.

Counsel for the road claimed that the new law denied equal protection to the railroad with all others in the state, in direct violation of the fourteenth amendment of the federal constitution.

Judge Brown in his opinion held that the law is constitutional in every respect.

The real point at issue was whether the state could deny to a railroad corporation the right to be assessed by a county, as granted every one else, and compel it to accept the assessment of the state board without appeal.

MR. CLEVELAND'S ACCEPTANCE.

His Letter Will Be Given Out Between September 26 and 30.

New York, Sept. 20.—A well-known democrat who returned from Gray Gables to-day says that Mr. Cleveland has not yet written a line of his letter of acceptance. He has thought it all out, however, and told his visitor that it would be short, less than 2,000 words in length, and would discuss tariff reform as the great issue before the country, just as it was in 1888, while paying due attention to the force bill. In other words, the letter of acceptance will follow the lines of the speech of acceptance made at Madison Square Garden in August. Mr. Cleveland also said that the letter would be given to the public between September 26 and 30.

IN ENGLAND.

Employer and Employe Discuss the Wage Question.

London, Sept. 20.—The delegates of the Master Cotton Spinners' association had a conference at Manchester to-day with the representatives of the cotton operatives on the question of the 5 per cent. reduction of wages to which 80 per cent. of the masters have agreed in view of the depressed condition of the cotton manufacturing industry. The representatives of the operatives declined to agree to the proposed reduction, but promised to consult again with the operatives and report to another conference. The meeting was then adjourned for one week.

THE MONEY QUESTION.

London, Sept. 20.—An American writes to the Times predicting that England will eventually be compelled to adopt bi-metallism and looking for definite action, not from the present conference but a later one, not earlier than 1897. The Times says in comment: "We do not deny that a system of international bi-metallism might be profitable to America, especially if England were foolish enough to become a party to it; but we believe that the latter eventuality is quite unlikely."

L. W. SPENCE DEAD.

Los Angeles, Cal., Sept. 20.—L. W. Spence, president of the First National bank, and a prominent republican, died this morning. He was a delegate to the recent Minneapolis convention.

A stitch in time. Take Simmons Liver Regulator and prevent sickness.

THE DUKE OF YORK.

London, Sept. 20.—The Duke of York will join the royal yacht Osborne on his return from the continent. He refuses to give up naval life although he has been urged to do so.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria,
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria,
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

REFUSED TO CONCUR,

And the Natural Gas Rate Ordinance

Fails to Become Law—Regular Meeting of the Board of Aldermen—The Business Disposed of.

Autumnal indifference kept most of the aldermen away from the council chamber last night until a late hour, and it was after 8 o'clock when the meeting was called to order. The only feature of the session was the defeat of the natural gas ordinance—the board failing to concur in the amendments tacked on by the councilmen. Most of the session was devoted to routine matters.

New business was introduced and disposed of as follows:

By Mr. Hartford—Resolution permitting owners on Rockingham street, between Collingwood avenue and Fulton street, to construct a cylindrical brick sewer at the owners' expense. Adopted.

By Mr. Peiter—A resolution requesting the water works trustees to extend the water pipe on Nebraska avenue to Junction avenue. Adopted.

By Mr. Hassenzahl—Resolution giving permission to Godfrey Staiger to build a cooper shop on Stickney avenue near Michigan street. Adopted.

Resolution directing the street commissioner to place a culvert at the intersection of Vermont avenue and Frederick street and to deepen the litches on both sides of Vermont avenue to a point 150 feet north of Frederick street. Adopted.

Ordinance to provide for the issue of improvement bonds to pay for sewer No. 271 in sewer district No. 23 in Nevada street, from the Maumee river to Springfield avenue. Adopted. The amount called for is $27,500.

Ordinance to open and extend Woodruff avenue, from Smead avenue to Hewey street. Adopted.

The resolution to improve Wisconsin street was reconsidered and referred back to the street committee. Several property owners objected and wanted the matter delayed.

Mayor Emmick sent in a communication vetoing the resolutions for the boring of artesian wells at the corner of Lenk and Missouri streets, and the corner of Nebraska and Detroit avenues. Referred to the board of councilmen.

Alderman Graham presented a petition from several Vinton street property owners asking for the appointment of a committee to examine the charges made for the construction of sewer No. 412. The petition charges wholesale extravagance and alleges that a much-needed catch basin had been unnecessarily destroyed. The matter was referred to the sewer committee.

The resolutions providing for the cleaning of Madison, Jefferson, Adams, Erie, Cherry, Bancroft and Ontario streets and Vermont and Woodruff avenues were referred to the street committee.

The natural gas ordinance came from the board of councilmen in an amended form. As amended it provided for a 15 cent rate instead of 20 cents, and for a contract expiring September 1, 1893, instead of September 1, 1896. Mr. Hodge said he wanted the opinion of the city solicitor as to whether the city really had the right to fix the price.

The city solicitor said the supreme court had decided that gas companies and cities must mutually agree upon a price, and that if city authorities established an unreasonable price gas companies could not be compelled to recognize it.

Mr. Hartford said he would like to know why the contract couldn't be made for four or five years as well as for one year. C. T. Lewis, who represented the company, said that the company had the same right in this respect that it had as to the price, and that inasmuch as the supply of gas was uncertain it would be manifestly unfair to compel the gas company to enter into a contract that would be binding for more than one year.

Aldermen Leroux and Graham voted for the ordinance and Messrs. Hartford, Hassenzahl, Peiter, Wolfman, Huberich and Hodge voted against it.

On leave Mr. Hartford offered two resolutions, one was to rescind the resolution heretofore adopted to pave part of Wisconsin street. This was adopted, and another resolution to rescind a resolution providing for the paving of Vermont avenue, was referred to the street committee.

The resolution from the board of councilmen to allow the claim of W. F. Brenzinger was referred back to the judiciary committee, and the resolution to improve Oak street was also referred back. The resolution directing the city clerk to purchase 35 copies of manuals was lost, as was the resolution granting Melchoir Bros. permission to place a sign across Summit street.

With the above exception all the schedule business was adopted and the board adjourned.

LILLIE JOHNSON.

She Must Stand Trial as Well as Alice Mitchell.

Memphis, Tenn., Sept. 20.—Th entire testimony in the Alice Mitchell case may be gone over again in the case against Lillie Johonson, her companion in the buggy when Alice cut Freda Ward's throat.

After the disposal of Miss Mitchell's case the attorney general expressed a desire to enter a nolle prosque at to Miss Johnson.

This morning Miss Johnson's attorney, Mr. N. R. Patterson, called Judge Dubose's attention to the case and to the surprise of every one Judge Dubose ordered it to go to trial. The case was accordingly set for the first Monday in October.

Miss Johnson is at her home slowly dying of consumption.

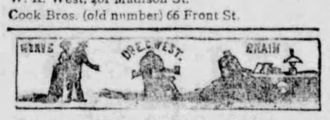
SUPERIOR
to all other medicines for purifying the blood and restoring the health and strength,
AYER'S
Sarsaparilla
is the standard specific for Scrofula, Catarrh Rheumatism, and Debility.
Cures Others will cure you.

"THE MAN WHO WANTS THE EARTH." and never minds the fence. You can get a firm hold on many of the good things of this world by dealing at
HOOD BROS., 616 Adams Street.

SOME SOLID FACTS
IN RELATION TO
SHOES
Will appear in this Space the coming year:
S. W. NETTLETON
221 Summit St.

Sura Cura
ROBINSON'S SURE CURE
—FOR—
Rheumatism and Neuralgia
And remedy for diseases arising from an impure state of the blood. An antidote for MALARIA. Price 50c and $1. Sent by mail on receipt of price. Send for circular.
R. W. ROBINSON & SON
124 GREENWICH ST., NEW YORK.

FOR SALE IN TOLEDO, O., BY
W. K. West, 401 Madison St.
Cook Bros. (old number) 66 Front St.



DR. E. C. WEST'S NERVE AND BRAIN TREATMENT, a specific for Hysteria, Dizziness, Fits, Neuralgia, Headache, Nervous Prostration caused by alcohol or tobacco, Wakefulness, Mental Depression, Softening of Brain, causing insanity, misery, decay, death, Premature Old Age, Barrenness, Loss of Power in either sex, Impotency, Leucorrhoea and all Female Weaknesses, Involuntary Losses, Spermatorrhoea caused by over-exertion of brain, Self-abuse, over-indulgence. A month's treatment, $1, 6 for $5, by mail. We guarantee six boxes to cure. Each order for 6 boxes, with $5, will send written guarantee to refund if not cured. Guarantee issued only by I. N. Reed's Son, Druggist and Sole Agent, Toledo, Ohio.

DR. R. T. FELIX GOURAUD'S ORIENTAL CREAM, OR MAGICAL BEAUTIFIER
Purifies as well as Beautifies the Skin. No other cosmetics will do it.

Removes tans, pimples, freckles, moth patches, rash and skin diseases, and every blemish on beauty, and defies detection. It has stood the test of 40 years, and is so harmless we taste it to be sure it is properly made. Accept no counterfeit of similar name. Dr. L. A. Sayer said to a lady of the haut-ton (a patient): "As you ladies will use them, I recommend 'Gouraud's Cream' as the least harmful of all the skin preparations." For sale by all druggists and fancy goods dealers in the U. S., Canadas and Europe. Fred T. Hopkins, Prop., 37 Great Jones St., N. Y.

Sour Eructations,
fullness after eating, with disinclination to exertion of body or mind; irritability of temper, general weariness and debility are speedily removed by the use of
TUTT'S
Tiny Liver Pills
and good appetite, strong digestion, activity of body and mind, sociability, buoyancy of spirits, and health and strength take their place. Price, 25 cents. Office, 39 & 41 Park Place, N. Y.

DEAFNESS AND HEAD NOISES CURED by Peck's Invisible Ear Cushions. Whispers heard. Successful when all remedies fail. Sold by F. Hiscox, 858 B'way, N. Y. Write for book of proofs FREE

FOR SALE---DEEP CREEK RANCH.
Situated in San Saba Co., Texas, three miles from Pontotoc, which has good schools, churches, daily mails and telegraph office. Ranch contains 6,000 acres, one-half of which is of the very best agricultural land; the remaining half grazing land of very high grade. It is fenced with 4 wires and cedar posts. This land will produce abundant crops of wheat, corn, cotton, oats, rye and barley, vegetables, fruits and melons, and is in the center of the mineral region of Texas. See Reports of Texas Geological Bureau for 1890 and 1891. Abundance of water and delightful climate, ranch being 2,000 feet above sea level. For price and terms address L. W. Isherwood, Toledo, O. 7sept-tf

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PILSENER, LAGER,
EXPORT BEERS!
Ales, Porter, Stout and Mt. Clemens Sprudel Water promptly delivered to families, hotels and trade in general
ADAM ULLRICH
122 and 124 St. Clair
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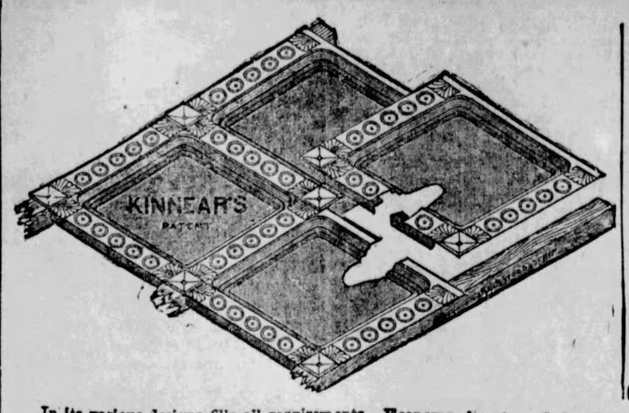
MALYDOR INJECTION
TRADE THE GENTLEMAN'S FRIEND. MARK
No Stain. No Pain. Prevents Stricture. Free Strings. A Quick Cure for GONORRHŒA, GLEET and LEUCORRHŒA. At druggists or sent to any address for $1.00.
"Injection Malydor is THE BEST of all similar remedies." Dr. HENRY RENY, Biddeford, Me.
MALYDOR MFG. CO., LANCASTER, O., U. S. A.
For Sale by
Boody House Drug Store, Toledo, O.

FOR WOMEN ONLY
Mackenzie's Vegetable Tablets are a positive and speedy cure for all forms of Female Weakness. Easy to use—no medicine to swallow—cure certain. Satisfaction guaranteed. Price $1.00 per box. Sent by mail securely sealed upon receipt of price. A treatise on Diseases of Women, free. Address
JAMES CHEMICAL CO., Peoria, Ill.

The Blade Printing & Paper Co
Printers, Book Makers, Electrotypers, Stationers, and dealers in and makers of Account Books.
126 and 128 St. Clair St., TOLEDO

GIRLS.
GOOD, reliable girls wanted on Underwear. Good wages while learning. Employment the year round. Call or address
HAY & TODD MFG. CO.,
YPSILANTI, MICH.

OH, IF I ONLY HAD HER
Complexion! Why, it is easily obtained. Use Pozzoni's Complexion Powder.



Kinnear's Patent Steel Ceiling
In its various designs fills all requirements. Economy, beauty and durability are the elements sought. Easily put on; easily cleaned. Will admit of fine decoration. See samples Boody House lobby, New Beebuilding and Chamber of Commerce building. Send for catalogue.
THE KINNEAR & GAGER CO., Sole Manufacturers, Columbus, Ohio.

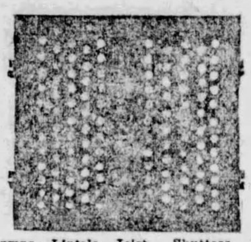
THE U. S. MAIL CHUTE
as in use in the leading modern office buildings, apartment houses and hotels, is furnished by arrangement with the Post Office Department in connection with the U. S. Free Collection Service, and under the Cutler System of Mail Chute and Mail Box patents, only by the
Cutler Manufacturing Co.,
Please write for a circular. Rochester, N. Y.

PILES
DR. WILLIAMS' INDIAN PILE OINTMENT will cure Blind, Bleeding and Itching Piles. It absorbs the tumors, allays the itching at once, acts as a poultice, gives instant relief. Prepared only for Piles and Itching of the private parts. Every box is warranted. Judge Coons, of Maysville, K. Y., says: "Dr. Williams' Indian Pile Ointment cured me after years of suffering." Sold by druggists sent by mail on receipt of price. 50 cents and $1.00 per box.
For sale by W. K. West, Boody House drug store, Toledo, O.

LOST MANHOOD
NERVITIS—(Piver's French Nerve Remedy) sold with written guarantee to cure all Nervous Diseases, Weak Memory, Loss of Brain Power, Nervousness, Headache, Lost Manhood, Lassitude, all drains and loss of power in either sex, abuse of Alcohol or Tobacco, Sleeplessness caused by overexertion or youthful indiscretion, leading to infirmity, consumption and insanity. $1 a package; 6 for $5, by mail to any address. With every $5 order a written guarantee to cure or refund money; 8-page circular free.

Before and After.
Correspondence confidential. PIVER'S REMEDY CO., Toledo, Ohio. Sold by R. C. Spohn, 2145 Monroe street.

IRON WORK
LIGHTS SIDEWALK GRATING



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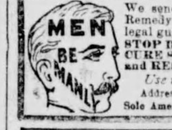
M. DONOVAN,
511 to 515 Water Street, TOLEDO.

WOOD'S PHOSPHODINE!
The Great English Remedy.

Promptly and permanently cures all forms of Nervous Weakness, Emissions, Spermatorrhea, Impotency and all effects of Abuse or Excesses. Been prescribed over 35 years in thousands of cases; is the only Reliable and Honest Medicine known. Ask druggist for Wood's Phosphodine; if he offers some worthless medicine in place of this, leave his dishonest store, inclose price in letter, and we will send by return mail. Price, one package, $1; six, $5. One will please, six will cure. Pamphlet in plain sealed envelope, 2 stamps. Address THE WOOD CHEMICAL CO., 131 Woodward avenue, Detroit, Mich.
Sold in Toledo by all wholesale and retail druggists.



We send the marvelous French Remedy CALTHOS free, and a legal guarantee that CALTHOS will STOP Discharges in 48 hours, CURE Spermatorrhea, Varicocele and RESTORE Lost Vigor.
Use it and pay if satisfied.
Address, VON MOHL CO.,
Sole American Agents, Cincinnati, Ohio.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed proposals will be received by the Toledo Natural Gas Trustees at their office, 408 Superior street, Toledo, Ohio, until 12 o'clock, noon, on

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 20TH, 1892,

for furnishing and setting, together with all necessary connections, enclosed under suitable buildings, to be erected on the main gas line, at such point as the Natural Gas Trustees may designate.

Six or more one hundred horse power boilers.

Two or more gas pumping engines, with twenty-four inch steam cylinders; twenty-four inch gas cylinders, and thirty-inch stroke.

One feed water heater, of suitable size.

Two or more boiler feed pumps.

One electric light plant of sufficient capacity to properly light said pumping station.

Also the drilling of one or more water wells, and the construction of a reservoir, or tanks, to contain the water necessary for the operation of the above pumping station.

Also such other machinery and appliances as may be necessary for the completion of such pumping station.

All bidders must furnish copies of plans and specifications, to be on file at the office of the Natural Gas Trustees.

The work bid for must be begun as soon as the contract is awarded, and bidders must specify time in which they will complete the work, which must be within sixty days from its commencement.

Bidders must guarantee a gas pumping station, complete and in operation, capable of delivering fifteen million cubic feet of natural gas per day, through a ten-inch pipe line, at the City of Toledo.

Bids will be received for part or all of the work advertised.

The board reserves the right to reject any or all bids, or to accept bids for all or any part of said work.

By Order of the Board,
REYNOLD VOIT, Vice President.
WM. P. HESTON, Manager.
Toledo, O., Sept. 3, 1892. 6sept2w

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Walnut Street Paving.

Sealed proposals will be received by the undersigned, up to 12 o'clock at noon of Monday,

THE 17TH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1892,

for improving Walnut street from the paving in Bancroft street to the northwesterly gutter line of Seneca street by paving the central twenty-six feet thereof with either Medina Stone, Cedar Blocks, Vitrified Bricks, Asphalt Blocks or Trinidad Asphalt, together with the necessary grading, curbing, gutters, crosswalks, drainage, etc.

The contractor or contractors who shall do the work herein provided for shall be paid in cash within ninety days after the completion of the work and acceptance thereof by the city.

All bids must be written with ink and the price of each item shall be written in full as well as in figures. Each bid must contain the full name of every person interested in the same. All parties filing bids for the matters specified in this notice must deposit with the city clerk on each bid the sum of Two Hundred Dollars. All deposits to be in cash or certified check on a bank doing a regular banking business in the city of Toledo, and accompanied by an agreement signed by the bidder and two disinterested persons, guaranteeing that, if the bid is accepted, a contract will be entered into—otherwise the amount deposited to be forfeited to the city; and in case a contract is entered into, said deposit to remain until the first estimate of work done, (or double the amount of deposit,) is reported to the common council.

Bidders will be required to indorse their names on the outside of the envelope containing their proposal, and what the bid is for, the same to be filed with the city clerk. Bids not filed in accordance with the above requirements will be rejected.

Blank bids and envelopes can be obtained of the undersigned or of the city civil engineer.

Bidders must specify the time within which they will commence and complete the work after the acceptance of their bid.

Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of the city civil engineer.

The council reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

By order of the council.
SYLVESTER LAMB,
City Clerk.
17sept-e-o-d-4-wks

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Erie Street Paving.

Sealed proposals will be received by the undersigned up to 12 o'clock at noon of Monday,

THE 17TH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1892,

for improving Erie street from the southwest gutter line of Logan street to the northeast gutter line of North Railroad avenue by paving the central thirty feet thereof with either Medina Stone, Cedar Blocks, Vitrified Bricks, Asphalt Blocks or Trinidad Asphalt laid on a foundation of hydraulic cement concrete, together with the necessary grading, curbing, gutters, crosswalks, drainage, etc.

The contractor or contractors who shall do the work herein provided for shall be paid in cash within ninety days after the completion of the work and acceptance thereof by the city.

All bids must be written with ink and the price of each item shall be written in full as well as in figures. Each bid must contain the full name of every person interested in the same. All parties filing bids for the matters specified in this notice must deposit with the city clerk on each bid the sum of Three Hundred Dollars. All deposits to be in cash or certified check on a bank doing a regular banking business in the city of Toledo, and accompanied by an agreement signed by the bidder and two disinterested persons, guaranteeing that, if the bid is accepted, a contract will be entered into—otherwise the amount deposited to be forfeited to the city; and in case a contract is entered into, said deposit to remain until the first estimate of work done, (or double the amount of deposit,) is reported to the common council.

Bidders will be required to indorse their names on the outside of the envelope containing their proposal, and what the bid is for, the same to be filed with the city clerk. Bids not filed in accordance with the above requirements will be rejected.

Blank bids and envelopes can be obtained of the undersigned or of the city civil engineer.

Bidders must specify the time within which they will commence and complete the work after the acceptance of their bid.

Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of the city civil engineer.

The council reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

By order of the council.
SYLVESTER LAMB,
City Clerk.
17sept-e-o-d-4-wks

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Floyd Street Paving.

Sealed proposals will be received by the undersigned up to 12 o'clock at noon of Monday,

THE 17TH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1892,

for improving Floyd street from the paving in Warren street to the paving in Fulton street by paving the central twenty-two feet thereof with Trinidad Asphalt, laid on a foundation of hydraulic cement concrete, together with the necessary grading, curbing, drainage, etc.

The contractor or contractors who shall do the work herein provided for shall be paid in cash within ninety days after the completion of the work and acceptance thereof by the city.

All bids must be written with ink and the price of each item shall be written in full as well as in figures. Each bid must contain the full name of every person interested in the same. All parties filing bids for the matters specified in this notice must deposit with the city clerk on each bid the sum of One Hundred and Fifty Dollars. All deposits to be in cash or certified check on a bank doing a regular banking business in the city of Toledo, and accompanied by an agreement signed by the bidder and two disinterested persons, guaranteeing that, if the bid is accepted, a contract will be entered into—otherwise the amount deposited to be forfeited to the city; and in case a contract is entered into, said deposit to remain until the first estimate of work done, (or double the amount of deposit,) is reported to the common council.

Bidders will be required to indorse their names on the outside of the envelope containing their proposal, and what the bid is for, the same to be filed with the city clerk. Bids not filed in accordance with the above requirements will be rejected.

Blank bids and envelopes can be obtained of the undersigned or of the city civil engineer.

Bidders must specify the time within which they will commence and complete the work after the acceptance of their bid.

Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of the city civil engineer.

The council reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

By order of the council.
SYLVESTER LAMB,
City Clerk.
17sept-e-o-d-4-wks

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Bartlett Street Paving.

Sealed proposals will be received by the undersigned, up to 12 o'clock at noon of Monday,

THE 17TH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1892,

for improving Bartlett street from 22nd street to Lawrence avenue by paving the central thirty-two feet thereof with either Medina Stone, Cedar Blocks, Vitrified Bricks, Asphalt Blocks or Trinidad Asphalt, together with the necessary grading, curbing, gutters, crosswalks, drainage, etc.

The contractor or contractors who shall do the work herein provided for shall be paid in cash within ninety days after the completion of the work and acceptance thereof by the city.

All bids must be written with ink and the price of each item shall be written in full as well as in figures. Each bid must contain the full name of every person interested in the same. All parties filing bids for the matters specified in this notice must deposit with the city clerk on each bid the sum of Five Hundred Dollars. All deposits to be in cash or certified check on a bank doing a regular banking business in the city of Toledo, and accompanied by an agreement signed by the bidder and two disinterested persons, guaranteeing that, if the bid is accepted, a contract will be entered into—otherwise the amount deposited to be forfeited to the city; and in case a contract is entered into, said deposit to remain until the first estimate of work done, (or double the amount of deposit,) is reported to the common council.

Bidders will be required to endorse their names on the outside of the envelope containing their proposal, and what the bid is for, the same to be filed with the city clerk. Bids not filed in accordance with the above requirements will be rejected.

Blank bids and envelopes can be obtained of the undersigned or of the city civil engineer.

Bidders must specify the time within which they will commence and complete the work after the acceptance of their bid.

Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of the city civil engineer.

The council reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

By order of the council.
SYLVESTER LAMB, City Clerk.
17sept-e-o-d-4-wks

ATTORNEYS.

PATENTS PROC

IN TRADING CIRCLES

Both at Our Home and Abroad.

What Quotations for the Day—Price Currents for Produce and Other Articles.

Live Stock.

New York, Sept. 20.—Cattle—Receipts 8,749 head, including 70 cars for sale. The market was dull but steady. Sales of native steers at $3.25@5.40 per cwt, Colorados at $3.47@3.90, bulls and cows at $2.00@3.50. Dressed beef was steady at 7@9c per lb. Shipments to-day 138 beeves and 1,400 quarters of beef; to-morrow 686 beeves.

Calves—Receipts 1,899 head. The market was slow but steady. Sales of veals at $5.00@7.50 per cwt, grassers at $2.00@2.25, buttermilks at $2.50@2.75.

Sheep and lambs—Receipts 16,297 head. The market for sheep was 1-4c higher; lambs firm. Sheep sold at $4.00@5.00 per cwt, lambs at $5.25@6.50. Dressed mutton was firm at 7@9c per lb, and dressed lambs steady at 9@10 1-2c.

Hogs—Receipts 9,715 head, including 2 cars for sale. The market was steady. Sales at $5.40@5.5 0per cwt.

Buffalo, Sept. 20.—Cattle—Receipts 182 loads through, 250 loads on sale. The market was strong for good grades; steady for fair butchers'. Extra steers at $5.25 per cwt, choice do at $4.75@4.90, good fairly fat shipping steers at $4.30@4.60, good to extra cows at $3.00@3.50.

Calves—Buttermilks at $2.25@3.50, veals, fair to best, at $5.00@6.00.

Hogs—Receipts 79 loads through, 100 loads on sale. The market was about steady with last week's closing prices. Heavy corn fed at $5.60 per cwt., packers at $5.50, mediums at $5.50@5.55, good Yorkers at $5.30@5 35, pigs at $5.00@5.25.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts 13 loads through, 55 loads on sale. The market for sheep was stronger; lambs steady. Choice wethers at $4.65 per cwt., fair sheep at $4.00, Canadas at $3.75, best native lambs at $5.90.

Chicago, Sept. 20.—Cattle—Receipts 22,000 head, shipments 3,000 head. The market was slow and weak to 15c lower. Sales of prime to extra native steers at $4.85@5.35 per cwt., others at $3.50@4.75, Texas steers at $2.50@3.00, rangers at $3.65@4.55, cows at $2.25@2.75.

Hogs—Receipts 22,000 head, shipments 9,000 head. The market was active and 5c higher. Sales of rough common at $4.90@5.15 per cwt., mixed and packers at $5.20@5.35, prime heavy and butchers' weights at $5.20@5.35, lights at $5.00@5.40.

Sheep—Receipts 9,000 head, shipments 1,200 head. The market was weak to a trifle lower. Sales of natives at $3.50@5 25 per cwt., Texans at $3.80@3.87 1-2, westerns at $4.20@4.35, lambs at $3.50@5.85.

St. Louis, Sept. 20.—Cattle—Receipts 4,000 head, shipments 2,000 head. The market was active and steady. Sales of fair to good native steers at $3 00@4 00 per cwt., fair to good Texas and Indian steers at $2 25@3 50.

Hogs—Receipts 2,900 head, shipments 2,000 head. The market was 5@10c higher. Sales of of heavy grades at $5 00@5 20 per cwt., mixed at $4 90@5 25, light 5c lower, at $5 00@5 20.

Sheep—Receipts 300 head, shipments 900 head. The market was steady. No good sheep on sale. Native muttons ranging at $3 00@5.90 per cwt, Texans at $3 00@4 50.

East Liberty, Sept. 20.—Cattle—Receipts 3,912 head, shipments 2,361 head. The market was very dull at about last week's prices. Prime steers at $4 50@5 00 per cwt., fair to good at $3 50@4 25, common at $2 25@3 25, bulls, cows and stags at $1 50@3 00, fresh cows at $15 00@40 00. Fifty-six cars of cattle shipped to New York to-day.

Hogs—Receipts 7,200 head, shipments 5,900 head. The market was active. Sales of fair to best Philadelphias at $5.70@5.75 per cwt, mixed at $5.40@5.55, best Yorkers at $5.40@5.55, grassers at $4.75@5.25. Seventeen cars of hogs shipped to New York to-day.

Sheep—Receipts 2,800 head, shipments 1,200 head. The market was steady at about last week's prices. Prime sheep at $4.50@4.80 per cwt, fair to good at $3.50@4.25, common at $1.00@2.50, lambs at $3.00@5.75.

Veal Calves—Firm. Best at $5.50@6.25 per cwt, heavy at $2.00@3.25.

Metals.

New York, Sept. 20.—Bar silver 83 5-8.

London, Sept. 20.—Bar silver at 38 1-4d per ounce.

St. Louis, Sept. 19.—Lead—Market quiet; chemical sold at $3.80 1-2@3.90 1-2.

New York, Sept. 20.—Pig Iron—Steady, but quiet. American at $13.00@15.50. Copper—Dull and weak. Lake at $11.00@11.10. Lead—Steady but quiet. Domestic at $4.05@4.10. Tin—Steady. Straits at $20.20@20.30.

Petroleum.

New York, Sept. 20.—The petroleum market opened steady, and after small sales became dull and remained so until the close. Pennsylvania oil spot sales none. October option sales 9,000 bbls; opening at 53 1-8c, the highest price was 53 1-8c, the lowest 53c, closing at 53 1-8c. Lima oil no sales. Total sales 9,000 bbls.

Oil City, Sept. 20.—National Transit certificates opened at 53 3-4c, the highest price was 53 3-4c, the lowest 53 1-8c, closing at 53 1-8c. Sales 12,000 bbls; clearances 20,000 bbls, shipments 183,882 bbls, runs 130,917 bbls.

British Grain Trade.

London, Sept. 20.—The Mark Lane Express, in its weekly review of the British grain trade, says: New English wheats are not largely offered. It is not likely there will be large deliveries until October or November. Foreign wheats have arrived freely. This weakened the market and caused prices to decline 6d. An estimate of the world's imports and exports of wheat and flour during the coming year shows that 846,000 quarters are likely to be sent to buying countries that will only need 803,000 quarters, and this promises low prices throughout the year. Barley and oats are cheaper. Corn is unchanged. At to-day's market more English wheat was offered and some sold at 29s. Foreign wheats were generally inactive. Only American was firm at an average price of 30s. Flour was unchanged. Barley, oats and corn were steady. Rye was cheaper.

Wool.

London, Sept. 20.—At the wool sales to-day 14,945 bales of medium quality were offered. The attendance was large. There was animated bidding for good combing and greasy merinos. Faulty parcels met with poor sales. Following are the sales to-day in detail and the prices obtained: New South Wales, sales 2,800 bales—Scoured at 7 1-4d@1s 2d, do locks and pieces at 6 1-4d@1s 1 1-2d, greasy at 3 3-4@9d, do locks and pieces at 3 3-4@7 1-2d. Queensland, sales 3,300 bales—Scoured at 9d@1s 2d, do locks and pieces at 3 3-4d@1s, greasy at 4 1-2@9 1-2d, do locks and pieces at 6 1-2@7 3-4d, fleece at 8d@2s 2 1-2d. Melbourne and Victoria, sales 2,500 bales—Scoured at 9 1-2d@1s 1d, do locks and pieces at 4 1-2@11d, greasy at 6 3-4@11 1-2d, do locks and pieces at 3@10 1-2d. South Australia, sales 300 bales—Scoured at 7 3-4@11 1-2d, do locks and pieces at 5 3-4@11d, greasy at 5@5 1-2d. Tasmania, sales 200 bales—Greasy at 6@8d, do locks and pieces at 2@2 1-2d. New Zealand, sales 2,000 bales—Scoured at 8d@1s 2d, do locks and pieces at 5 1-2@1s 1 1-2d, greasy at 6@9 1-2d, do locks and pieces at 3 1-2@7d. Cape of Good Hope and Natal, sales 2,400 bales—Scoured at 11 1-2d@1s 6 1-2d, greasy at 4@7 3-4d, fleece at 9@10d.

TOLEDO PRICES CURRENT.

Corrected daily at King's elevator.—Grain at the elevator—Red wheat, No. 2, new, 73c; white wheat, No. 2, 69c. Rye—No. 2, new, 50c. Corn—No. 2, 48c. Oats—White, 35c; mixed, 33c.

Provisions—(Corrected daily by Charles Meyers)—Very firm; pork, mess, $12 00 per bbl; short, $12 50; clear, $13 00; short clear, $14 50. Hams very firm; 18 lbs and over, 12c; 15 lbs average, 12c; 12 lbs. and under, 12 1-2c; shoulders, 9c; scarce. Breakfast bacon, clear, 12c; rib, 10c; smoked beef, 11c. Lard—Kettle rendered, 8 1-2c; by bbl., 8 1-2c; 50 lb tin kettle lard, 8 1-2c; refined, 6 3-4c; 50 lb tins, 7c. Bacon side, 10 1-2c. Bologna, 6c. Barrel meats active. Market very strong. Calves—Good demand, 7 1-2@8c bbl. Hogs—Good demand, 6 1-2@7c. All kinds smoked meat very firm, but scarce.

Butter—Scarce and higher; Elgin creamery, 25@26c; gathered creams, 24@25c; fancy Ohio creamery, 23@24c; fancy northwestern creamery, 22@23c; fancy dairy, 20@21c; prime to choice, 18@19c; medium, 14@16c; common, 8@10c per pound.

Tallow—City, 4 3-4c per lb; country, 4c.

Wool—Unwashed—Medium clothing, 18@23c per lb; combing and delaine, 24@25c; quarter blood, 23@24c; fine merino, 18@19c. Fleece-washed—Medium clothing, 27@30c; combing and delaine, 30@31c; fine merino, X and XX, 28@29c; burry and cots, 18@20c. Tub-washed—30@35c; pulled, 25@29c.

Vegetables—(Corrected daily by E. A. Rood)—Business good; demand for all vegetables active and improving. Prices on open market. Country orders are filled at higher prices. New potatoes, 70@80c per bushel; $2 10@2 30 per barrel; green beans, 50@75c per bu; new wax beans, $1 25@1 50 per bu; new cauliflower, $1 00@1 50 per doz; beets, 50c bu; onions, 20c per doz; @@1 00 per bushel; lettuce, 5@6c per lb; tomatoes, 30@40c per bushel; cabbage, $1 00@1 25 bbl; peaches, 1-3 bu basket, 90@1 00; California fruits—Bartlett pears, $1 75@2 25 bus; Pickle pears, $1 00@1 25 per bu; peaches, 1-3 bu. basket, 75@1 00; bu. basket, $2 25@3 50; California fruits—Bartlett pears, $3 00@3 50 per box; plums, $2 50@3 00 per case; peaches, $1 50 per case. New apples, scarce and high, 90@1 00 per bu; strictly fancy, $1 10 per bu; $2 75@3 25 per bbl.

Fruits—Fine Crawford peaches, peck baskets, 75@1 00; bushel baskets, $2 25@3 50; choice N. Y. State plums, 1-6 bu basket, 60@75c; choice white peaches, $1 75@250; nutmeg melons, 40@75c doz; $1 00@1 50 per barrel.

Poultry—(Corrected daily by Fulton Market)—Dressed and live chickens light demand; live, 9 1-2@10 1-2c per lb; old, dressed, 11c; old, live, 7@8c; spring dress, demand light; dressed, 10c; live, 7@8c; turkeys, 9c; woodcock, 20c each.

Salt Fish—Mackerel No. 1 large shore, per bbl., $22 00@24 00; No. 1 shore, $19 00@21 00; No. 1 medium, $17 00@18 00; No. 2 shore, $20 00@21 00; 1-2 bbl. No. 1 extra, $11 50; 1-2 bbl. No. 2 shore, $11 00; 1-2 bbl. No. 3 large, $9 50; 1-2 bbl. No. 3 small, $6 50; white fish, No. 1, per half bbl., $3 50; No. 2, $3 50. Lake herring, $3 00 per half bbl; No. 1 box herring, 22c per box.

Fresh Fish—Scarce; White (unpar lake) 7c; No. 2 pickerel, 6c; herring, 2 1-2c; pike, 6 1-2c; pan, 2 1-2c; trout, 7c; soft, 3c; saugers, 6c; catfish, 8c.

Turpentine—Savannah quiet at 25 3-4c per gallon.

Lead—Standard trust, $7 00@7 50; colored lead, $6 00@7 00.

Eggs—Market firm; strictly fresh, 17@18c.

Oils—Ohio prime white, 6 1-2c; Ohio water white, 7c; Indiana prime white, 6 1-2c; Indiana water white, 7c; Michigan prime white, 7c; Michigan water white, 7 1-2c; Eocene, 8 1-8c; stove gaso, 7c; linseed oil, raw, 41c; boiled, 44c. These figures are for barrels. Lard oil, No. 1, 42c, extra, No. 1, 52c; extra winter strain, 64c.

Peanuts—Farmers' rough, 3@4c per lb; do screened, 4@4 1-2c; reclenaed and handpicked, 5c; white Virginia, 5c.

Coffees—Corrected daily by the Toledo Spice Co.—Green Rio, fair, 15 1-2c; good, 17 1-2c; prime, 18 1-2c; Green Santos, fancy, 22 1-2c; Roasted Java Mandheling, 35c; Old Government, 32c; Java, 30c; Java Imperial, 26c; roasted Rio, bulk, 18@23c; German packages, 20 3-4c; Lion packages, 20 3-4c; Arlosa packages, 20 1-4c.

Hay—Choice timothy, $11 00@12 00; No. 2, $10 00@11 00; mixed, $9 00@10 00. Straw, $6 00@7 00.

Seeds—German millet, $1 15 from store; Hungarian and common millet, 85@1 00 from store; flaxseed, $1 15@1 25 per bu on arrival.

Millfeed—Bran, $15 00 in bulk on track; shipstuff, $16 00; middlings, $18 00 and $1 00 more in sacks.

Flour—Spring patent, $5 25; spring family, $4 75@5 25; winter patent, $4 75@5 25; fancy, $5 00@5 25; winter family, $4 75@5 25; extra, $3 50@4 00; low grade, $3 50. $1 00 more in bags.

Salt—Michigan salt, 85c per bbl; eastern, $1 00 per bbl; Michigan on track, 80c.

Sugar—X Powdered, 6c; Standard, Powdered, 5 5-8c; Cutloaf, 5 3-4c; Cubes, 5 1-2c; Fine Granulated, 5 1-4c; Standard A, 4 5-8c; Off A's, 4 7-8@5c; light Extra C's, 4 5-8@4.81c; Good Extra C's, 4 1-4@4 1-2; Yellow Extra C's, 3 3-4@4 1-8c.

Maple Sweets—Syrup, pure, 80@90c per gallon; manufactured, 65@75c; sugar, fairly active for all grades. Molasses firm; centrifugal, 18@25c per gallon; open kettle, 30@45c; syrup, 24@28c; maple sugar, 9@10c.

Beans—New York marrows, $2 15@2 25; navy and medium, $1 85@2 00 per bu; western, $ 150@1 60.

Rice—Firm; fair to choice Louisiana, 4 1-2@5c; per lb; Japan, 5 1-2@6c; fancy head, Carolina, 6 1-2@7c. The foregoing are wholesale, not retail prices, which are fractionally higher.

Sorghum—Medium to choice, 30@32c per gallon. Market dull.

Dried Fruit—Apples, 4 1-2@5c per lb; evaporated, 6 1-2@7c; peaches, 7 1-2@8 1-2c; fancy, 9 1-2@10c.

Cheese—New York full cream, 12 1-2@13 1-2c per lb; Michigan full cream, 10@10 1-2c per lb; Young America, 9@11 1-2c; fancy Schweitzer, 14 1-2@15c per lb; twins, 11 1-2@12c per lb. Stocks are light and the market is firm.

Hops—New York, 30@33c; western, 23@33c; foreign, 63c per lb.

DRY GOODS MARKET.

Prints.

Pacific Fancy, 6c; Cocheco Fancy, 6c; Simpsons Fancy, 6c; Simpsons Fancy, 6c; Windsor Fancy, 6c; Allen's Fancy, 5 1-2c; Manchester Fancy, 6c; Hamilton Fancy, 6c; Hamilton Staples, 5 1-2c; American, 3-4 Indigo, 5 3-4c; American Shirting, 4 3-4c; Arnold "B" Indigo, 9c; Arnold "C" Indigo, 8c; Harmony Fancy, 4 1-4c; Hamilton Rep Robes, 6c; Pacific Robes, 6c; Allen's Robes, 6c; Allen's Patch Work, 5 1-2c; Allen's Pink, 6c; Allen's Purple, 6c; Hamilton Figured Red, 6c; Pacific Figured Red, 6c; Allen Figured Red, 6c; M. W. 4-4 Plain Oil Red, 10c; X Washington Oil Red, 8c; M. W. 3-4 Oil Red, 7c; S. 3-4 Oil Red, 6c; India Oil Red, 5 1-2c; Palermo Oil Red, 5c; Vienna Oil Green, Blue and Orange, 6c; Steel River Percales, 8c.

Ginghams.

Amoskeag staples, 7c; Falcon staples, 4 3-4c; Normandie dress, 8c; Renfrew dress, 8c; Everett dress, 8c; Bon Ton dress, 7 1-2c; Beechwood dress, 7c; Hadley dress, 6 1-2c; Wellington dress, 6 1-2c.

Dress Goods.

Angora Camlets, 10 1-2c; Zaara Melange, 10 1-2c; India Cashmere, 10 1-2c; Inverness 36 inch., 10c; Tokio Repps, 8 1-2c; Turners, 24 inch., 16c; Turners, 36 inch, 24c; Turners, 36 inch., 32 1-2c; 3-4 Real Lustre, 12 1-2c; Clan Tartans, 10c; Lawrence Fancies, 20c; 3-4 Poplin Lustre, 8 1-2c; Swiss Zephyrs, 7 1-2c; Arlesian Cords, 7 1-2c; Elder Downs, 37 1-2c; Cordovan Cords, 7 1-2c; Oxford 36 inch. Sackings, 20c; All Wool 28 inch. Sackings, 21c; Rocnadle 36 inch. Fancy, 40c; Camels 36 inch. Fancy, 25c; No. 1115 All Wool 36 inch. Sackings, 35c; 1079 36 inch. Sackings, 37 1-2c; 50 inch. Broadcloaths, $1 00; 50 inch. 1600 Sackings, 47 1-2c; B. A. W. Cashmeres, 12 1-2c; "B" Cashmeres, 15c; N. C. Henrietta Black and Colors, 18c; M. C. Henrietta Black and Colors, 24c; 107 Henrietta Black and Colors, 35c; A. 10 Henrietta Black and Colors, 47 1-2c.

39 Inch Black Henriettas.

No. 1200, 55c; 1300, 57 1-2c; 1400, 60c; 1510, 65c.

46 Inch Black Henriettas.

No. 1200, 65c; 1300, 67 1-2c; 1400, 70c; 1500, 75c; 1600, 77 1-2c; 1700, 80c; 1800, 82 1-2c; 1900, 85c; 2000, 92 1-2c.

Silk Warp Henriettas.

No. 120, 72 1-2c; 110, 77 1-2c; 130, 82 1-2c; 140, 87 1-2c; 160, 92 1-2c; 170, 97 1-2; 27 inch Black Mohair, 25c; 46 inch Bedford Cords, 37 1-2c.

Draperies.

Bengall, 12 1-2c; Punkah, 8c; Polka Spot, 6 1-2c; Windsor, 25c; Kremlin, 25c; Fontainebleau, 25c; Rugby, 20c; Tudor, 20c; Boulevard, 20c; Huron, 18c; Suburban, 18c; Plantagnet, 18c; Derby, 12 1-2c; Marathon, 12 1-2c; Beraldum, 12 1-2c.

3-4 Cream, 6c; 3-4 Bristol, 8c; Anawan, 10c; Orion, 12 1-2c; Dakota, 15c; Marigold, 15c; Norfalk, 20c.

Siberia, 27 1-2c; Farmers, 30c; C M, 30c Excelsior, 35c.

Plain Red Flannels.

C C, 14c; Essex, 15c; S, 20c; E 5, 20c; XX, 25c; XXX, 30c.

Oriental, 40c; Red and Green, 35c; Plain Cardinal, 35c.

Cream Damasks.

No. 135, 35c; No. 142, 40c; No. 163 X, 45c; No. 221, 50c.

White Damasks.

No. 14, 37 1-2c; No. 24, 40 1-2c; No. 44, 50 1-2c; No. 76, 60 1-2c; No. 98, 65 1-2c; No. 102, 75 1-2c; Red Border, 33 1-2c; 50 1-2c; No. 50 1-2c; No. 76, 60 1-2c; No. 98, Red Border, 35 1-2c; Red Border, 40 1-2c.

"A" Chambrays.

All colors, 10c.

Selesias.

2 X, 8c; 3 X, 9 1-2c; 4 X, 11c; 5 X, 12 1-2c; 77 Fancy, 12 1-2c; 92 Fancy, 12 1-2c; 226 Fancy, 16c; 95 Fancy, 16c; 216 Fancy, 22 1-2c; Percalines, 12c; Cambrics, 4 1-4c; Paddings, 9c.

Linen Canvas.

100 Black, Slates and Seal Browns, 10 1-2c; 200 Black, Slates and Seal Browns, 12c; 300 Black, Slates and Seal Browns, 14c.

Corset Jeans.

Victoria Black, Slates and White, 7c; Conestoga Browns and Slates, 6c.

Crinolines.

Black, White, Slate and Brown, 75c pc; Rutledge Linings, 5 1-2c.

White Blankets.

Alton 10-4, 75c pair; Atlantic 10-4, 75c pair; Arabian 10-4, $1 50 pair; Amsburg 10-4, $1 00 pair; Ansonia 10-4, $1 20 pair; Alhambra 10-4, $1 40 pair; Adine 10-4, $1 40 pair; Bradford 10-4, $1 80 pair; Pacific Scarlet 10-4, $2 50 pair; Beacon White 10-4, $2 25 pair; Globe 10-4, $2 50 pair; Devonshire 10-4, $2 75 pair; Forest City 10-4, $3 00 pair; Forest City 10-4, $3 00 pair; Manitoba 10-4, $3 75 pair; Columbia No. 190 11-4, $4 50 pair; Columbia No. 200, 11-4, $6 00 pair; St. Joaquin 11-4, $5 25 pair; D Valley 11-4, $6 50.

Horse Blankets.

Kansas Square, 90c nee each; Oxford Square, $1 00 net each; Berlin S Square, $1 10 net each; 5-A Trader Square, $1 20 net each; Plunger Square, $1 25 net each; 5-A Magic Square, $1 50 net each; 5-A Cold Wave Square, $2 00 net each; 5-A Trojan Square, $2 00 net each; 5-A Diamond Square, $2 25 net each; 5-A 600 Square, $2 50 net each; 5-A Norwegian Square, $2 75 net each; 5-A No. 51 Russian, $3 25 net each; 5-A No. 53 Russian, $3 25 net each; Arctic Cur. 90c net each; Hudson Cut, $1 00 nee each; Albany Cut, $1 25 net each; 5-A 5-Alle, $1 35 net each.

Gray Blankets.

Franklin 48-70, 80c pair; Franklin 58-72, 90c pair; Columbia 10-4, $1 00 pair; Conqueror 10-4, $1 25 pair; Arctic 10-4, 1 37 1-2 pair; Lama 10-4, $1 37 1-2 pair; California Camp 10-4, $1 50 pair; Pilgrim 11-4, $2 25 pair; National Wool, X, $4 00 pair.

Comforts.

"D," $7 00 net per doz; E E, $8 00 net per doz; J H, $9 00 net per doz; V E, $12 00 net per doz; N, $12 00 net per doz; C E, $13 50 net per doz; X, $15 00 net per doz; S S, $17 00 net per doz; 50 S F, $18 00 net per doz; H-4, $19 00 net per doz; 55, $20 00 net per doz; C-6, $24 00 net per doz; P S, $30 00 net per doz; Bunting Comforters, $15 00 net per doz; Crib Comforters, $9 00 net per doz.

Canton Flannels (Unbleached.)

No. 10 Tri-State, 4 3-4c; No. 20 Tri-State, 5 1-2c; No. 30 Tri-State, 6 1-2c; No. 40 Tri-State, 7 1-2c; No. 50 Tri-State, 8c; No. 60 Tri-State, 9c; No. 70 Tri-State, 10c; No. 80 Tri-State, 12c.

Canton Flannels (Bleached.)

No 15 Tri-State, 6c; No. 25 Tri-State, 7c; No. 35 Tri-State, 8c; No. 45 Tri-State, 9c; No. 55 Tri-State, 10c; No. 65 Tri-State, 12 1-2c.

Colors.

No. "A" Browns and Slates, 9 1-2c; No. "C" Browns and Slates, 8c; Reds, Old Gold and Blues, 10c.

Table Felts.

All colors, 95c net.

Surah Silks.

All colors, 30c; Blacks, 30c; Blacks, 40c; Blacks, 50c; Blacks, 60c; Blacks, 75c.

Crashes (Unbleached.)

Cotton Twill, 4c; Cotton Huck, 4c; Cotton Birdseye, 4c; Pemberton, 5c; 14-inch Linen, 4 1-2c; A A, 6 1-2c; A, 7c; P P, 7 1-2c P, 8c; N, 9c; N N, 10c; S R T, 12c.

Crashes (Bleached.)

Cotton Huck, 4 1-2c; Toilet Twill, 4 1-2c; Cotton Twill, 5c; "A" Linen, 8c; N Linen, 10c; British, 10c; Britian Twill, 12c; 348 Plaid Linen, 8 1-2c; 348 A Linen, 10c; Check, 8c.

Tickings.

No. 20 White Horse, 6 1-2c; Royal, 6 1-2c; No. "A" Oakland, 7c; No. 250 Oakland, 8c; No. 100 White Horse, 8c; No. 50 White Horse, 8c; No. 60 White Horse, 9c; No. C. C., Swift Mf'g. Co., 8c; No. S. S., Swift Mfg. Co., 9c; Fancy, Swift Mfg. Co., 10c; Appleton Fancy, 10c; A A A Lewiston Plaid, 10c; Imperial, 10c; No. 3 White Horse, 9c; No. 2 White Horse, 10 1-2c; No. 1 White Horse, 14c; Salem Fancy, 10 1-2c; S. S. Thorndyke, 12c; Victoria, 12 1-2c; 871 Fancy, 15c; 1074 Fancy, 15c; H. C. White Horse, 15c; Zebra, 16 1-2c.

Wide Brown Goods.

10-4 Boston, 20c; 9-4 Boston, 18 1-2c; 8-4 Boston, 17 1-2c; 7-4 Boston, 15c; 45-inch Fairhaven, 9c.

Bleached Cottons.

Middlesex B B, 5c; One of The Finest, 5 1-2c; Diamond, 6c; Oak View, 6c; Harvest E, 6 1-4c; Golden Rod, 6 1-2c; Senator, 6 3-4c; Pennant, 7c; Pennant, 1-2 Bleached, 7c; Fearless, 1-2 Bleached, 7c; Capitol, 1-2 Bleached, 7c; White Squadron, 7 1-2c; Rosalind, 7 1-2c; Fauntleroy, 8c; Four Seasons, 8 1-4c; Silver Queen, 8 1-2c; Lonsdale, 8 1-4c; Fruits, 8 1-4c; Lonsdale Cambrics, 10c.

Shirtings.

Tri-State, 8c; Household, 8c; Alabamas, 7c; Eagle & Phoenix, 6 1-2c; Southern, 4 1-2@5c; Edinburg, 8c; Greenville, 6c.

Denims.

York Fancies, 12 1-2c; York Blue and Brown, 12c; Everett Blue and Brown, 12c; Andover Blue and Brown, 11 1-2c; Columbian Blue and Brown, 10c; 12-ounce Blue and Brown, 14 1-2c; Arlington Ducks, 15c; Somerset Blue and Brown, 10 1-2c.

Brown Sheetings.

Great Falls B, 6 1-2c; Cabot A, 6c; Piedmont, 5 3-4c; Tri-State, 5 1-2c; North Star L L, 5 1-2c; Glenmore, 5 1-2c; Henderson A, 5 1-2c; Henderson C, 4 1-4c; Norwood X X, 5 3-4c; Household A A, 5 1-4c; Lawrence L L, 5c; Favorite L L, 5c; Harper L L, 4 3-4c; Cast Iron, 7 1-2c; Constitution, 9-8, 7 1-4c; Constitution, 4-4, 6 1-4c; Dwight Star, 6 3-4c; Atlas O N B, 6 1-2c; Columbian Tower, 6 1-4c; Cambria No. 1, 5 3-4c; Good Value, 5 1-2c; Household G G, 5 1-4c; Niobe R, 5 1-4c; Newmarket B, 5c; Grafton A, 4c; Archery Bunting, 4 1-4c; Tennis Bunting, 4c; Wassue Bunting, 3 3-4c; Perl, 3 1-4c. Anchor Drill, 6 3-4c; Piedmont, 6 1-4c.

10 Days.)

Stark A, $19 00 per bale; Rallroad, $17 50 per bale; Amoskeag, $16 00 per bale; Eureka, $15 50 per bale; White Wadding, 25c per doz; Black Wadding, 20c per doz; Linen Collar Canvas, 16@20c per yard; 4-ply Cotton Twine, 20c per lb.

Battings.

16 oz. Electric, 10 1-2c per lb; 12 oz. Electric, 10 1-2c per lb; 10 oz. Electric, 10 1-2c; 16 oz. Superlon, 8c; 16 oz. Magnetic, 10 1-2c; 16 oz. Page, 8c; 16 oz. Maumee 8c; X X Case 100 roll, $7 50 per case; X X X, Case 100 roll, $8 50 per case; X X X X, Case 80 roll, $9 50 per case. Floor Oil Cloths (in 4-4, 5-4, 6-4 and 8-4.)

No. 2, 30c; No. 3, 25c; No. A, 21c; No. B, 19c; No. 2 Rugs, 25c; No. 3 Rugs, 30c.

Wide Bleached Goods.

10-4 Boston, 22 1-2c; 9-4 Boston, 20c; 8-4 Boston, 18 1-2c; 6-4 Boston, 15c; 5-4 Boston, 12 1-2c; 45-inch Newmarket, 10c; 42-inch Newmarket, 9c.

GEN. HUSTED.

Peekskill, N. Y., Sept. 10.—General Husted is slightly improved this morning, but the change is very little. He passed a fairly comfortable night. His condition is still very serious.

To Avoid Contagious Diseases.

It is of the utmost importance to strengthen the body. A healthy body will much sooner withstand the ravages of contagious diseases, cholera, la grippe, etc., than a weak frame. The genuine Johann Hoff's Malt Extract is acknowledged in this respect to be the best tonic beverage and is especially recommended for invalids, where a delicate yet strengthening tonic is necessary to build up a debilitated constitution. One dozen bottles of Johann Hoff's Malt Extract are equal in nutritive and tonic qualities to one cask of ale or porter, without being intoxicating. It is beneficial alike for man, woman or child.

Prof. Prosper De Pietra Santa, of Paris, says: "As a large number of patients lack the necessary power to digest solid food, and would through the use of stimulants be merely excited and weakened, therefore I regard it of immense value to the practitioner to bring to his aid a nutritious tonic and remedy like the Johann Hoff's Malt Extract, which will act not only as a tonic, but as a nutrient as well, and which is less exciting than wine as a stimulant."

Be sure to obtain the genuine, which has the signature of "Johann Hoff" on the neck of every bottle.

EISNER & MENDELSON CO., Sole Agents, New York.

LARGEST AND FINEST STOCK OF MILLINERY

Ever displayed in this city, at our fall opening, Sept. 23 and 24.

S. DREYFUS,
524 Adams street.

CARPETS——CARPETS.

We carry all well known makes—every pattern new. We have many exclusive designs. Do not make a selection before seeing our collection.

NEUHAUSEL BROS.

One of the many pleasant stories now coming out regarding Whittier relates to a visitor at Oak Knoll who indulged in more or less praise of his work, and added that in the speaker's estimation "Hannah Binding Shoes" was his best poem. Thereupon Whittier spoke highly of the verses himself. "After exhibiting an amount of interest therein," says the Boston Advertiser, "surprising to the visitor, who had heard that Whittier was modest about his poetry, the poet called in Miss Lucy Larcom, who chanced to be a visitor in the house, and said, 'Thee would like to meet the author of "Hannah Binding Shoes,"' and introduced her."

Take Simmons Liver Regulator for dyspepsia, biliousness or headache.

Lace Curtains and Draperies. Pleasing effects—we can please you.

NEUHAUSEL BROS.

FREMONT FAIR.

September 27, 28, 29 and 30.

Bicycle race, 1 mile; purse $25.
2:38 trot; purse $200.
2:30 trot; purse $250.
Free-for-All trot; purse $300.
Free-for-All pace; purse $300.
Entries close Saturday, Sept. 24.
Records since Sept. 1. No bar.
Entrance fee 10 per cent.

W. W. HART, Secretary.

Heavily loaded teams on the road find it easier to strike a trot on a smooth road on a down incline than to walk at a good gait for a distance. It relaxes the muscles that are brought into use in walking.

If you want to enjoy your meals strengthen your digestion with Simmons Liver Regulator.

LARGEST AND FINEST STOCK OF MILLINERY

Ever displayed in this city, at our fall opening, Friday and Saturday, Sept. 23 and 24.

S. DREYFUS,
524 Adams street.

One million dollars in gold coin would weigh 3,085 pounds. The same amount of silver coins would weigh 58,959 pounds.

NEW MILLINERY | A. V. IRVINE & CO., 306 Summit st.

There are said to be over 23,000 Indians in the United States who can read English, and over 10,000 who can read Indian languages.

Seven of the 15 revolutionary widows in the United States live in one Tennessee pension district, and four of them bear the good old name of Nancy.

TYPOGRAPHICAL UNION

No 63 Declares the Commercial a Fair Office.

A Special Session Held Last Evening to Consider the Matter—Mr. Kraus' Record.

No definite action wa taken by Typographical union on the trouble existing between the former employes of the Commercial and the foreman, at th eSunday afternoon session, and the meeting adjourned to last evening, when another special session was held, and the matter fully considered, the conclusion of the deliberations being that the men had no cause for quiting, and that the shop be declared fair, leaving the foreman's case in the hands of the Cleveland union, of which Mr. Kraus was a former member.

In 1879 Mr. Kraus came to Toledo, bringing with him a union card, but as there was no union here at that time, he could not deposit it.

The union was reorganized in 1880, but by that time Mr. Kraus had left the printing business, and stayed out for several years. When he again took up the trade, he was in an office where no questions were asked, the employes could carry cards or not, they pleased, and he neglected attending to the matter of renewing his membership.

At the time of the trouble, however, he carried a permit that was as good as any working card carried by any member, and they were warned beforehand by the president of 63, that they had no legal right to quit, and that he would endeavor to fill the office with union men if they insisted on doing so.

After the trouble they stated that they had quit as individuals, not as union men, and the union decided they had nothing to do with personal grievances.

The office was declared fair, and the case of the foreman referred to the Cleveland union.

MUSIC AND FUN.

The Week's Bill for Amusement Lovers.

"Aunt Bridget's Baby" is a Good Thing—Wonderland—Coming Attractions.

George W. Monroe and his excellent company presented "Aunt Bridget's Baby" before a large and delighted audience at the People's Theater last evening. Monroe needs no introduction, as his character of "Aunt Bridget" is well known over the whole country. This season he sparkles forth in a new setting. The piece is of the same order as "My Aunt Bridget," with changes of scene and dialogue and many improvements.

Monroe was as funny as ever and his comical eccentricities and songs kept the house in a constant roar of laughter and applause. In these efforts he was well seconded by T. J. Ryan as "Owen McFee," and his songs and dances also made a hit.

Warwick Ganor, who played Capt. Astoroid, has a fine baritone voice and his selections were a treat.

There are plenty of pretty girls with good voices and pleasing presence, and Miss Nellie Rosebud, the bright little soubreete in the part of Splinters, Aunt Bridget's baby, fairly captivated the audience with her fetching style and bright songs and dances.

The balance of the company, which is very large, is far above the average and made a magnificent showing in the numerous choruses.

They will hold the boards at the People's all week and will draw big houses.

Wonderland.

Yesterday opened what is destined to be a star week at Wonderland, and there were plenty of visitors both in the afternoon and evening. An excellent stage performance is given in the cosy theater, headed by Harry Bickley and George Barron, two young English song and dance artists. They are typical English variety people, and with songs, dances and musical duets they are a whole show in themselves.

Then there was Tom McIntosh, who is one of the best black face comedians that has been seen here for a long time, not excepting the excellent minstrel organizations.

Stuart, the male Patti, is far ahead of many female concert hall singers, and he makes a handsome appearing young lady. The act of Master Eddie Abbott, the boy magician, was very good, and he showed an extraordinary skill in his art for a youngster.

In the curio hall, Mahomet, the wonderful trained horse, leads the attractions and his performance is marvelous. Other attractions are Young's mechanical orchestra, the young Langan musical artists, and Gumbi, who carves curious things from peach stones.

Jane.

The gingery comedy, "Jane," the success of which was very marked during an engagement here last season, will be revived at the Wheeler opera house Monday evening. The title part will be played by Miss Grace Sherwood, who has come into sudden prominence through taking the place of the quarantined Johnstone Bennett, the original of "Jane" in this country. This comedy abounds in sparkling lines and funny situations, and is really one of the most amusing conceits of the hour.

The Wilburs.

The popular Wilbur Opera company, with the same excellent cast of people so well known in Toledo, will be at the People's Theater all of next week and during the engagement will present the Black Hussar, Boccacia, Clover, Dorothy, Royal Middy and Falka.

Cloaks! Cloaks!

We cannot begin to tell you all we have in this line. Come and see for yourselves. No trouble to show our garments.

Sanborn & Company,
403 Adams street.

We claim the best assorted stock of Dress Goods. Entire stock is new. Prices always right.

NEUHAUSEL BROS.

FILLED FULL OF SHOT.

A St. Louis Man Makes Short Work of a Burglar.

St. Louis, SCept. 20.—Last night Wilbur F. Warner, living at Kirkwood, a suburb of this city, emptied the contents of a shotgun into the breast of a burglar wh ohad ransacked his dwelling and who was attempting to re-enter the house. On finding himself mortally wounded the burglar drew his revolver and fired a bullet into his brain, dying almost instantly. He was identified as a man named Hall, living in the neighborhood, who had hitherto borne a good reputation

The Toledo Bee

The BEE will give the people all of the news and advertise their wants. Having a circulation much greater than any other Toledo daily paper it is much the best advertising medium. It secures quicker and better returns. Consult your interests by advertising in the BEE when you want anything or have anything to sell.

TOLEDO, OHIO, SEPT. 20, 1892.

MALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED—BOY AT 152 HAMILTON street to work at painting. 16sept3

WANTED—GERMAN BOY, 14 TO 16 years old, to learn type setting and the printing business. Must read German manuscript. Toledo Volksfreund, 406 Adams st. 14sep3

WANTED—GOOD BOY TO GO OUT OF the city and take care of horses cow and yard. Apply at 2872 Cherry street. J. G. Hickox. 17sept2

WANTED—MAN TO TAKE THE MANagement of permanent branch for established Chicago house; will pay all expenses and $125 per month salary; also percentage on all business done; must invest $1,500 in stock of goods to be carried and must give entire attention to business. Horace Emmins, 605 Home Insurance Building, Chicago, Ill.

WANTED — FIFTY GENTLEMANLY clerks to sell clothing, etc., at the Great Railroad Wreck. Call from 8:30 a. m. to 12 m at 113 St. Clair street, next door to Wheeler Opera House. 12sept-tf

WANTED—STEADY BOY. CALL IMMEdiately at 1503 Adams. 256

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

WANTE—A GIRL FOR GENERAL housework in a family of three; 547 Bartlett street, cor. Wheeler. 14sep3

WANTED — A GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; apply at 2115 Franklin ave. 14sep3

WANTED—FOUR GOOD MILLINERY apprentices; none but those wanting to learn the business need apply; C. A. Harley & Co.

WANTED—A WASH WOMAN AT HOtel Lalond, cor. Lafayette and St. Clair sts. 14sep3

WANTED—EXPERIENCED GIRL FOR general housework; no washing. Mrs. E. B. Hall, No. 1037 West Woodruff ave. 16sept3

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework, out of the city. Apply to Mrs. E. Reed, 2872 Cherry street. 16sept6

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework in family of three; no washing; must bring good references. Mrs. Geo. H. Beckwith, 228 18th street. 16sept3

WANTED—A LADY FIFTY YEARS OF age desires a situation as companion to invalid or lonely lady, or to care for an infant. Address A. R., 832 Hicks street. 17sept3

WANTED—A GIRL TO DO THE WORK of the dining room; one who is not afraid to work. Address 707 Madison street. 17sept3

WANTED—TWO APPRENTICE GIRLS at 341 Summit street. 17sept3

WANTED—A COMPETENT STEWARD to take charge of a Catholic Club House. Address with references, J. A. Duffy, No. 26 and 27 Bee Building, Toledo, O. 17sept3

WANTED—COOK AT 331 18TH STREET, Mrs. J. T. Coghlin. 17sep6

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED NURSE girl; reference required. 1315 Adams street. 17sep.3

WANTED—A COMPETENT GIRL FOR 17sept3

WANTED—A GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; one that is a competent cook; references. Apply evenings at 1301 Madison street. 17sept3

WANTED—COOK—WITH RECOMMENdations. Apply to Mrs. Geo. H. Ketcham, corner Madison and Eleventh, at once; German girl preferred. 16sept-tf

WANTED—EXPERIENCED GIRL FOR second work. Mrs. F. B. Dodge, 1130 Huron street. 15sept3

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED SKIRT trimmer at 733 Summit street. 256

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; good wages. Apply at 1459 Huron street. 17sept3

WANTED—SECOND GIRL, GERMAN preferred. Apply to Mrs. Geo. H. Ketcham, corner Madison and Eleventh; must have recommendations. 16sept-tf

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework; Mrs. R. Law, 1231 Huron st. 256

WANTED—FOUR GIRLS TO WORK IN restaurant. Apply Conway's Restaurant, 413 Summit street. 15sept3p

WANTED—A GIRL FOR GENERAL housework at 324 Michigan street. 15sept3

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

WANTED—WORK BY DAY OR WEEK at house-cleaning; address 965 Harppel st., East Toledo. 14sep3

WANTED—A POSITION AS HOUSEkeeper by a middle-aged German woman, or to do general housework in a small family. Address J. 43, Bee office. 16sep3

A MIDDLE-AGED WOMAN, COMPEtent, educated, refined and companionable, not afraid to perform duties in keeping with position of house manager in a respectable family, desires such a place. Whosoever wants one such will address P. O. Box 238, Toledo, O. 16sept3

WANTED—PLAIN SEWING OR FAMILY mending. Call or address Emma Prosser, 1048, corner of Oak and 11th. 16sep3

WANTED—PLAIN SEWING. CALL ON or address Mrs. A. H. Guilteau, Room 16, Trinity Block. 17sept3

WANTED—POSITION—A YOUNG MAN of 18 wishes a position of any kind; willing to work hard; can come recommended. Address J. 45, Bee office. 16sep3

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE LADY, sweeping and cleaning by the day or hour; best of reference given. Address J. 40, Bee office. 15sep3

A GENTLEMAN WANTS AN EMPLOYment in grocery or as traveling agent; address John Barr, Munch hotel, East Side. 14sep3

WANTED—SITUATION—BY A BOY 17 years old, to do any kind of work; has had experience with horses and grocery. Address Frank Patton, J 38. 14sep3

WANTED—A SITUATION TO DO GENeral housework; call 2052 Canton ave. 14sep3

FOR RENT—HOUSES.

FOR RENT—ABOUT OCT. 1ST, A NICE residence on Hewey street, directly in rear of mine; price $25 per month. Isaac D. Smead. 29aug-tf

FOR RENT—NEW HOUSE ON INDIANA avenue, 7 rooms, cellar, well and cistern water, in good neighborhood. C. Peck, No. 9 Michigan street, near Washington. 15sept3p

FOR RENT — NICELY FURNISHED front room, suitable for one or two gentlemen, at 415 10th street. Enquire at 1116 Adams street. 10sept6p

FOR RENT—DWELLING 807 ELM ST., 7 rooms. Enquire at 312 Orange or 1712 Madison street. 13sept4p

FOR RENT—TWO STORY BRICK house nine rooms, Indiana avenue, near Lenk street, with every facility, water, gas and street car service; rent low to a good and careful tenant. Apply 629 Indiana avenue, west of Lenk. 3sept-tf

FOR RENT—LARGE BRICK HOUSE OF ten rooms; water, gas, and natural gas connections. No. 1818 Adams street; rent $33.33 per month; key at Drug Store corner Adams and Warren streets. D. C. Hart, Agent. 30aug-tf

WANTED—TO EXCHANGE.

WANTED—TO EXCHANGE—TWO NEW cottages on East Side for good building lot on west side of river; cottages rented. Address J. 47, Bee office. 17sept6

ROOMS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—SIX ROOMS OVER 1538 Broadway, near South street, all in good repair, $10 per month. Enquire at Chase-Isherwood Co., 16 to 20 Broadway. 15sep 3p

FOR RENT—PLEASANT FURNISHED room suitable for a gentleman, with board; also a few table boarders can be accommodated, at reasonable price, at 322 Michigan street, opposite High School Building. 15sept3

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS WITH board; price reasonable; gentleman preferred; call 525 Locust st. 14sep6p

ROOM AND BOARD AT HOTEL MADison $35.00 per month. 14sep3

FOR RENT—AN ELEGANT SUIT OF rooms at Hotel Madison. 14sep3

FOR RENT—NICELY FURNISHED room with educated German family; all improvements; home comforts; pleasant location; references exchanged. Address J. 46, Bee office. 17sept-tf

FOR RENT—GOOD SLEEPING ROOMS, to gentlemen only, over Conway's Restaurant, 413 Summit street. 17sep.6p

FOR RENT—UNFURNISHED ROOMS—Suitable for light housekeeping; hot and cold water on same floor, also bath; every convenience; Superior street, 10 minutes' walk from Summit street; inquire at 331 Huron st. 14sep6p

FOR RENT—ELEGANTLY FURNISHED front rooms for gentleman only, at 712 Madison street, next door to Madison hotel; use of bath room. 14sep6p

ROOMS FOR RENT IN THE BRICK house corner Stickney and Huron; all conveniences, with natural gas, well, fitted for light housekeeping. Inquire on premises, No. 1547 Huron; will rent furnished or unfurnished; rent reasonable. 13sept5p

FOR RENT—TWO FURNISHED ROOMS suitable for light housekeeping; also front room with bay window; single rooms $1 and $1.25 per week; bath and all conveniences. 28 Ontario street. 10sept6p

FOR RENT—NICELY FURNISHED room, bath, etc.; all modern conveniences, for gentleman only. Appiy 917 Madison. 7sept-tf

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—CHEAP—MY 8-ROOM, TWOstory frame residence on Oakwood avenue, near Collingwood and Monroe street; possession given immediately. Henry Neills, at The Model Clothing House. 9sept6

FOR SALE—TWO LOTS ON THE EAST Side on East Broadway, nicely located and at a reasonable price. Enquire at Cigar Store 1005 Summit street. 17sept6p

FOR SALE—CIGAR, CANDY AND NEWS store; good stand; and house and lot on Forrer street; lot 50x140; must be sold, as party leaves city. Address 1215 Broadway. 17sept2p

FOR SALE—SALOON IN CENTER OF town doing good business, cheap. Enquire of Peter J. Mettler. 16sept3p

FOR SALE—AT A BARGAIN—WE ARE authorized to sell 60 feet on Washington street, near Wells, for $20 per foot. Chas. J. Kirschner & Co. 13sept12

FOR SALE—HIGH GRADE, CUSHION tire safety bicycle, suitable for lady or gentleman; cheap if taken at once; used only one season. Call or address 116 North Erie street. 13sept6p

FOR SALE—$20,000 STOCK OF THE Findlay Brewing Co. Enquire of M. M. Epstein, 1014 Superior street. 19aug-tf

FOR SALE—SECOND HAND, TWOseated buggy; will be sold at a sacrifice, owner having no use for it; also a delivery wagon. Can be seen at John Spohn's paint shop, 25 Erie, between Monroe and Washington st. 14sep6

FOR SALE—CHEAP—AN 8-ROOM, TWOstory frame dwelling, nearly new; good well, cistern, natural gas, etc., on Oakwood avenue, near Collingwood. Inquire of John S. Kountz, No. 12, Produce Exchange. 13sept12p

FOR SALE—ONE HORSE, ONE JERsey cow and one Bermuda cow; will sell cheap to reduce stock. Mrs. F. B. Dodge, 1130 Huron street. 15sept10p

GUN—A FINE 10 GUAGE GUN FOR sale; no time to use it. Address J. 42, Bee office. 15sep6p

FOR SALE—TWO OR THREE HORSES, cheap for cash. Call at 612 Monroe street. 13sept6p

FOR SALE—THREE LOTS ON MAPLEwood, on the west side, between Virginia street and Delaware avenue. Enquire B. F. Wade, St. Clair street. 20july-tf

FOR SALE—THE ELEGANT RESIdence on the corner of 22nd and Madison streets, lately the home of M. J. Enright. Enquire of Scribner & Hurd. 22aug-tf

FARM LANDS, IMPROVED AND UNimproved, for sale in Hancock, Wood, Ottawa and Henry counties, Ohio, and Lenawee county, Michigan, in lots to suit, and at reasonable terms. The Dewey Stave Company, Room 48, St. Clair Building, Toledo, Ohio. 6aprlyr

AGENTS WANTED.

$12 TO $15 PER DAY AT HOME selling Lightning Plater and plating jewelry, watches, tableware, etc. Plates the finest of jewelry good as new, on all kinds of metal with gold, silver, or nickel. No experience. No capital. Every house has goods needing plating. H. K. Delno & Co., Columbus, O 11jun12sats

AGENTS WANTED TO TAKE ORDERS; salary or commission; steady work; prompt pay. Write Ellwanger & Barry, Mount Hope Nurseries, Rochester, N. Y. 22july-to-Oct-10

WANTED—LOCAL AND TRAVELING salesmen to sell our choice nursery stock. All stock guaranteed; good salaries paid weekly. Write for terms to G. L. Knight & Co., Rochester, N. Y. 15sept2m-p

WANTED—TWO ACTIVE, ENERGETIC female agents to sell an article that ladies need. You can make big pay for light work. Room 6, 419 Madison street, Dr. C. G. Clark. 13sept-tf

WANTED—A RELIABLE PERSON TO take the agency in their town for one of the best paying articles on the market. Retails for 25 cents. Pays 100 per cent. profit. Sells to every family. Inclose stamp. Robert S. West, Cleveland, O. 10sept6p

TWO OR THREE HONEST AND CAPAble men to sell our goods in the city. Men out of work, with some experience as canvassers, will find this a job that will pay good wages. C. F. Adams Co., W. F. Adams, manager, 424 Adams street. 10sept6p

MONEY TO LOAN.

MONEY TO LOAN ON FARM AND CITY property at six, seven and eight per cent. S. G. Southard, Room 11, Gardner Place, corner Superior and Madison. 27febly

WANTED—TO BORROW $600 FOR 3 years on first-class real estate by a workingman. Address J. 41, care Bee. 15sept2p

MONEY TO LOAN ON REAL ESTATE, from one to ten years; interest payable annually, with privilege of paying any part or all of the principle at any time. For further information call on or address, L. Vanderburg, 37 Chamber of Commerce, Toledo, Ohio. 3sep1m-p

MONEY TO LOAN—IF YOU WANT $25 to $500 on chattel mortgage, I will negotiate such loans on fair terms. M. O. Waggoner, office and residence, 613 Madison street. 24octlyr

MONEY TO LOAN—IF YOU WANT money come direct to me. I will loan you money on household goods, pianos, organs, horses, etc., without removal, and on the most satisfactory terms. Partial payments received reducing cash pro rata. All business strictly confidential. C. R. Lee, 506 Cherry street. 11sep1m-p

MONEY TO LOAN—ON REAL ESTATE only, in large or small amounts at low rate of interest; can arrange to make partial payments if desired. 512 Madison street. T. S. Merrill. 30aug1yr

MONEY TO LOAN ON HOUSEHOLD goods, pianos, horses, wagons, etc., without removal; partial payments received reducing cost pro rata; all business strictly confidential. Croft, Room 2, Worthington Block, Adams and Superior streets. 16may-tf

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—ON SUMMIT STREET, PACKAGE containing figured silk, etc. Please leave at Room 4, Produce Exchange. 15sept2p

LATE ADVERTISEMENTS.

DR. WM. T. ROWSEY'S COUGH CURE, 25c per bottle; Dr. Wm. T. Rowsey's Whooping Cough Remedy, 50c per bottle. By all druggists. Walding, Kinnan & Marvin, West & Truax, wholesale druggists, Toledo, O. 16sept-tf

FOUND—A HOUND, ON AUGUST 29TH. Owner can have by proving and paying charges. Enquire of Mike Bresnehan, West Bancroft street, Auburndale. 19sept6p

FOR RENT—ONE FRONT ROOM ON first floor, well furnished. Call 223 Erie. 19sept-tf

FOR RENT—DESIRABLE, WELL FURnished room; all the conveniences; good neighborhood; five minutes from postoffice; suitable for one or two gentlemen; references required. Enquire at 121 10th street. 19sept-tf

WANTED—SITUATION AS BOOKKEEPer, assistant bookkeeper or to do any kind of office work. Address J. 51, care Bee. 19sept3

WANTED—AT ONCE—50 MEN IN HOLland, O., stone quarries. Apply to H. J. Morse, superintendent, on premises; steady work for good men; none others wanted. The Cleveland Sand Co. 19sep6p

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework at 324 22d street, between Madison and Adams streets. 19sep6

WANTED—AT HOTEL MADISON, ONE bell boy and one elevator boy. 19sept-tf

SITUATION WANTED BY A YOUNG man, in grocery or boot and shoe store; references and bond. Address J. 52, Bee office. 19sept3

WANTED—BARBER—A FIRST CLASS sober barber, at once. H. W. Billing, 133 St. Clair street, Toledo, O. 19sept3

YOUNG LADY WANTS TO DO SEWING in a family, 75c per day. Address 908 11th street. 19sept3

WANTED—25 TEAMS MONDAY MORNing at 416 Water street, to haul sand; will pay $3.50 per day. P. & T. Degnan. 19sept-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

WANTED — COTTAGE OR SMALL house; must be in good repair and good neighborhood, not far from business center. Address V., care Bee. 10sept-tf

DRESSMAKING—MISS KATE HERMAN and Mrs. B. Uhl have opened fashionable dressmaking parlors at 116 North Erie st. Please give them a call. 14sep6p

BRICK CISTERNS BUILT AND REpaired; also wells and cisterns cleaned. Orders promptly filled; all work warranted. Address Geo. W. Wright & Co., 33 Law Building. 17sept7p

LADIES, COME IN AND SEE OUR house slippers for comfort and good wear, at 50c, 65c, 75c and 85c. Egley's, 117 Summit. 16sep3

MEN'S HOB-NAILED SHOES BELOW cost, $1, at Egley's, 117 Summit street. 16sept3

MEN'S RUBBER BOOTS, $2; BOYS' rubber boots, $1.50. Bargains in rubber boots at Egley's, 117 Summit. 16sep3

LADIES' FINE SHOES, ALL SIZES AND all widths. We can fit all feet. Ladies' fine shoes, sizes 2 1-2 to 10, EE last, at Egley's, 117 Sumit. 16sept3

MEN'S CALF BOOTS, THE LARGEST stock and the lowest prices. They are all included in the reduction sale at H. Egley's, 117 Summit, between Monroe and Jefferson. 16sep3

MEN'S AND BOYS' SHOES LESS THAN cost at Egley's Reduction Sale, 117 Summit. 16sept3

GOULD BROS., OPTICIANS, GIVE special attention to examining eyes of children for spectacles; no experimenting or guess work. Boody House Block, next door to church. 12sept6p

THE AUBURNDALE REAL ESTATE office is now located opposite the postoffice, where I am better prepared than ever to show Auburndale property. John T. Kellogg, Auburndale, Ohio. 12auglm-p

FIRE, ACCIDENT AND PLATE GLASS insurance and real estate. Phone 1288. C. C. & H. H. ("Bert") Dawson, 2 New Bee Building, first floor. 3dec-tf

STATES & THOMAN, ARCHITECTS. Room 13, Adams Block, corner Adams and St. Clair streets. Plans and specifications and details furnished on short notice. June-29-to-Jan-15-'93

STORY OF A SKULL.

No Affidavit as to Its Truthfulness Is Deemed Necessary.

A skeleton in the office of the Vienna Progress, a doctor's stratagem, and a frightened editor. Dr. W. S. Howell, brother of the editor of the Progress, had this skeleton in a box. One day he pulled out the ugly, ghastly grinning skull and began to hand it around. Finally he decided that he wanted that skull opened so that he could study the inside structure. There being several seams in the skull he decided to fill the skull with peas and soak them in water, thinking that they would force the seams apart. He asked the editor to help him, and the latter poured peas and water into the hollow bone and corked up the eye and nose holes to keep them from running out.

Some time after, the editor was startled to see that the peas had sprouted in the skull, and the vines were of most wonderful growth. Out of the hole where the backbone is jointed to the neck an army of little vines had grown, and by some unknown instinctive power they had twined in and through all the bones of that body. The young tendrils had wrapped around the stovepipe and table legs, and the whole skeleton had been reared upright in the middle of the room. From the nostrils and eyes vines were streaming that had clustered around and upon the presses, stand and tables, and from each joint hung a pod in the likeness of a small skull, the exact counterpart of the large one.

It is rumored that when the editor beheld these things he left the office by the window route, and the skeleton is still in full editorial control.—Atlanta Constitution.

MENTAL TELEGRAPHY.

How a Commercial Traveler Talks With His Wife Every Night.

"I write no letters to my wife when I am away and I get none from her," said Walter Kipling, a commercial traveler, to a St. Louis Globe-Democrat man. "Correspondence by mail is too slow and telegraphing costs too much money. We have hit upon a plan that saves stamps and telegraph tolls and is much more satisfactory. No matter what part of the world I am in I go home at 10 o'clock every night and remain half an hour, sometimes longer. How do I manage it? Easy enough. At that hour my wife goes into the sitting-room, closes the doors, places two easy chairs vis-a-vis, sits down in one, closes her eyes, and concentrates her thoughts upon me. I go to my room at the hotel, turn out the light, close my eyes, concentrate my thoughts upon my home and especially my wife, and presto! I occupy the easy chair in our little sitting-room directly in front of her. A perfectly intelligent conversation ensues between us, although not a word is spoken. She tells me how things are going on at home, whether the children are well, about her own health, which has been delicate for years, her trials, hopes and fears. We have had this mental telegraph in successful operation for two years past and the service is constantly growing better and more satisfactory. We have verified its accuracy a thousand times and rely upon it as implicitly as others do on the written page. Neither of us is a spiritualist and we discovered our ability to communicate in this manner purely by accident."

HARVEST EXCURSIONS

Via Wabash Line.

Sept. 27 and Oct. 25 the Wabash railway will sell round trip tickets to points in the west, northwest, south and southwest at half fare. The latter date tickets are only sold to the south and southwest.

For rates and further information call on Boody House Ticket Office, or Wabash Ticket Office, 308 Madison street, Toledo, O.

Thomas Bailey Aldrich's friends have been congratulating him upon his probable association with the Harpers. It has been an open secret in literary circles for a few days that Mr. Aldrich was to have active connection with the magazine. It is not expected that he will take Mr. Curtis' place in the sense of having exactly the relations which Curtis did, but it is probable he will create a new department which will succeed the Easy Chair. For nearly a year when Mr. Curtis was ill Mr. Aldrich wrote the Easy Chair papers.

The Rev. John Medley, D. D., bishop of Fredericton, N. B., and metropolitan of Canada, died a few days ago at the age of 88. He began his career as a preacher in a fishing village of Devonshire, England, and came to New Brunswick in 1845, at the time that that province was set off from the diocese of Nova Scotia and obtained a bishop of its own. His style was admirably adapted to the understanding and hearts of his people, and he is said to have rendered good service to the cause of church architecture and church music.

MADE $500,000 IN NINE MONTHS

Phenomenal Success of An Old Newspaper Man Who Went Into Mining.

Seattle, Sept. 24.—Half a million dollars made in nine months on an investment of $100 is a story that sounds like a Mulhatton tale, and yet it is a simple story that is borne out by fact. Col. I. N. Muncy, a well-known newspaper man on the coast, is the man who has worked the tide of fortune to the extent and manner stated above.

About nine months ago Col. Muncy took hold of a group of five prospect holes a short distance from Osburn, Idaho. All the money he had to invest, according to his own statement made to your correspondent, was $100. All he expected to do was to represent the claims for a year or so in order to ascertain what there was in them. He went to work slowly and cautiously. Not having the money to hire many men, he went into the prospect holes himself with one or two men who were willing to wait for their pay. It was not long before he discovered that he had struck into one of the richest finds in that silver belt.

Three of the prospects showed extraordinary richness of free milling silver ore. They are now known to fame and finance as the Coeur d'Alene, Nellie, the Mineral Point and the Emma. A stock company was organized, the mines were bonded for large amounts, and two of them were subsequently sold for $200,000 each over and above the bonded indebtedness. The others were also sold to eastern capitalists for good sums, and Col. Muncy, who had not more than his weekly salary from some newspaper at any one time in 10 years, was fairly in it. He cleared over $500,000 in the various deals, and is now the general manager of the five mines at a salary of $25 a day.

Now he wears fine clothes and dines at the club, instead of a free lunch counter, when he comes here. The ore from all those mines yields from $50 to $70 per ton net. During the past three weeks there was shipped from the Nellie not less than 450 tons of $70 ore. A railroad has been run in to the mines, reducing the cost of transportation from $6 to 80 cents a ton. A tunnel 1,200 feet in length has been cut into the Nellie since March 1 and a gravity tramway constructed to carry the ore to the bins, and similar work is under way at the other mines. The first carload of ore shipped from the Nellie netted $807 and the first from the Mineral Point $1,393. The old newspaper man is not sorry he forsook his profession and became a miner.

BULL MASTIFF AND SERPENT.

A Desperate Battle in Which the Snake Came Off Only Second Best.

A most exciting fight between a bull mastiff and a snake about four feet five inches long, apparently of the dhamin species, was witnessed early one morning by a number of persons residing in a house in Entally. The gentleman in whose house the occurrence took place keeps a large poultry yard, and the snake, intending, no doubt, to make a meal of one of the fowls or ducks, was stealthily crawling into the yard, when the birds, scenting an enemy, began to crow and cackle and flutter about in their alarm. The snake had just caught a duck, when the bull mastiff, attracted by the noise, running to the spot, sprang upon the snake and seized it close to the head. Acting on the defensive now, the snake released the duck, and, coiling itself around its antagonist, endeavored to crush it. It compelled the dog to roll over, but the latter refused to quit its hold, while with his hind claws he struggled to tear the coils off him. This he partly succeeded in doing and regained his feet, but the reptile once more coiled round him, and it appeared now as if the dog would be strangled, the folds of the snake forming a double ring round his neck.

The wriggling of the snake and the frantic struggle of the dog were now almost terrible, and were all the more intensely watched from the fact that no help could be rendered to the plucky dog, who never relaxed his grip. Both combatants rolled over a second time and continued struggling for fully five minutes, while the dog pawed up the ground all round, and at last managed to make a slit about a span long in the skin of the snake by means of his claws. This was the beginning of the end. The dog once more threw off the coils and rose to his feet. Releasing his grip for a moment, he made a dash at the head of the snake and completely crushed it. Having disabled the snake so far, he tore the snake's body till the reptile was disemboweled. After a severe contest, extending over a quarter of an hour, the brave dog gained a complete victory. Strange to relate, the mastiff, with the exception of a large swelling in the inside of his mouth, sustained no injury, and appears to be doing well.—Indian Daily News.

Angostura Bitters make health, and health makes bright, rosy cheeks and happiness. Dr. J. G. B. Siegert & Co., sole manufacturers. Ask your druggist.

WINE-DRINKING RODENTS.

The East Croft's Rats Tap Costly Claret and Get Drunk.

The ship, East Croft, discharging at Union street wharf, has been the scene of wild debauchery during the long voyage from Liverpool to this port. Scarcely a night passed but drunken shrieks could be heard in the forehold, and the antics of the bacchanalians were a source of unceasing disturbance. Yesterday two of them were killed while in a state of beastly intoxication.

Capt. Rimmer insists that he came out with as good a crew as ever trod a deck. This is probably true, but it is doubtful if ever a ship carried as fine a lot of drunken rats as the East Croft. The rodents must have been eating salt horse and exhausted their water supply soon after sailing, for the ship had not been out a fortnight before they broached the casks of wine that formed a portion of the cargo. This broaching was done in the neatest manner imaginable. The thieving tipplers did not take an axe and drive in a bung, but they knawed holes as large as dollar pieces until the wood was as thin as paper in a spot not larger than a pea. Through this thin bibe the wine trickled drop by drop, and the rats guzzled and sozzled by the hour, or until their holding-on capacity was overcome and they fell off their perch. Then they squeaked until partially sober, when they wandered around aimlessly and made things unpleasant. The exact amount of damage done by the drunken rodents has not yet been determined, but one 60-gallon cask of claret hoisted out was short 25 gallons, and two rats were found alongside it so drunk that they could not escape and they were killed with a stick. Sherry, the sailors say, is the favorite tipple of rats, but the East Croft had no sherry in her cargo, so they had to do the best they could on claret invoiced at $2.30 per gallon.—San Francisco Examiner.

Ohio Central Lines for Findlay.
Ohio Central Lines for Fostoria.
Ohio Central Lines for Columbus.
Ohio Central Lines for Athens.
Ohio Central Lines for Middleport.
Ohio Central Lines for Charleston

FOR OVER FIFTY YEARS.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain; cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

FREE DISPENSARY.

Free treatment and medicine will be furnished the sick from 1 to 2 o'clock every afternoon at the Dispensary of the Toledo Medical college, Nos. 511 and 513 Lagrange street.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

OYSTERS AT MEINERT'S.

L. H. Meinert is serving oysters in all styles at his famous lunch and confectionery parlors, corner Summit and Oak streets.

DISSOLUTION NOTICE.

The firm of J. C. Weeber & Co. being dissolved Sept. 1st, 1892, it is necessary that all outstanding accounts be settled within 30 days.

J. C. WEEBER & CO.

The business will be continued by the undersigned at the old stand, 1007 Cherry street, where he will be pleased to meet all his old friends and patrons.

16sept3 J. C. WEEBER.

"Venetian Glass"

A CHOICE ASSORTMENT OF THIS CELEBRATED GLASS, OUR OWN SELECTION IN VENICE THIS SEASON—JUST RECEIVED THROUGH THE DETROIT CUSTOM HOUSE.

THE ATTENTION OF CONNOISSEURS IS INVITED.

WRIGHT, KAY & COMPANY
IMPORTERS OF GEMS AND ART WARE
140 and 142 Woodward Ave., Detroit

ERINKERHOFF SYSTEM

Of Rectal Treatment and Medication Cures PILES WITHOUT PAIN, LIGATURE, KNIFE, CAUTERY, OR DETENTION FROM BUSINESS.

Also cures Rectal Ulceration, the cause of Fistula, Fissure, "Itching Piles" and Consumption. Soreness across the back, low down, constipation or diarrhoea, dull, heavy pains or burning in the rectum, blood or pus on stool, pain in stomach or abdomen and bloating and general prostration warn you.

Send for 58-page book, free, to Dr. Kiskadden, 253 Woodward avenue, Detroit, Mich.

DR. H. S. KISKADDEN

At Toledo, Hotel Madison, every Wednesday, 11 a. m. to 4 p. m.

FOR SALE

Cheap, if Taken at Once.

80 feet on Madison, corner 22nd street; good house, barn, etc. For price call on A. J. J. Machen, 310 Superior street.

Great Bargain—75 feet on Magnolia street; splendid neighborhood, stone pavement, etc. Only $1,500. A. J. J. Machen, 310 Superior street.

15 lots on Fulton street; low price for cash; 2 lots on Machen street; 6 lots on Delaware avenue; 900 feet front north side Boston street; will sell the whole or in lots to suit purchaser, or will exchange property on Boston, Fulton or Collingwood for unincumbered improved city real estate or for stock of dry goods; 10 lots on Central avenue between Cherry and Collingwood; 1 lot 100x300 on Collingwood; 400x200 corner Collingwood and Central avenue; 29 lots on Pratt street, near Wheeling Shop, $10 per foot; lots on Gordon street; 54 feet corner Broadway and Newton street; 2 lots facing east on Fulton between Batavia and Winthrop; 32 acres, Sibkney avenue, near 10-Mile Creek, splendid garden land; 30 acres Washington township, 2-story frame house, barn, orchard, etc., etc., $4,500; lots in Humboldt addition, 50x150, $150 each; 80 acres near Burlingame, Kansas, 17 miles from Topeka, $1,600. Call up Phone 1490 or 310 Superior street.

A. J. J. MACHEN.

None Such CONDENSED Mince Meat

Makes an every-day convenience of an old-time luxury. Pure and wholesome. Prepared with scrupulous care. Highest award at all Pure Food Expositions. Each package makes two large pies. Avoid imitations—and insist on having the NONE SUCH brand.

MERRELL & SOULE, Syracuse, N. Y.

Money Loaned.

(on Real Estate Only.)

Direct to borrower, on improved city or farm property anywhere in North Western Ohio, at 6, 6½ and 7 per cent, according to amounts. No insurance connected with on loans.

F. G. Thomson & Co.,
Mortgage Loans,
331 Superior Street, Toledo, Ohio

$45,000 WORTH OF NEW GOODS

JUST RECEIVED FROM NEW YORK.

CHOICEST PRODUCTS OF THE MARKET.

It is well known that Mr. Mockett is the only Clothier in the city who regularly goes to the market four or five times a year. He is always the first to introduce the new things and latest novelties in the clothing line. Having been associated with the representative clothing houses for the past twenty years, he understands his business. HE IS A CASH BUYER, therefore thoroughly independent in making his selections, and, buying for cash, he gets the benefit of the lowest prices and highest discounts, which those who buy on credit cannot get. Thus he is enabled to sell his goods at the lowest prices, consistent with legitimate business.

DO YOU WANT AN OVERCOAT?

We have just put in stock about $7,000.00 worth of Fall Overcoats all new styles, low prices. The following prices may give you some idea of what you can buy an overcoat for:

Fine Meltons in Brown, Grey and Black,	$ 7 00
Fine Tweeds, Cheviots and Worsteds,	10 00
Tan, Drab, Black and Grey Meltons,	12 00
Stylish Box, Chumley Overcoats,	15 00
Fine Beavers, Meltons and Worsteds (ALL COLORS)	20 00
A Great Line of Imported Overcoats,	25 00

GENTLEMEN—We have no hesitation in saying that you cannot obtain better-fitting Overcoats than we can furnish from the gilt-edged merchant tailors of the city. While to equal ours in Style and Quality the merchant tailors would ask you twice as much as we would. Isn't the difference just as good in your pocket as the other fellow's?

Men's Suits from $5 to $25!
Boys' Suits from $1.50 to $10!

THE LARGEST STOCK IN THE CITY TO PICK FROM.

Full Lines of Men's Furnishings.
Full Lines of Men's Hats and Caps.
Goods Exchanged or Money Refunded.
Prices Warranted on Everything we Sell.

MOCKETT THE CLOTHIER

L. C. FLEMING
DENTIST,
1320 Cherry Street.
Bottom Price and Satisfaction Guaranteed

BISSELL & DODGE,
518 SUMMIT STREET.
ELECTRICAL :: MACHINERY,
Wiring and Supplies, Mill Supplies and Machinery.

Tri-State BUSINESS COLLEGE

153

Students in attendance at the Tri-State to-day (Wednesday, 14th,) compare with others. Best methods, best instructors, the best results. NOT A COMPETENT STUDENT UNEMPLOYED. Night School opens Monday, September 26.

Melchor Bros., Cor. Madison and Summit.

Now on Exhibition and Sale!

We will be pleased to show to our patrons and friends a very complete stock of Curtains, Draperies and Ar Goods, if they will favor us with a call. Remembe our pride is elegant goods at the lowest possible price

GEO. D. SCOTT, Corner Oakwood and Lawrence Aves.

Werum Bros.,
508 ADAMS ST.
Manufacturers of
TRUSSES!

Abdominal and other Supporters, Elastic Stockings, Bandages, Crutches, Shoulder Braces, Syringes, Rubber Goods, etc., etc.

Special appliances manufactured to order.

Trusses, etc., adjusted by an expert who will call at your residence if desired.

HOME-SEEKERS EXCURSION TO KANSAS.

The Wheat Crop of KANSAS for 1892 is the largest ever raised in any state, viz.: 62,500,000 bushels, being one bushel for every man, woman and child in the United States. Some of the heaviest yields are in the fertile ARKANSAS VALLEY. You can purchase some choice quarter sections at reasonable figures, in the heart of the Arkansas Valley wheat belt, by addressing JOHN E. FROST, Land Commissioner A. T. & S. F. R. R., Topeka, Kansas. Ask him for free copy of Kansas folder.

Low-rate excursion tickets can be bought to all Kansas points (as well as Colorado, Utah, Oklahoma, Indian Territory, New Mexico and Texas) on the following dates:

August 30, September 27.

For particulars, address Geo. E. Gilman, Pass. Agent of Sante Fe Route, Detroit, Mich., and be sure that tickets read over that line from Chicago, St. Louis or Kansas City.

THE Stevens Filter Co.'s CHOLERA PREVENTIVES!

It is a fact well known to physicians who are familiar with the history of cholera epidemics of 1835 and 1854, that the disease was peculiarly fatal in the lime stone districts of the country, where the inhabitants drank water from wells. It was proven by a leading physician in a Southern city that not a single family who used filtered cistern or river water suffered from the disease. Health Office Fisher when he advised the citizens of Toledo to quit using well water struck the keynote of cholera sanitation.

All kinds of Filters thoroughly repacked with fresh material. Call Phone 562

We are prepared to furnish our Filters, that have a national reputaton for worth, at low prices and upon easy terms of payment. Call at our works, 322 and 324 Water Street, Toledo, or upon dealers named below.

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The Stollberg & Clapp Co.,	"	E. A. Eversman,	"	S